ARMENIAN PROVERBS IN ENGLISH TRANSLATION



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- 2. Introductory essay on content, origin and the translation of Armenian proverbs.

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Of all the genres of oral tradition, proverbs are among the most popular. They embody the wisdom of an entire linguistic community and the experience, the beliefs and superstitions of many generations. Because they originate from an anonymous, though authoritative source—the nation as a whole—they guide people's destinies as universal lessons of life, commandments, maxims, and advice.

In their spirit, proverbs cross all national boundaries; in their form, they capture the essence of a people both as part of the human family and as a collective "individual," as it were. The many practical uses to which they may be put, has long fascinated the layman and the scholar; hence the rich literature (anthologies, collections, dictionaries, monographs, etc.) of paremiology.¹ Despite the enormous volume of books on proverbs in general, Armenian proverbs have yet to receive their full share of attention on an international level.² The Armenian proverb has played a unique role in the preservation of Armenian culture, yet this unique reflection of a distinctive worldview has hardly broken out of its own community. It is imperative that this enormous fund of ethnographic material be made available to other peoples.

It is not an easy task to write an introduction to a book of this sort, not because the subject cannot speak for itself—it can, with the eloquence of the thousands of years that go into the making of a nation's culture and that elusive quality of "the people." What I would like to convey, apart from my own admiration for the tenacity and creativity of my fellow Armenians, is something of the fascination that others can find in this storehouse of folk wisdom—whether my readers be ethnographers, anthropologists or folklorists, children of the Diaspora, the nostalgic expatriate or the curious student of culture. As for the literary appeal of Armenian proverbs, the translation³ will aim to deliver as much as is humanly possible of their pithiness, punch, and poetry. The reader is invited to browse through this treasury of verbal folklore and to draw parallels with more modern notions governing our lives. The aim of this work is to show the vast potential of the Armenian proverb as a field of study.

On the prospective readership. One of the biggest concerns accompanying the present work was the constant awareness of just how many different backgrounds my readers might have. Will they know Armenian? Will the Armenian reader lean towards East or West Armenian⁴, or some compromise between the two? For obvious reasons, the book is addressed mainly to West Armenians who, as members of the Diaspora, have less access to national folklore. But here too, the question is: Does the reader belong to the older, linguistically and socio-culturally more competent group, or to a younger generation, less experienced in these matters? In order to reach each and every one of these groups, the interests of some had to be inevitably, if only temporarily, shoved aside. For example, in order to explain to the competent Armenian reader the choices I had to make with regard to the language of the proverbs, I have included samples representing various Armenian dialects (pp. xv-xvi) at the risk of trying the patience of an English reader unable to follow, let alone appreciate the discussed linguistic differences. Similarly, to make dialectisms (regional varieties of form) in the proverbs understandable to all Armenian readers, the literary equivalent of some words was added in brackets in the Armenian text. In other cases, the English reader and/or the less informed child of the Diaspora were addressed. Certain Armenian words that do not have English equivalents and are used in the English text have been marked by asterisks and explained in a glossary at the back of the collection (p. 235). As well, short clarifications have been provided in brackets after particularly ambiguous proverbs.

On the spelling and transliteration of Armenian words. The rendering of the pronunciation of many words, both in the Armenian text and the transliteration, has also posed problems, since the existing two versions of Armenian (Western and Eastern) differ as to the pronunciation of a number of consonants. I have based the spelling of certain Turkish loan words on the West Armenian pronunciation. For instance, for the colloquial word [*dard*] or [*derd*] for "worry," which in East Armenian folkloristic literature is presented as $\eta u \rho \eta$, I chose to spell *unupun* or *uspun* to comply with West Armenian standards. This of course may alienate the East Armenian reader. When transliterating Armenian words for the English-speaking reader, however, I have considered both versions of pronunciation. Such is the case with $\eta u u u \eta u$ "knife," [*danak* E / *tanag* W] where the East Armenian pronunciation is in-

dicated by the abbreviation 'E' and the West Armenian by 'W'. In rare cases, I let myself be guided by intuition and chose to give only one, the most common phonetic version. For example, $q_{l}mq$ "Angel of Death" has been transliterated only as [grogh], since this word is so very well established in its East Armenian pronunciation.

It would be a very interesting task in and of itself to give the transliteration of each proverb under each Armenian entry. However, this would go beyond the scope of this anthology and double its volume, since I would have to include for each proverb both Western and Eastern transliterations. Instead, I believe I have reached a more manageable solution by appending the Armenian alphabet twice, with both Western and Eastern reading (see pp. 230-231). This will allow any particularly interested reader, with some effort, to read the Armenian text and/or to get some idea of the poetic structure (rhyme, alliteration, etc.) of the original, as well as to comprehend some of the strategies employed in translation.

On the selection of the proverbs. The present collection does not pretend to be all-inclusive. What it does aim at is a balanced presentation of 2,500 Armenian proverbs from East, West and various dialects. It draws upon my own diverse experience as a child of the Diaspora who then spent almost 30 years in Soviet Armenia. There proverbs were my daily companions.⁵ As a child, my ear was trained in my own proverb-addicted family where West Armenian was cultivated at its best. Later in Armenia, I was lucky enough to be surrounded by people from all walks of life who brought proverbs to life - the man of the soil, the man in the street, and the man of letters (and women too, although proverbs are notoriously old-fashioned in their gender biases in all languages which distinguish gender. Fortunately, the Armenian language does not have a category of gender). I was also fortunate to work with Armenian scholars and benefit from their knowledge of and enthusiasm for Armenian folklore. Among them was Aram Ghanalanian, whose ground-breaking work Цлибшир [Aradzani], the Anthology of Armenian Proverbs (1960)⁶, continues to inspire my scholarly interest.⁷ Ghanalanian's monumental work deserves a broader readership. The anthology presented here draws considerably on his collection, which is based on published and unpublished Armenian proverb collections, on ethnographic and literary journals, on the works of prominent Armenian writers, and on data which he collected himself. A substantial part of my inventory I have selected from Ghanalanian's work that I have supplemented with a great number of proverbs not included in Ghanalanian's collection. They are drawn from my own experience in both Armenian communities before and after the year 1960.

On the arrangement of the Anthology. The traditional organization of proverb collections alphabetically, either by first word or by key word, separates proverbs that are related either thematically or by the messages they carry. For the Armenian reader, this discourages browsing, surely one of the most pleasant ways of acquainting oneself with the genre. For the Englishspeaking reader, alphabetical order in Armenian would be meaningless. In the absence of any better solution, it made sense to me to adopt Ghanalanian's technique of dividing the Armenian proverbs into thematic chapters with each chapter organized by sub-themes. I have, however, refined his technique by creating my own thematic divisions and sub-divisions. This format accommodates a number of proverbs that would otherwise be jumbled in appendices, as they are in Ghanalanian's collection. In sum, there are 11 thematically arranged main headings with 200 sub-headings, and one appendix of unclassifiable proverbs arranged alphabetically.

The first chapter, "Human Relations and the Power of Language" contains proverbs dealing with the complexities of human conduct with respect to friends and enemies, guests, neighbors, as well as the use of language as a tool and/or weapon in these relationships. "Commandments" presents a set of precepts for an ethical and decent life; "Do no wrong" is the keynote of this section. The chapter "Family and Relatives" describes the system of stereotypes that ruled the extended patriarchal family. "Human Character" condemns and ridicules the lowly aspects of the human character and glorifies the "humble," the "diligent," and the "honest," in short, true human nobility. The chapter "Human Nature" describes recurrent patterns of human behavior, emphasizing the decisive role of habit in forming personalities. "States of Being" focuses on various human conditions, circumstances, and predicaments. Of special interest is "Beliefs and Superstitions," which draws out the idiosyncrasies of an ancient Christian belief system founded on pagan soil and surrounded by powerful non-Christian nations. "Country and City" shows the Armenian proverb as most recognizably "Armenian," evoking the climate, history, geography, and landscape of rural and urban Armenia, and its people's nostalgia for a lost paradise. The chapter "Experience, Education, Profession" provides information on the role attributed to nature and nurture, the social environment, education, and work. In the chapter "Injustice, Wealth, and Power," proverbs protest against the unequal distribution of wealth, while showing how the system can be fought or manipulated. The final chapter, "Lessons from Life" summarizes the conclusions that people have drawn from long and recurrent experience. An appendix of miscellaneous proverbs, each standing alone, completes the anthology.



On the language and structure of the Armenian proverbs. Proverbs across languages — as in no other branch of folklore — are known to carry features which make them instantly recognizable as such. The distinct character of proverbs as a genre – their language, content and structure – is known to manifest itself in all languages, yet to do so in a manner very unique to each particular language. The Armenian proverb displays all the features common to proverbs as a universal genre of oral tradition, finding its own, language-specific expression. One of the important features of Armenian proverbs is the great tenacity of their original forms and their ability to preserve those forms. For instance, Armenian proverbs have kept a great deal of their initial regional language while most of the Indo-European languages have recast their popular maxims into a more literary form. Below are some typical examples of proverbs that have retained their original regional features, as identified in Ghanalanian's (1960) collection. Though these features are, of course, lost in translation, I direct my English reader's attention to the considerable geographic scope and diversity:

Punggi Legneli Surgup upp Encymp Uni umuj: (Yerevan) One sweet tongue can fend off a thousand blows of a sword.

Φ*ημ***ι** *δω***ι** *ξ*, *μ***ι***μ***ι** *μημ***ι**: (Kharpert) My stomach is closer to me than my sister's.

*Luhuh q*_{*Inchup*} *umq l'p*_{*I*}*h*: (Lori) *The fearful head survives.*

Ճեղնը կտրած տեղը վէր կ'ընկնէ։ (Karabagh) The branch will fall where it is cut.

Հարիր ասղից մի կացին չ'ըլիլ: (Shulaver) You cannot make an axe from a thousand needles. իմ մեռնելուց խետ, Թող կտրի աղբուր ու գետ։ (Van) After I die, may all rivers and wells run dry.

կնքան մօտ են, որ մէջները ձու դնես՝ կ'եփի։ (Oshakan) They are so close that an egg could cook between them.

7-puhy hhpm, utpuhy hpm, (Mush) Outside it shines, inside it whines.

huntuh mum-houtu n'd hur univ hugut: (Tbilissi) Who can stop the rumors of the people?

As in other forms of oral folklore, Armenian proverbs do not mince words; they are blunt, like the following proverb describing women's ingenuity when it comes to outwitting their husbands:

Կնիկն որ մարդուն խաբել ուղենայ, ասեղը հովանի կ'ընէ։ A wife wanting to cheat on her husband will use a needle for a shield.

Nor are proverbs afraid to call a spade a spade: they can be earthy, at times even scatological:

Պարի ելլողը ոռը պիտի խաղցնէ։ He who gets up to dance, must move his arse.

When complaining about bad luck, people say:

Երկու սափախ քար ուղարկեն մեր քաղաքը, մէկը մեր տունը կու դայ։ If they send two baskets of shit to our city, one will come to our house.

Sexual humor is not absent:

Հատած աղջիկը որ բախտ ունենար, խախտ աւլելուց ճուճ կը դտնէր: If an old maid were lucky enough, she would find a prick while sweeping the floor.

I had originally decided not to include in this collection proverbs containing vulgarisms. However, as my involvement with Armenian proverbs grew, I came to recognize how much color they added to the palette of proverbial expression. Without them, this collection would fail to be a full and accurate presentation of a living colorful oral tradition. Furthermore, in the words of Confucius—himself a master of proverbial expression—"fine words and an insinuating appearance are seldom associated with true virtue."

Many Armenian proverbs exhibit a healthy dose of humor and sarcasm. Note the proverb referring to the joy of recovering something lost, with the implication that the chances of receiving something new are extremely remote:

Uunnewd wązwane fubqwybłe negł b5, 520 (newbyble, dłegłu we qwbłe (new ye) When God wants to make a poor man happy, he makes him lose his donkey and lets him find it again.

This proverb's stoic wit becomes more biting with the following addition:

<u>Even</u> if his donkey returns without the saddle, he will still be happy.

Given their often witty style, Armenian proverbs can be favorite quotations in discourse. Compare the Armenian equivalent of the English proverb "Too many cooks spoil the broth:"

bolden intermeter all marghle lingtons, munitive replice the prime of the second sec

As in other languages, Armenian proverbs are well known for their conciseness, for their capacity to function as mini-texts. They often represent full or elliptic statements expressed in just a few words. What could be more concise than:

Անցուկը մոռցուկ է։ What's over is forgotten.

In fact, Armenian proverbs can be extremely concise, even compared to their counterparts in other Indo-European languages. They make extensive use of economical linguistic forms available in Armenian grammar, such as constructions with participials ending in $-m_{I\!\!\!/}$ and $-m\delta_{I\!\!\!/}$. Compare the correspondence of 4 words in the following Armenian proverb to 13 words in their English translation:

Π*ιquobu ըипղը չпւquobը կը լufn*: He who says what he wants will hear what he does not want. [Message: Curb your tongue!] Along with this kind of brief and highly-structured units, however, there are in Armenian also longer proverbial texts of various sizes and shapes, rarely found in other languages. Many Armenian proverbs carrying segments of direct or reported speech can be readily traced back to narrative structures. They can be frequently derived from historic events, fables, folktales and jokes. Consider the following proverb:

4*ummeti û tuni îs summe, mumig. «Թող երխայ պապոeu հողոeti»:* The cat couldn't catch the mouse; she said, "Let it be a sacrifice for my dead grandfather's soul."

At times, proverbs can carry more than one segment of direct or reported speech. To express, for instance, the injustice existing in this world, and the double-standard society applies to people depending on their wealth, Armenians say:

Some proverbs are strikingly loosely-structured, bearing resemblance to the telling of a short anecdote:

Ճնհղուկն ձմռան ասաց. «Գարունը որ գայ, գուլպայ կը գործեմ»։ Որ եկաւ գարուն, օրեր տաքցան, «Ես ո՞ւր, գուլպան ո՞ւր», ասաց։ In Winter the sparrow said, "When the spring arrives, I will knit some socks." When the spring arrived, he said, "Who am I to knit socks?"

Most typical are, however, dialogue-proverbs, a pair of utterances produced by two different speakers. In most cases, one of the speakers is specified, while the other, an impersonal and anonymous speech partner, stands for an unknown authority, the people as a whole. These are the so-called "dramatized proverbs," consisting of two and even three or four turns which are usually initiated or concluded by "author's" or "narrator's" notes, elucidating the framework of the dialogue and its protagonists. Compare:

Երեխին ասին. «Ինչի՞ ես լալիս»: Ասաւ. «Խօսքս անց է կենում,էնդու Համար»:They asked a child, "Why do you wail?" He replied, "Because that'show my words prevail."[Message: Parents should not overindulge their children.]

Dramatized proverbs can often consist of more than two turns. On making invalid excuses, there are two dialogues consisting of three consecutive utterances:

bulnmhu Հարցուցիи. «Քիթեդ ինչո՞ւ կը վաղէ»: «Ձմեռ է» – ըսшւ: «Քեղ шմшпи шլ ңիտենք, ձմեпи шլ»: They asked the runny nose, "Why is your nose running?" "It's winter," he replied. "We know you in the summer, as well as in the winter."

Shorter and more popular variations with the same message exemplify the thesis that most of the proverbs originate from more extensive tales:

Խլլոտին ցուրտն է մահանա։ For a runny nose, the cold weather is an excuse.

To keep the wording of dramatized proverbs as economical as possible, a different discourse organization is used: introductory clauses are omitted altogether, and the identity of the participants are disclosed from within the miniature dialogue. The number of turns can vary. Some proverbs containing four to five turns are more likely to lack introductory clauses. Compare the following four-turn drama that advises the exploited to have no illusions:

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– Ци инп.// р. ир ириун. в пре щритр диунида, Силрри.
– Кип.шип.и ор:
– Циць цв р.
– Чр ипри/риде:
"Until when will our suffering last, father?"
"Forty days."
"After that?"
"We'll get used to it."
```

However wordy, dramatized proverbs are still perceived by both speaker and listener as a proverb rather than as a story. Such an instance is the following miniature drama. It alludes to the harsh political and economic conditions in which Armenians lived throughout the history of their existance. There, individual lives which are not backed by authority are endangered. This survivalist mentality is disclosed in the dialogue-proverb consisting of three turns:

Մէկի գլուին են իսիել, կանչել է. «Վա՛յ մէջքս»։ Հարցրել են. «Ի՞նչ է եղել մէջքիդ»։ Ասել է. «Թէ մէջքս ուժեղ լինէր, գլուիսս Հո չէին իսիի»։ Somebody was hit on the head; he cried out: "Ouch, my back!" They asked him, "What's wrong with your back?" He said: "If I had a strong back, they wouldn't hit me on my head."

The same narrative proverb can be found more frequently in shorter versions that can be interchangeable with:

9[*phu quipheghu, uneg. «Luí stepu»:* They hit him on the head, he said, "Ouch, my back."

Thus, one can observe a discernible trend towards gradual reduction of direct and reported speech in Armenian proverbs and the development to more conventional statement-like proverbs. As illustrated above, the examples represent various phases of such a development unfolding before the native speaker's eyes. Despite this trend, dialogue proverbs continue to enjoy popularity in Armenian oral tradition and be quoted as stylistic variations to their newer and much shorter counterparts. Such a wealth of forms gives the paremiologist a great opportunity to gain insight into the origin of proverbs.

On international and borrowed proverbs. The content of some Armenian proverbs may seem familiar to the English reader; there are often equivalent proverbs, sometimes even using the same simile and/or the same syntactic structure. Compare:

Armenian: *Punqu untili unt l'unli*: English: *A new broom sweeps clean*.

Other proverbs existing in both Armenian and English use the same simile, but differ slightly in their content:

Armenian: **Ustfu Sung Chur for homenulf**: Every bird belongs to its flock. English: Birds of a feather flock together. Most frequently, the same messages are expressed by different metaphors:

Proverbs with identical or similar messages can be found in many cultures, close and distant:

Armenian: **Q_Iugnų EpEfuujfu ųn-pog teu mup**: If the baby doesn't cry, it doesn't get nursed. German: Hübsch Kind weint nicht, hübsch Kind kriegt nichts. If the pretty child won't cry, the pretty child will get nothing.

Armenian: **β**_{μυμδημ} (μπήθ) ήμηηη ξή μπδιπ.h:</sub> Opportunities cannot be bought with money. Classical Greek: Καιφόν γνώθει. Know your opportunity. [Author: Pittacus, one of the seven sages of ancient Greece]

These are the so called universal or international proverbs, the subject of multilingual proverbial dictionaries and of comparative paremiology. For instance, a proverb underlining the importance of having a trade can be found in many languages:

Armenian: Φε₂ωψ^ˆ (ωρ^ˆεωω) ηρ ψω_j, πυψ^ˆ ψμωηπ-ψ ω: A trade is a golden bracelet.
English: A handful of trade is a handful of gold.
French: Il n'y a si petit métier qui ne nourisse son maître.
German: Handwerk hat goldenen Boden.
Italian: Chi ha un mestiere in man, dappertutto trova pan.
Spanish: El oficial tiene oficio y al.
Russian: Ремесло золотой кормилец.
Lithuanian: Remeslas turi aukso dugna.
Latvian: Amatam zelta pamats.
Estonian: Ametil kuldponi ãll.
Classical Greek: Τό τέχνιον πάσαν γαΐαν τρέφει.
Hungarian: A mesterség aranyat ér.
Turkish: Sanat altın bileziktir.

The list could go on. The international proverbs tend to dominate the proverbial stock of any language. However, each culture can claim some

contribution of its own unique perspective. Armenia is no exception here. Many international proverbs are distinguished by features specific to Armenia's geographical, economic, cultural, and historical identity. Compare:

Ծիրանն իր ծառի տակին վէր կ'ընկնի։ The apricot falls under its tree.

In this proverb, an international proverb theme is expressed with an item of national significance. In this case, the internationally more commonly used word *apple* (compare: *The apple falls under its tree*) is replaced by the more distinctively Armenian fruit *apricot*.⁹

As time-honoured and popular oral expressions, proverbs travel easily between neighboring and even distant communities. Many international proverbs originate from the same source: they can be aphorisms or quotations which may be traced to great thinkers of the past. A quotation originating from Zeno's explanation for why humans are created with two ears but one mouth became a popular proverb:

Διά τοῦτο, εἶπε, δύο ὧτα ἒχουμε, στόμα δέ ἒν, ἵνα πλείω μέν ἀκούωμεν μειόνα δέ λέγουμε. The reason we have two ears and only one mouth is so that we will hear more and speak less.

The same saying, with better rhyming and some additional didactic content, can be found in Armenian:

Երկու ականξ, *մի բերան*, *իմացի'p կսօսքիդ սիրան* (*կարդ*): *Two ears and one mouth, don't be a blabbermouth*. [Lit.: Two ears and one mouth, know when it is your turn to speak.]

There is another category of proverbs, the so-called loan-proverbs, which come about through direct contact with other cultures, be they neighbors, rulers, or trading partners. Proverbs are easily borrowed, adopted, and assimilated. Being popular expressions handed down from mouth to mouth, it is often impossible to trace back their exact origin.

Many cultures living in and around Armenia throughout its long history have obviously influenced the Armenian oral tradition. Some popular Armenian proverbs can be immediately recognized as originating from another language, such as Turkish, Russian, Georgian, Azerbaidjani, Persian, Kurdish, and others. A significant clue in determining the language of origin is the vocabulary used, as well as the items discussed in the text of the proverbs. There are many proverbs in Armenian borrowed from Russian:

Armenian: *Фиңиспрը Чылы 5, Цитпсиб рирбр*: The King is far, God is high. Царь далеко, Бог высоко.

Another proverb of Russian provenance is:

*Utp флղпупсии 51 июи 41 срир*¹⁰ There will be festivities in our street, too. Будет и на нашей улице праздник.

Or: *Uhp pulpt_d'u fl 2mpumulpp lp lp lpup*: There will be a wedding in our backyard, too. [i.e., We too, one day will have happy occasions to celebrate.]

Armenians have a long history of peaceful cohabitation with their immediate Christian neighbors, the Georgians. Since the 5th century A.D., many generations of Armenians have made their homes on Georgian territory. This interaction has led to borrowings at every level of oral tradition, vocabulary in general and proverbial expressions in particular. Consider the following proverb:

Մամի ուղիարը վուրդուն (որդի) կը Հասնի։ The father's unjust actions will pass on to the son.

This proverb is coined in the Armenian dialect of Tbilissi. In addition to the phonetic and morphological markers indicating this dialect, the proverb features two Georgian words: "*dud*" (father) and "*nLn_fuup*" (injustice). In other words, this proverb represents a partial translation of the Georgian text: *Mamis oudiari shvilsa dajemarteba* (Ghanalanian 1960).

Azerbaidjan is another neighbor of Armenia and populations of both countries have shared for centuries not only common territories, but also languages. Hence the flow of proverbial expression from one language to the other. Consider the following:

Прерийни и прери и прери и прери и прери и прерии и пр

This saying, which insists on giving preference to quality over quantity, is a mixture of Azerbaidjanian¹¹ and Armenian words in equal proportions. A closer look at the Azerbaidjanian original *Bir olsoun*, *pir olsoun* shows that

not only the two rhyming Azebaidjanian words *bir* (one) and *pir* (good, fine, fun), but also the entire composition, based on parallelism, has been preserved in the Armenian "translation."

More intriguing are cases of incidental loan-structures captured in a given proverb, which otherwise do not exist in Armenian dialects. Consider the following Armenian dramatized proverb in which the second of the two turns is entirely in Azerbaidjanian:

4 *unnehu supgreghu «Մայրդ է լաև, [44° sujpդ»: Luue «Նա՛օ, uu´o»:* They asked the cat, "Who is better, your father, or your mother?" It said, "Neither he nor she."

Note here that the elliptic clause **(***juio***,** *juio***)** [*na-o*, *na-o*] that imitates the sounds of a cat has a meaning in the Azerbaidjanian language: "Neither he nor she." The saying refers to a choice between two equally worthless options.

The borrowing of words, along with whole structures, can go as far as absorbing the foreign text as a whole. This is seen in a very common "Armenian" proverb, which declares *availability* to be a top priority:

Umper openetic, nomb openetic: Let it be on hand, even if it's just onion.

Another, very remarkable text is the following: **h**[**us hop m**[**p**, **[uopozo**: If there is no (other) solution, you accept it.

This saying, advising people to settle for adverse conditions if there is no other alternative, consists entirely of foreign lexical units. It contains three Azerbaidjanian words (*iladj* "remedy," *yok* "no," *dir* "is") and one Russian word (*xopouro* [*khorosho*] "good," "O.K."). This extraordinary example shows just how much close contact with other cultures can influence an oral tradition. It also shows the arbitrariness of the proverb as a linguistic sign: the relationship between its linguistic presentation and its actual meaning is conventional. Once a proverb has been elevated to the status of proverbiality with a certain message, it will function in a language regardless of its linguistic motivation.

Of all the parallels existing between Armenian proverbial lore and that of other cultures, the Turkish element is the most substantial. For centuries, Armenian populations have been living under Turkish rule on both Armenian and Turkish soil. This has resulted in complete bilingualism for many Armenian communities. In some cases, Turkish as the primary language of communication was imposed by force, to the detriment of the Armenian language. It is therefore not surprising that the practice of writing¹² or even printing Turkish texts for the Armenian readers with Armenian characters was well established as early as the 17th and 18th centuries.¹³ The constant cultural interaction explains the extensive use of words of Turkish origin in various Armenian dialects and subsequently in the Armenian literary language. Hence the abundance of Turkish vocabulary in Armenian proverbs, evidenced in the anthology presented in this book. Many Armenian proverbs were partially or completely coined in Turkish. To judge by content, many proverbs could have originated in either community. Turkish vocabulary does not necessarily indicate Turkish provenance. For instance, a proverb found in Ghanalanian's (1960) collection contains only one Armenian term while the two other terms, are definitely Turkish, lexically and grammatically:

Գինի, էրմենին տինի։ Wine is the Armenian's faith.

Here we have a remarkable case of interlinguistic rhyming or macaronic rhyme¹⁴, whereby the Armenian word gini [gini E / kini W] "wine" is paired with the Turkish *mfuf* [dini] "faith." This proverb, existing only in this bilingual form, may be interpreted in several ways, depending on the speaker and the situation. It may, for instance, express an Armenian's boast or glorification of wine, it may also indicate a Turkish Muslim's prejudice towards imbibing Christians. Such a wide range of interpretations, at times diametrically opposed to each other, prevents us from determining the genesis of this proverb.

Another proverb which serves both communities is doubtless of Armenian origin, despite being cast entirely in Turkish:

Sırtını kürke, kapını Türke alıştırma. Don't let your back get used to a fur, nor your door to a Turk.

This obviously anti-Turkish saying is used to caution against the supposed unreliability of Turks as clients or visitors. It is notable that until recent times it was also cited by some Turkish merchants who preferred to deal with Christians.

Still another current proverb suggests that it was common practice for Armenians to coin some of their proverbs also in Turkish:

*Ունուն պի***թթեր, տինին պիթթեր։** (Turkish: Unun bitti, dinin bitti.) (When) your flour runs out, your faith runs out. [Criticizing lack of ethical principles]

In all likelihood, this proverb goes back to the times when Western missionaries, seeking to convert Armenian Christians from their Apostolic Orthodox faith to Catholicism or Protestantism, would entice the population by distributing flour, rice and other essential foodstuffs. The distinctively Armenian nature of this type of proverbs suggests that the entirely Turkish wording of a proverb does not necessarily indicate Turkish origin.

There is also, however, indisputable evidence testifying to the fact that a great number of Turkish proverbs have penetrated Armenian folklore. Close contacts between the two communities inevitably led to strong sociocultural exchanges, and hence to borrowings on both sides. Many Turkish proverbs used by Armenians have been either rendered ad hoc into Armenian or simply quoted from the Turkish. Turkish sayings are popular to this day among the older generation of Armenians who lived under Turkish rule. To name just two:

Քէօր քէօրէ ձըրթ տէմիչ։ The blind reproached the blind.

Φωρω<u>j</u>ρ վξηξύ, տի<u>i</u><u></u> He who pays the money can blow the horn.

Curiously enough, these Turkish proverbs are also found in an Armenian edition of Turkish proverbs which are printed with Armenian characters.

It is remarkable that even today when Turkish proverbs are used in an otherwise Armenian discourse, it is quite common to cite an introductory formula in Armenian such as: "*As the Turks would say:* …." Frequently, these formulas are anti-Turkish: "*Unlike Turks themselves, their sayings are good:* ….".

There is however a trend to "Armenianize" Turkish proverbs partially or totally. The following proverb, functioning in three versions, represents three different phases of such a development:

1) recited entirely in Turkish:

Eşeği eşeğin yanına bağlarsan, ya tüyünden alır, ya huyundan. If you put two donkeys together, they will learn from each other. [Lit.: If you tie one donkey beside another, it will pick up either some of its shag or its habits.] 2) recited with some Turkish wording:

½½ *h*2*h som lumltu, tu luntu lu unlnph, tu lumuhulõt*: [Lit.: If you tie one donkey beside another, it will pick up either its manners or its character.]

3) recited in a completely "Armenianized" version: **bzu hzh som umutu, umu umuge up unduph, umu umunge**: If you put two donkeys together, they will learn from each other.

In this third variant, the text is entirely Armenian and even has an Armenian rhyme, based however on the nonsense-words *unng* [aŕots] and *umng* [paŕots]. The message is supported by the original Turkish composition, and thus the "nonsensical" Armenianized version is perfectly intelligible.

A great many Turkish proverbs appearing in several Turkish collections have found their place in Ghanalanian's authoritative anthology. Following my own language instinct, as well as my knowledge of proverbs in both languages, I am able to identify with some certainty those proverbs borrowed and translated from Turkish. Some of them are identical in their wording:

Turkish: Ev alma, komşu al. Armenian: **Sn. u ufi qulp, qpuyfi qulp:** Don't buy a house, buy a neighbor.

Turkish: Balık başından kokar. Armenian: **2**mlp: 41mlp: 4p 4mp: The fish starts rotting from its head.

Others appear with slight differences in content:

Turkish: Tencere yuvarlanmış, kapağını bulmuş. The pot has rolled away and found its lid. Armenian: **9**₁*n*pmı functifin, **q**-mmı turnıtifin: The lid has rolled away and found its pot.

Turkish: Ananın bahtı kızına. A mother's fate goes to the daughter. Armenian: **Uop punfum, unglum foufum:** A mother's destiny will be the daughter's settee.

For centuries Armenians have shared with Turks similar living conditions,

and to a certain extent even customs and mentality; thus some Turkish and/or Azerbaidjanian expressions can fit into the general system of ideas of the Armenian community as a whole. The popularity of these borrowed proverbs attests to this fact. However, when proverbs cross linguistic and cultural boundaries, they develop certain new characteristics as they get absorbed into the stock of a particular community. Therefore, however great the impact of other cultures on the Armenian proverbial arsenal, and however numerous loan-proverbs may be, once incorporated into the Armenian oral tradition, they are no longer to be treated as foreign elements.

The question is now: Which part, if any, of the Armenian proverbial arsenal can be then described as distinctively Armenian? Is it possible to single out the "Armenianness" of the Armenian proverb as its crucial component? In the discussions which follow, I will try to delineate some of the particular and distinctive national traits in Armenian proverbs that make them stand out against other, international components. In doing so, I will concentrate on making those distinctive traits accessible to the English-speaking reader.

On the genuinely Armenian content. Most of Armenian proverbs date back to antiquity; they are capsules of condensed history and this often can be reflected in their linguistic presentation. The period from which they originate can be estimated in some cases by their content, vocabulary, archaic style,¹⁵ and names of historic people and places¹⁶ mentioned.

Armenian proverbs reflect centuries of suffering from conquest, invasion, genocide, and natural disasters. This historical dimension is essential to understanding the main ideas expressed in proverbs such as:

ζωյի աչխարհ, վայի աչխարհ: World of Armenians, world of peril.

Հայաստան, որբաստան։ Land of Armenians, land of orphans.

Հ*шјп***L** *орорну Цпмрп***L***Ц ш*: The cradle of the Armenian is crushed.

Without an appreciation of Armenian history, one can hardly grasp the meaning of the $\eta \mu \rho \mu \eta$ [gharip* E / gharib W] or $\eta \mu \nu \rho \mu \rho \rho \eta$ [gharip* E / gharib W] or $\eta \mu \nu \rho \rho \rho \rho$ [pandoukht* E / bantoukhd W], the expatriate, a prominent figure in Armenian folklore. Born of the historical destiny of Armenia, the gharib* was forced to leave his homeland to keep body and soul together abroad. The nostalgia and

poignancy cast by the *gharib's* point of view can be overwhelming:

Ղարիպի Հայը լեղի ա, ջուրը աղու: A gharib's* bread is bitter, his water acrid.

Ղարիպի ուշջը միչտ ետեւն ա: A gharib's* mind is always back home.

Ղարիպի Հալը ղարիպը կ'իմանայ։ Only a gharib* knows how a gharib feels.

Whereas these proverbs refer literally to the devastating events of Armenia's history, to the cruel destiny of her people, others have taken on a figurative meaning. In times of chaos and confusion, Armenians say:

Մայրը զաւակն է ուրացեր։ The mother disclaimed her child.

As Ghanalanian reports, this proverb can be traced back to the tragedy of Persian, Mongol, and other invasions when, as confirmed by historical documents, mothers really had to literally deny the parentage of their children (Ghanalanian 1960). They had to refuse to recognize them as their own off-spring, in order to save them from execution.

Another proverb is rooted in the same confrontation between Armenians and their foreign invaders:

Աչիստոի Խաչիկ, ուտի տաձիկ։ Khachik does the deed, tachik* gets the feed.

The common Armenian male name $h_{m_{2}}h_{4}$ [Khachik], a diminutive of the full name $h_{m_{2}}h_{m_{1}}$ [Khachatour E / Khachadour W] deriving from Arm. $h_{m_{2}}$ [khach] "cross," stands here for the simple Armenian Christian worker, whereas $h_{m_{2}}h_{4}$ [tachik* E / dadjig W] represents the Persian, Arab, Turkish or other foreign exploiter. Today this popular proverb is cited to criticize any kind of human exploitation and any injustice in the sharing of material wealth.

A proverb observing that prosperity and misery can change places in this world, features the name of the legendary Armenian city Ani, the capital of the Royal House of Bagrat (10th-11th centuries). Ani, known for its great medieval architecture and particularly as "the city of 1001 churches," was destroyed and abandoned in the 14th-15th centuries as a result of an earthquake, according to some sources, and/or Tatar invasions, according to others.

Անին չէն, աչխարհն աւեր. Անին աւեր, աչխարհը չէն։ When Ani was prosperous, the world was a desert; now Ani is a desert, the world is prosperous.

Another uniquely Armenian proverb refers to the same legendary city Ani. It harkens back to historical events at the Royal House of Bagrat in the 11th century:

This proverb was coined with reference to the reign of King Gagik II Bagratuni (1042-1045), the last of the Bagratids, who was coronated at the young age of 16. Today existing in a variety of versions with different wording, this high-frequency proverb is used to express skepticism when a person assumes undeserved authority. Here are two examples of this variety:

Ψμ΄_j <u>p</u>Eq[q, Eq, np <u>ξnξq</u> <u>Uμμ'n</u>μ <u>ξ</u>: *I pity you, village, your chief is Samo.* ["Samo," a male name, evidently refers to a minor official.]

Armenia's long history of predominantly rural settlement has saturated her proverbs with rustic themes and imagery harking back to a centuries-long feudal-patriarchal order. This can be a stumbling block to any reader, even of Armenian background, who has not experienced life in the Armenian countryside. Proverbs teem with ancient agricultural tools and their parts such as the *upop* [*aror**] or "plough" and the *dud* [*mach**] or "helm" of an *aror**, and other implements no longer in use:

Ձեռքը մաճին դնողը էլ ետեւ չի նայի, խէ չէ՝ կամ եզը ծուռը կը տանի, կամ արօրը կ'առնի քարին։ He who takes the mach* of the aror* should not look back; otherwise the ox will leave the furrow, or the aror will hit stone.

Proverbs offer us a veritable landscape of Armenian tradition. As in so many other cultures, Armenian proverbs abound in references to beasts of burden. Here, too, we find stereotypes and hierarchies of usefulness:

Բուղէն (ցուլ) նախրի կէսն ա։ The bull is half the herd.

ξδ_μ <u>*p*</u>*tmuμμμμμμμμμμμ*. The goat is a poor man's cow.

Importance and usefulness are not sentimental values; rather they are measured on the very practical scale of what it takes to survive under harsh climatic, and often precarious social or political conditions.

4huu 4ni muu, 2nphu 2tu muu: I would give away my wife, but not my mule.

Other images concern the geography of Armenia, its natural resources, its flora and fauna. Armenia is known for its rocky landscape, and its topo-graphical extremes of mountains and valleys:

Սարը պիտի փլչի, որ ձորը լցուի։ The mountain should come down, for the valley to be filled.

Wherever one looks in the Armenian landscape, one finds dry soil, clay, and stones. Hence, the tremendous number of proverbs containing the word "stone" which can only be understood with these natural conditions in mind:

Հայաստան, քարաստան։ Armenia, land of stones.

There are proverbs of all thematic groups featuring stones, both as a nuisance and as useful construction material. Given this generous range of connotation, stones lend themselves readily to figurative expression. Throughout the ages, Armenian architecture has relied on various kinds of stones and particularly on the volcanic stone IIIII = IOII E / IOII E / IOII E. Stones have served as the basis for many an architectural and sculptural masterpiece. Hence, the metaphoric use of carved stones for valuable people and objects:

Տաչած քարը դետնին չի մնայ։ A polished stone won't remain on the ground.

Although blessed with rivers such as the Arax and its tributaries, Armenia

perennially lacks water for irrigation:

Unephanishing standards and s

In rocky soil, water is always scarce. Irrigation brooks and rills play an immense role in agricultural life:

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As valuable as water and stones may be, however, they represent great danger in natural disasters:

Ջրէն ու քարէն չվախցողը՝ Աստուծմէն չի վախնար: He who does not fear water and stone, does not fear God.

The Armenian landscape has bestowed upon proverbs a preference for certain varieties of trees. Among them we find the poplar, the willow, the stone pine, and many others. Proverbs tend to focus on specific features of these trees. Visual impressions, especially their silhouette, are particularly important. The towering poplar stands for the tall, straight, and proud person. It cannot be bent. It stands also for anything undestructable:

Բարդին կռացնես, քեղ վրայ կ'ընկնի։ If you bend a poplar, it will fall on you.

Unlike the poplar, the willow is pliant and yielding. Hence the saying:

Աչխարհը пւռենու ճիւղ չի չես կարող ուռ ընել, մէջքը փախ[ժել։ The world is not a willow branch; you cannot wrap it around you.

Trees can also symbolize feelings. While the upright and lofty poplar stands for openness, happiness and joy, the willow, with its bending and drooping branches, expresses grief, sorrow and mourning:

Բարդի ծառը կ'երխայ-կու գայ` սիրոյ տէր ի․ ուռի ծառը կ'երխայկու գայ` տարտի տէր ի։ The poplar sways from side to side, love has gripped it; the willow

The poplar sways from side to side, love has gripped it; the willow sways from side to side, grief has gripped it.

Due to the uniqueness of the majestic stone pine, Armenians use it to single out exceptional people:

Ամէն ծառ չամի (սոճի) չի լինի։ Not every tree can call itself a stone pine.

Another proverb on outstanding talents compares the unique individual with Armenia's most beloved landmark, Mt. Ararat, called by Armenians also **Umufu** [Masis]:

Use the second second

This survey is but a modest attempt to give the reader a glimpse into the wealth and special flavor of proverbs that Armenia can indisputably claim as her own.

The Armenian proverb, like the Armenian people, has had to be tough, tart and smart to survive. Today it must also bridge the major divide between the two existing linguistic communities, East and West Armenian. Not only do Armenian proverbs represent both groups, but they have helped to hold together the many regional varieties of Armenian, and thus both to reflect and to promote the rich diversity of this culture.

On the translation of Armenian proverbs into English: Translating folk genres in general and particularly a proverb from one language to another has always been a difficult chore. In order to give new life to the source-proverb in the target language, the ambitious translator has to keep its content as intact and its form as "natural" as possible. Convention has held that when translating a proverb, it is always best to give the equivalent, if any, in the target language. Unfortunately, this has often resulted in robbing the original of its flavor. In order to pass on the distinct national character of Armenian proverbs, I have chosen to translate them as literally as possible, trying to preserve the original figures of speech. Thus, to convey the message "good and bad come together" Armenian has several proverbs with different metaphors, each of which requires separate translation:

Unutug instant durp flug: There are no roses without thorns. **Միսն անոսկոռ չի լինի։** There is no meat without bones.

2*nLfu mmuy hnLf fh lhuh*: Fish do not come without bones.

Ամէն չամիչ կոթ մը ունի։ Every raisin has a stem.

Привар ини Way, **ща у са Star United Sta**

Translation difficulties were encountered on all linguistic levels, but mostly on the lexical level, because of differences in the Armenian and English vocabularies reflecting two distinct socio-cultural backgrounds. While words for *rose*, *fish*, *raisin*, *moon*, and so on, are easily rendered from Armenian into English, as we saw above, many other proverb items defy literal translation. Language-specific differences in kinship terminology can illustrate this problem. In Armenian, for instance, the English *mother-in-law*, corresponds to two words, one for each branch of the family ("wife's mother" or "husband's mother"). The same holds true for *father-in-law* and many inlaws on the vertical and horizontal levels. Even more troublesome are English-Armenian correspondences encountered when *aunts* and *uncles* must be specified as paternal or maternal siblings as well as their spouses. Such problems can only be resolved by indicating the relationship in brackets, which by no means can convey to the English-speaking reader the connotations associated with each of these kinship terms.

Vestiges of cultural stereotypes run through certain thematic groups of proverbs, particularly those concerning everyday and family life. Many of the so-called "family proverbs" are especially striking in this respect, since Armenian culture is very family-oriented (see p. 45-73).

Marriage is a sacred institution: **Umpp nl fufug qnpop bpfugnlib f thund:** Man and wife are matched in heaven.

Therefore, divorce is dreadful and unacceptable: **Uumnuð sur mug, endus-endsur felss sum:** Better God give us death than divorce.

Second marriages are not to be approved: **Bunhu huhu huhumu f:** A second wife is patchwork. Patriarchal values predominate in the description of the old-fashioned Armenian family. Under that system, men and women did not enjoy equal rights, since women were considered dependent on husbands, fathers and brothers. They were underestimated and discriminated against from their earliest days onward. In one proverb, an unknown authority states bluntly:

Snfu Ephne & & A and the English and Shaped and Shaped and Shaped A a

Many family proverbs enshrine scorn, mistrust and abuse of women:

Ψύμως մաղը երկար 5, μεμρή μωρδ: A woman's hair is long, her brain is short.

Consider the following proverb where the allocation of food is used to indicate social discrimination towards women in a patriarchal society:

Swup п. qm 4' п. mfu, Swpufu п. wq 24wu 2 f Swuup: They eat a camel in the house, the daughter-in-law and the daughter won't get any of it.

["Camel" is used hyperbolically for a great amount of food.]

At the same time, however, inequity and judgments are counter-balanced by other proverbs, such as:

Unplot wnplot 5, 54 [fup [d5 npd: A lion is a lion, whether male or female.

Giving birth was a woman's primary function. Therefore, she was expected to produce a child in the first year of marriage, otherwise she had to pack and return to her mother's home. Proverbs demand a more reasonable approach:

Մէկ տարուայ ստերճ կովը չեն մոր[ժի։ They don't slaughter a cow that hasn't calved for a year.

Մէկ տարուայ անպաուղութիւնով ծառը չեն կտրի։ You don't chop down a fruitless tree after one year. Although many of these maxims have lost their importance in modern urbanized regions, they are still very much alive in some rural families even today. Hence, to many Armenians, as members of a linguistic community, old stereotypes are familiar and meaningful. However, for most English readers, many of these stereotypes are foreign and require explanation. Because translation cannot capture the various presuppositions and assumptions underlying all these subtleties, mini-glosses often had to be added in parentheses for clarification.

Many Armenian proverbs describe eating patterns and culinary arts which have existed for centuries in Armenia and, on the whole, have changed little despite rapid technological advances in the modern age. It is obvious that translating the terminology for dishes and their ingredients, as well as the names of distinct utensils and equipment used in their preparation, presented quite a challenge. In some cases, deficiencies in English were amplified by transferring the Armenian word without change into the English text. Such instances were ψ_{II} [pilaf*], ψ_{II} [gata*], $[\partial_n \psi_{II}]$ [toneer*], [unux [lavash*], and other socio-cultural specifics which had to be directly borrowed from Armenian, marked with an asterisk and then explained in a glossary (see pp. 235-236) or, where necessary, in special notes (see pp. 229-231). Compare in the following proverb the name of the fire pit $[\partial_n \psi_{II}]^{17}$. While Armenian possesses the equivalent of the international proverb Strike while the iron is hot, it also has a "national" variant:

Թոնիրը տաք-տաք լաւաչը կողը կը տան։ Slap the lavash* on the sides of the toneer* while it is hot.

Armenian proverbs display the particular passion of the Armenian people to eat and to eat well. Armenian delicacies are encoded in proverbs as graphic images with a certain value. For example, wherever the word *pilaf** appears, it is meant to symbolize something of superior merit. *Pilaf** with lamb, or *pilaf* with chicken serve invariably as an emblem of great luxury:

Пириърт пр Surgurph Surgur, Snrund фрин Цер: When your debt gets up to a thousand, eat pilaf*with chicken. [Expressing the cynicism of a lost cause]

A very popular kind of *pilaf** is the one served with *the* [*cheer**], dried fruit, namely raisins, dried apricots and prunes, fried in butter:

Qhpml thlumt, *4nqhu [dn.ml*: *Pilaf* with cheer*, my heart will cheer.*

However the consumption of selected foods depends on social class:

U*qpump np 4uL q*'*nLmf*, *hu 4uLu f 4hLuuq*, *hu uqpump*: When a poor man eats a chicken, either he or the chicken is sick.

Armenian proverbs discuss a great variety of national foods. They tell us about the different grains which have been used for bread and other basic foodstuffs since ancient times. Here a distinct priority of values and preferences is obvious. Some grains, like wheat, enjoy a better standing than others, like barley. To indicate, for instance, women's important role in the management of a household, Armenians say:

4*iph fung, quiph griph for quiph for quiph for the for any for the for any for the for the*

The hierarchy of bread quality follows that of the various grains used in its making, ranging from the lowest \mathcal{Lupt} [*dshat**], the millet bread, the bread once fed to slaves, over the corn and barley bread to the noble wheat bread. To express, for instance, the absurdity of talking to a fool, Armenians say:

bu qdh 4tm hout tu, tu puplent (ofth) suld flept tu: It's just the same, talking to a dolt or eating a stale dshat*.

In another proverb, barley bread is used as a symbol for poverty:

9-*uph 4ug*, *uppq bpbu*: Barley bread, but a proud face.

The ranking between two sorts of bread is reflected in:

Կորեկի Տախ ուտողը, դարի հաց էլ կ'ուտի։ He who has eaten dshat* of millet will eat barley bread as well.

Unlike millet and barley bread, wheat bread is the variety of eminence, unattainable for the poor:

Bnphuh sug the here, emig gnphuh jupph it munthe hup: We haven't eaten bread of wheat, but we have slept in the straw of wheat. The superiority of wheat bread is emphasized in a dramatized proverb where wheat bread makes fun of the inferior, but boastful barley bread:

9-μηή 4-μης μυμε. «**βωηπτήθ**»: **3-ημί 4-μης μυμε.** «**ζωση θή' μωηπτήη, μη μποηήυ**»: The barley bread said, "I will rise open." The wheat bread said, "Don't open too much, you'll pop."

Another problem for the translator is the semantic volume of the word ζ_{ung} [hats] "bread." It embraces all nourishment or food available for consumption. In Armenia, up to the present, ζ_{ung} nume_l [hats outel E], literally: "to eat bread" means "to have lunch or dinner or a full meal." Similarly, dt_{ug} ζ_{tun} ζ_{ung} l_{tp} [mez het hats ker E], literally: "Eat bread with us," is in Armenia an invitation to join a meal. A comparable expression in English would be "to break bread" with somebody. In the following saying, [hats] "bread" stands for food in general:

<u>k</u>_lh <u>t</u>^u unlhpt^u, <u>t</u>_lh <u>t</u>^u *Lugp***: It's the same tablecloth, the same bread [i.e., food].**

Accordingly, ζ_{ug} $\eta_{u} t_{l}$ [hats dnel E], literally: "to set bread" means "to set the table." These two expressions alternate in two versions of the same proverb, stressing the importance of feasting:

Հաց դրած, բանն անիծած։ The table/bread you set it, the rest, forget it.

A "trap" for the translator was the common word $\eta dulp [dmak^* E / tmag W]$ which is the name for the enormous tail of the sheep most commonly found in Armenia.¹⁸ Due to the amount of lard, its usefulness and well-liked taste in cooking, as well as its impressive appearance, the *dmak** has played an essential role in Armenia. Hence the frequent appearance of *dmak** in Armenian proverbs. A wide-spread proverb used in many versions is:

Աչխարհքը դմակ է, խելօքը դանակ։ The world is a dmak*, the smart person a knife.

This proverb advises people unambiguously to be efficient, sound and active in life. The existing world is compared to a η - μ - μ - μ [dmak E / tmag W] and people to a η - μ - μ - μ [dmak E / tanag W] "knife,"¹⁹ where the comparison is underscored by the near-rhyme. With this proverb people are advised to go
ahead in life, be venturesome, and take advantage of opportunities wherever possible. Another version of the same proverb is even more insistent and forthright:

Աշխարհքը դմակ է, մարդիկը դանակ, հա՛ կտրի, հա՛ ուտի։ The world is a dmak*, and people a knife; keep cutting, keep eating!

Based on the opposition of the metaphors η usual [danak] "knife" vs. η usual [dmak] "fat tail," another proverb portrays the acuteness and suddenness with which sickness arrives, in contrast to its slow and lengthy departure:

Հիւանդու [ժիւնը դանակ-դանակ կու դայ ու դմակ-դմակ կ'եր[ժայ: Sickness comes like a knife and leaves like a dmak*. [i.e., heavy and sluggish].

In many other proverbs, the sheep and their heavy tails stand allegorically for people and the burden they have to carry in life. Acceptance of and adjustment to one's destiny is conveyed in the following proverb:

In another proverb, self-reliance in coping with life is again described in terms of sheep which must carry heavy tails as their inescapable fate:

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The enormous size of this lump of fat dragging behind the animal gives rise to associations, good and bad. Dmak* can be viewed as a means to cover up a blemish:

Հարուստի դմակը մենծ կ'ըլլայ, ամէն պակաս կը ծածկէ: The dmak* of the rich is always big; it covers up all their faults.

In another instance, the *dmak** stands itself for an imperfection which must be hidden. The proverb reprimands arrogant people who criticize others without seeing their own defects:

Դմակաւոր ոչխար ես, քու ետեւը ծածկէ[!]: Being a sheep with a dmak yourself, you'd better cover your own behind. There is a context in which the voluminous *dmak** embodies a source of profit:

If this one word, *dmak**, plays in proverbs upon such a vast range of connotations, the reader can imagine the difficulties encountered in the efforts to make Armenian folklore accessible to a new audience.

There is a great number of words in Armenian proverbs that defy translation. Such a word is the Armenian adjective *usung* [anter E / ander W], derived from the noun *unt*_I [ter E / der W], which is a near-equivalent of the English "Lord," "God," "master," "owner," etc. The noun can also be used metaphorically with the meaning "protector," "guardian," "caretaker," "custodian." etc.²⁰ The adjectival derivation $m un F_{III}$ is based on this metaphoric meaning; along with the negating adjectival prefix *mu*- [an-], it describes something or somebody who lacks a "protector," "guardian," "caretaker," "custodian," etc. Given Armenia's harsh climatic, political and economic conditions, an existence without protection from above is dreadful; uhunkp ("protector-less") people are helpless and destitute and *usung* [anter E / ander W] things are headed for destruction. An essential expression of survivalist mentality, *whint* is a high frequency word in colloquial speech and thus in folklore. The noun *m*_{*I*} and the adjective *m*_{*I*} have penetrated a great number of proverbs emphasizing the importance of care and protection, even for the dead. Below I cite some of these proverbs to illustrate the adjustments that had to be made in order to convey the meaning of the word *usunt*_n:

Տէրաւորին տէրն ա տարել, անտէրին՝ ղէլը։ The protected is carried off by its master; the **unprotected**, by the wolf.

Անտէր ժամին (եկեղեցի) սատանէքը տէր կ'ըլնին։ In an abandoned church, devils take over.

Անտեր մալին (ապրանք) տեր չատ կայ։ Unclaimed goods will be claimed by many.

Using presence, **quarter**, **quarter**, **the unguarded** lamb the wolf will devour.

Մարդասպանի Թուրն անտէր կը մնայ։ A killer's sabre will end up **losing its master**.

Using State without relatives will be buried without tears.

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Անտեր մալը (ապրանք) եաղին (գիչատիչ) կը տանի։ Unattended goods will be taken away by scavengers.

The variety of solutions for the translation of this one adjective alone shows the demands which are made on the translator in cases of lexical deficiencies in the target language.

Notorious stumbling blocks for the translator, prosodic features are the very life-blood of proverbs. Overliteral translation can kill the proverb's display of linguistic ingenuity, just as an overly poetic rendition can be at best artificial, and at worst misunderstood. Nevertheless, if the English-speaking reader is to derive full enjoyment from the Armenian sayings, if they are to be both palatable and memorable, if some of them are to enter into English and be naturalized, and finally, if this collection is to help open Armenian culture to the English-speaking world, some care had to be taken with the packaging—the linguistic presentation of the translations. Hence, no effort has been spared to retain, as far as possible, their rhythm, rhyme and alliteration—in a word, their metric composition. This was a very difficult task, since the preservation of the figurative language in translation was a top priority. Here are some examples which show how the poetic devices, rhythm and rhyme, have been recast:

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Հա՛յ կիտի ստակ, բանը կու չինիս իստակ: Blessed is money, it smooths things like honey.

Եղն աչիսատի, ձին ուտի։ The ox does the deed, the horse gets the feed.

There were lucky instances of word-for-word translations that maintained full rhyme:

Բամբասանը չէ, բանն ասանկ է։ It's not slander, it's just candor.

At times, very insignificant differences of meaning seemed to be justifiable:

Շորերս Հին ա, խօսքս անդին ա։ My clothes are old, my words are gold [lit.: priceless].

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Frequently, however, the Armenian text did not lend itself to precise translation and it became imperative to take some greater liberties with the original:

Dumtineg inpu &triumbh lp qumbug, whtpreg lp inbfambug: To eat he is prepared, to work he is impaired. [Lit.: To eat he becomes four-handed, to work he becomes lame.]

Examples of freer, but still fruitful work, include the following:

Աղուորը սիրուն է, ңէչը տիրուն է։ The beautiful you caress, the ugly you possess. [About a wife]

In many cases the English translation came up with a better rhyme than the original:

bnznp wzphp [nju złwj, q5p-q5p [dh-hp n.d złwj: Big eyes and no sight, thick arms and no might.

Բան բանողին բան չատ, պարապ պառկողին, չուք չատ։ For the worker lots of trade, for the loafer lots of shade.

Մարդը մարդով, որդին Հօրով։ People need each other, and a son his father.

Rhyme or near-rhyme could also be reproduced in texts consisting of three segments where rhyme is crucial for the build-up of tension which leads to a culmination:

Խմիչքին մէկը լաւ է, երկուսը բաւ է, երեքը ցաւ է։ One drink will cure you, two drinks will cheer you, three drinks will kill you.

Another poetic device largely used in Armenian proverbs is alliteration. Unlike rhyme which occurs at the end of words, alliteration is the repetition of sounds in initial position. The constraints and limitations tied to the reproduction of this phonetic feature in a translation are obvious. But strange as it may seem, the number of happy solutions surpassed expectations:

Ճանճն ի՞նչ ա, որ ճենճն ի՞նչ լինի։ What is the fly, to fear its filth? At times, alliteration was simply coincidental, and not backed by the original:

Մայրը տե՛ս, աղջիկն ա՛ռ։ See the mother, seize the daughter.

An especially difficult task is the translation of proverbs whose linguistic effectiveness is founded on the double-meaning of words, i.e., when we deal with puns. Normally, the playfulness of puns is restricted to the language in which they are created. Although with difficulty, in some cases the translation rose to the occasion. Compare the following two proverbs:

2*nLlp* [*dnLnl*] (*nLnl*]*mu*) *bu npunLi*, *supnli*. *A fish you catch in a net; a man, in his words.*

խելքը տարիքին մէջ չէ, գլիսուն մէջ է։ Brains are not in the age, but in the head.

There were other instances when English allowed for word-play only by providing English substitutions for Armenian key words so that equivalent puns could be recreated in the translation:

Lun է մարդու աչ քն ելնէ, քան անունը։ It's better to lose your eye than your good name. [Lit.: Better your eye comes out than your name.]

A similar compromise had to be made in the translation of the following proverb:

Pupp mul 4p stung, hough mul 2h stup: He would rather bear rocks than criticism. [Lit.: He would stay under a stone, but not under words.]

At times, minor adjustments or additions were required in order to maintain the Armenian word-play in the translation. Consider:

Quarty putting th dentity, sugpg putting for a wall won't kill you, but falling short of food will. **[Lit.: He who falls from a wall won't die; he who falls from bread will.]** Despite the occasional sacrifices, the translations of these types of proverbs managed to capture most of the proverbial wit. Overall, the time and energy spent on decision-making in translation proved worthwhile.

* * *

It has been my aim to give the reader a quick guide to the understanding of the world of Armenian proverbs, and a glimpse into the linguistic and socio-cultural problems encountered when translating these valuable maxims from Armenian into English.

I can now only return to my original hope—to share with my readers my own enjoyment of its richness, by letting this fascinating world to speak for itself in the pages that follow.



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Բարեկամ եւ Թչնամի Friend and enemy

Մարդուն ընկերովը կը ճանաչեն։ A man is known by his friends.

Բարեկամը նեղ օրուայ Համար է։ A friend is for hard times.

Fupthund hush zontung, logundh zontung, topharang and an enemy who does not help me, and an enemy who does not harm me are a pair of earrings.

U₁/₅/₄ ophn EpEuhn hunnung zum h'numg: In good times, many people will smile at you.

Ամէն բարեւ տուողի բարեկամ չեն ասի։ Not everyone who greets you, can be called a friend.

Puptuulfu Sugp [fsuulnu ufu numtinu f: Eat a friend's bread as if it were an enemy's.

Բարեկամին Հետ կերուխում ըրէ՛, առուտուր մի՛ ըներ։ Dine with your friend, but don't deal with him.

 $U'_{p'}$ number $u_{p'}$ num

Հիւանդանաս, տոստ ու տուչմանդ իմանաս։ When you fall ill, you'll know your friends from foes.

Luf' <u>puttern</u> <u>nd</u> <u>b</u>, <u>np</u> <u>putu</u> <u>nd</u> <u>bu</u>: Tell me who your friend is and I will tell you who you are.

ζωυωδ δήρωδι – μωg μեρωδ: Apricots ripened – mouths opened. Բաղումս ծիրան կայ, բարեւ տալ կայ, բաղումս ծիրան չկայ, բարեւ տալ չկայ։ If there are apricots in my orchard, people greet me; if there are none

no one greets me.

Մարդի աչքը խորունկ փորողը իր բարեկամն է։ It's your friend who will bore through your eye.

Ով առանց պակասութեան բարեկամ կը փնտուէ, առանց բարեկամի կը մնայ։ He who looks for a friend without faults will stay friendless.

Քեղ չուղեմ, քենէ չղատուիմ։ I don't love you, I don't leave you.

Հին բարեկամը տուչման չի դառնայ։ An old friend will never turn into an enemy.

Բարեկամ կայ սրտի, բարեկամ կայ փորի: There are bosom buddies, and there are drinking buddies.

Բարեկամը չերխալ-չգալով եադայացաւ (օտարացաւ), եադը (օտարը) երխալ-գալով բարեկամացաւ։ Friends become strangers when they meet rarely; strangers become

friends when they meet daily.

U54 տեսնելիս բարեկամ, երկու տեսնելիս՝ աղբ5ր։ You meet once, it's 'friend'; you meet twice, it's 'brother'.

Ձեռքը ձեռք կը լուանայ, երկուսն երես։ One hand washes the other hand and both wash the face.

Հաւքը [ժեւով կը [ժռչի, մարդը՝ բարեկամով: Birds fly with their wings, people with their friends.

Հաւ է խելացի Թչնամին, քան անխելք բարեկամը։ Better to have an intelligent enemy than a dumb friend. **Lugugunphų domp ųum, ohompugunphų domp dh' ųum** Go to those who make you cry; don't go to those who make you laugh.

Գնա՛ չէնը, որ չինուիս մի՛ երխա աւերը, որ աւերիս։ Go to the prosperous to prosper; don't go to the perished to perish.

<u>Cultering</u> two upper tw

Թչնամուս Թչնամին բարեկամս է։ My enemy's enemy is my friend.

Ընկերով մահը հարսանիջ է։ With friends, even death is (like) a wedding.

Πμρητρ μαρητ Strangers are strangers

Ուրիչին Համար լացողին աչքը արցունք չի դար։ He who cries for others will have no tears.

Ուրիչին Համար լացողը իրեն աչքերէն կը զրկուի։ He who cries for others will cry out his eyes.

Ուրիչին աչքը քեղ լոյս չի տար։ Somebody else's eyes will not give you sight.

*Ուրիչի վրայ յոյս դնողը***, աղքատ կը լինի**: He who relies on others stays poor.

ξιξύ (ομμη) եկωծը ξιη μη φύως: What comes from strangers will go to strangers.

Քու մի կովը լաւ ա, քանց Հարեւանիդ տասը։ Your lone cow is of more use to you than your neighbor's ten.

իմ խրճիթը լաւ է, քան ուրիչի պալատը։ My hut is better for me than someone else's castle.

Lunchu սիրոյն կը Հանդուրժուի ղէչը For the sake of the good, the bad is tolerated

Վարդ սիրողը փուչն էլ կը սիրի։ He who likes roses must like thorns as well.

U54 шзер ирпы ишра Сшар шзе 4р ирр5: For the sake of one eye, they cherish a thousand eyes.

β₂μ ημ μμσξ_μ ζημμ, ζχμιπζημ ζη ημμ: If the donkey isn't valued, his owner surely is.

Նմանները կը սիրեն զիրար Similar people like each other

Նմանը նմանին կը սիրէ։ Like attracts like.

Ձուրի (մինչեւ) չնմանի, չի խնամի։ If they don't match, they won't make the match.

Նմանը նմանին, սատանան ու իր իմամին։ Like protects like, as the devil his kin.

Գողը դարան կ'ըլլայ գողին։ One thief hides the other.

Спьир гим ири гр пьир: A dog doesn't eat another dog's flesh.

Ագռաւը ազռաւի աչքը չի Հանի։ A raven won't pluck out another raven's eye. **β**δμ (*ω*_jδμ) *h*δh ζωմωρ μως **ξ**, *φ*ωῦŋ մh υπερπε πξμωρμ: To a goat, another goat is better than a herd of sheep.

Unity of the analysis of the second second

Գժի Համար մի դիժը լաւ ա, քանց [ժէ Հաղար խելօքը։ To a fool, another fool is better than a thousand wise men.

Գլորաւ խուփը, գտաւ պտուկը։ The lid rolled down and found its pot.

Use Series and Series

β₂μ μμίν ζμιν ζμίν μδμ: They do not hitch a donkey next to an ox.

Շուներ իրար Հետ կուում են, ղէլի դէմը միանում: Dogs fight with each other, yet unite against the wolf.

Պատէն ընկնողը պատէն ընկնողի հալից կը հասկանայ: He who fell from the wall will know how another one who fell from the wall feels.

Նմանները գիրար չեն սիրեր Similarity conflicts

Շունը չան վրայ չատ կը հաջէ: A dog will always bark at another dog.

Արհեստաւորը արհեստաւորին ծուռ կ'աչայ (կը նայի)։ One tradesman can't stand another tradesman.

Շանը չնով խեղդել կու տան։ They call on another dog to strangle a dog.

Դրացիներ Neighbors

Uomply Supervised provided and an antipactical setting of the set

Цши Сирьсийр Сирьсийри Сибирбинкр (дпроврр и кр) и ирь A bad neighbor makes you become the owner of tools. [You cannot borrow tools from a bad neighbor, so you buy them. i.e., Associations with bad people can also have their advantages.]

Snlu úh' quhp, qpungh quhp: Don't buy a house, buy a neighbor.

Դրկցի չանը քար չեն գցի, տիրոջ խաները կը պահեն։ Do not stone a neighbor's dog; respect the owner.

Հարեւանդ վատ ա, փախի պրծի։ If your neighbor is no good, move away.

Դրացիիդ Հարսնիք է նէ, դուռդ մեծ բաց։ If your neighbor is having a wedding, keep your doors wide open.

Դրացիդ խաղաղ, տունդ էլ խաղաղ։ If your neighbors are peaceful, your home is peaceful.

Հարուստ Հարեւանը օգուտ է։ Having rich neighbors is beneficial.

Դրկիցը դրկիցին նայելով՝ ջանը կրակը կը դցէ։ If you do what your neighbor does, you get yourself into trouble.

Դրկցի աչխատանքին, ոչ Թէ ունեցածին տենչա։ Aspire to your neighbor's hard work, not to his wealth.

Հարեւանը հարեւանի հայելին է: One neighbor is the mirror of another.

Φηρή **ζ***μμ* **ζ***μμ μ*ηηρ *μ*ρμ*gμ ζμμ μμμμ*. He who is on good terms with his stomach will not be on good terms with his neighbors. [i.e., Greedy neighbors are not popular.] **Հարեւանի չունն էլ լաւ պիտի ըլնի**: Even the neighbor's dog should be nice.

Ջուրդ որ աւելնայ, առաջ դրկցիդ ծառի տակ կապի, յետոյ ուրիչի տուր։

If you have had enough (irrigation) water, channel it first to your neighbor's trees and then give it to others.

[Scarce irrigation water is alotted to every family in turn. i.e., Accommodating your immediate neighbors should be a priority.]

Անարժանները վնասակար են The worthless are harmful

Մէկ մուկը օխտը (եօԹը) կարաս կը մունտարէ։ One mouse can taint seven barrels.

Ճանճը մի բան չի, Համա որ ընկնում ա խանի մէջ, մունտարում ա: The fly is small but when it falls into the tan*, it spoils it all.

Մրջիւնը պղտիկ ա, Համա ասլանի ականջն ա մտնում։ The ant is tiny but it enters the lion's ear.

Գայլուն տեսածը տիրուն խէր չկայ։ What the wolf spies is lost for the owner.

Աղուաւին տեսած սերմը չի կանաչնար։ Sown grain will not grow if the raven has spied it.

Ψμ΄_j **ε**μη εμημε, [δμημιτημ βμίνης] μ΄: *I pity you, city, your king is a child.* [Said when people hold a high position undeservedly.]

Արծուի չինած, մկների քանդած։ What the eagle has built, the mice will destroy. **Umpumph & Enformed and the set of a fool, the finches fly away to the mountains.**

Կռիւ եւ անմիաբանութիւն Quarrel and disagreement

Կրակն ու բամպակը մէկտեղ չեն կենար։ Fire and cotton can't stay in the same place.

Կռուի վերջը փոչմանութիւն ա։ Fighting ends in regret.

*Մարդի հետ կռուելիս, վերջի բանը միտք արա***։** When you quarrel with someone, think of the outcome.

*Մ***шр***ң***п***L***и** *р***п***L***ушр***й***(***bp***)** *шL**цbmpbqbp***)** *шL**U**mpbqbq**mpbq<i>bqbqbqbqbqbqbq<i>bqbqbqbq<i>*

Thop on the w, ongnulp frup 4p 4m2f: Even breasts rub against each other. [i.e., Friction is part of life.]

9*ppfu tplnc tptuu m lmpnml*: One should read both sides of a book. [Advice to be impartial]

իչի քացուց չեն խռովի։ Don't take offense at a donkey's kick.

կանանց կռուելը գարնան անձրեւ է։ Women's fighting is like spring rain.

իմ ու քուն, տուն է քանդում։ The "mine" and the "yours" can destroy a house.

Дпишци (<hlp) Цитоплии ш: A guest is God-sent.

*Հացի կարածը [σπμpp ξh կարի***: What bread can carve, the sword can't.**

*Lμ***η***ι¹**μ***²** *μ***²** *μ***^{2**}

Ղոնաղը տանտիրոջ վարդն ա։ A guest is a host's rose.

Unfu nL Հшу, иhpmn ешу: Onion and bread, but an open heart.

Գարի Հաց, պարզ երես։ Barley bread, but a proud face.

իրան ոտով եկած ղոնաղը, պատիւ չի ունենայ։ An uninvited guest won't get much attention.

Unity Sup, Jump Supp: First bread [i.e., food], then questions. [When you have guests, feeding them should be a priority.]

Ղոնաղը որ Համբերի, տանտէրը Հաց կը բերի: If the guest can wait, the host will bring the bread. *Qկшиչшо тեղը կերուխումի չերјши*: Do not go to a feast uninvited.

Չկանչած Հիւրը փուչի վրայ կը նստի։ An uninvited guest will sit on thorns.

կ՝երխայ Հուրը (Հիւր), կը մնայ մուրը։ The guest will go away, but the soot will stay.

but mapt file (ommer) plant, multimber of and file for an and file for a set of salt. Whatever the guest may bring along, the host will spend a lot of salt. [i.e., Regardless of the guest's contribution, the host is the main provider.]

2 numph humferne hummehu hhízm zetu muh: For the guest's sake, don't shoo even the cat away. [i.e., The host should not show the least sign of hostility.]

Հիւր պատուողն ու անպատուողը տան տիկինն ա։ It's the hostess who treats or mistreats the guest.

Uh encn Հшур nչ nph չh քшиңh: A piece of bread won't ruin anybody.

Աղն ու Հացը քարն էլ կ'իմանայ։ Even a stone will remember bread and salt [i.e., hospitality].

Բարեկամդ չատ արա, Հիւրասենեակդ մին արա։ Have many friends, but only one guest-room.

կոտիկ-կոտիկ եղ ունեմ, ամէն մարդի տեղ ունեմ։ My butter dish is a tiny one, but I have room for everyone.

Uumònj nhumphu np utepu ¿Jongtu, shup teplan źh numumj: If you don't let the God-sent guest in, you won't amount to anything.

Pennil Eluis Intump Legnes Equip: A guest who arrives with a big load can talk big. **Snibu** ful mail ξξ, mail qain guyan ful ξ: The house is not mine; it belongs to the one who opens the door (from the outside).

ξύ υπιύը εμύηπι, πη ηπύωη εμ μως. **ξύ ηπύωηύ ξι υξπύμ**, πη μημητύη εμ μως, ωπωιοπύ μηθως: Damn that house that has no guests; damn that guest who comes in the evening and doesn't leave the next day.

կատուին ծեծեմ, Հիւրն ատեմ։ I hit the cat, (when) I hate the guest.

Ջրի պէս կ'երԹայ, աւաղի պէս կը մնայ: He is going like water, he is staying like sand. [About guests who talk about leaving, but never do.]

*Ե***րդ** *i ommph b*, *J mpmqp pnLq*: The loft is for the guest, the hayloft for you. [i.e., Guests are given the main premises.]

Հացդ դիր Հացիս վրէն, Հա՛մ տակիցը կեր, Հա՛մ վրայիցը: Put your bread on my bread, and eat once from the bottom, once from the top. [A guest ought to contribute to the food offered by the host.]

<u>2</u> <u>numumpm</u>**2** <u>supply</u> <u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>n</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>splane</u><u>spla</u>

[i.e., For the guest, a warm reception is more important than the food offered; he therefore carefully watches his host's mood.]

U5p Love

Ungh ufp, ungh pupp: First love, first goodness.

Upunh niquòn uppniu h'piuh: What the heart desires is beautiful. *Upmf h uppm Sundpug fug:* From heart to heart there is a path.

Uspe 4nge 5: Love is blind.

Uspe uhpnd l'eluh, eusestend eus sh aunum: Love must be agreed upon, not forced upon.

Lul 5 ириппи шилибр, рий [d5 риш5пи], [dumq nu ирини и better to marry for love than to be wed with cross and crown.

Uspe to the transformation of transforma

Սէրը որ կայ, անմարելի կրակ է։ Love is an everlasting fire.

Usp ¿'pphz4wu (¿h uwuh) Հայ ու տաճիկ, ճիկար չ'pphz4wu լաճ ու աղջիկ, խելք չ'pphz4wu մեծն ու պղտիկ։ Love doesn't see Armenian or Turk; family doesn't see boy or girl; brain doesn't see old or young.

Թելի կարուածը կը կապուի, սիրոյ կարուածը չի կապուիր: When yarn is torn, you can tie it; when love is torn, you can't.

Ummultipp Summed uphult, upper bit to the second s

Մարդն մարդու պէտք ունի People need each other

Մարդս մարդով է չէն։ People are merry with people.

Մարդը մարդով է մարդ։ People feel like people when they are together. **Մէկը մէկով, երկուսն Աստծով։** One person (is merry) with another, and both with God.

Սարը սարին չի Հանդիպի, մարդ մարդու կը Հանդիպի։ Mountains do not meet each other, but people do.

*U***ենակ Հարսը տղայ չի բերի**: A single bride will not give birth.

Lun 5 *q* **hqnq hqh**

Up ful_pp jul w, hpln_up w_hpln_up One brain is good, two are better.

Դժոխք դնացողը ընկեր չատ կ'ուղէ։ He who goes to hell will badly need friends.

Մարդամիջի մարդ ունենամ, Հաղարներով պարտք ունենամ։ Let me have lots of friends, let me have lots of debts.

Մինակու Թիւնը Աստծուն կը վայլէ։ Solitude suits only God.

boupe multipe the multipe term It's the doing, not the talking, that matters.

Luterne le muterne ut for ne de la constant de la

bougnd thum the heat of the second s

Uutip String 5, white point of an up: It is easier said than done. «Պալքին» (ңпւցէ) ցանել են, չի բпւսել։ They planted the 'perhaps' but it didn't grow.

Բերաննին լեցուն է, փորերնին՝ պարապ։ Their mouths are full, their bellies are empty.

Անողը պրծաւ, ասողը՝ ոչ։ He who did it got away; he who said it didn't.

אסטרין ג ניגדן Speaking and being silent

bouge wpowld 5, [n.n.[d]h.un' nulp: Speaking is silver, silence is gold.

Ժամանակ կայ լոելը ոսկի է, իսօսելը արծախ, ժամանակ էլ կայ, լսօսելը ոսկի է, լոելը արծախ։ At times, silence is gold and speaking is silver; at times, speaking is gold and silence is silver.

Հարցնելով Երուսաղէմ կ'երխան։ By asking (directions) you can get (all the way) to Jerusalem.

Նետն ու խօսքը դուրս Թռչելէն վերջ, ալ ետ չեն դառնար։ Arrows and words, once released, do not return.

houpp puilt repuilt 5, print 5. repuilt for a print for a print for a print for a print for a point f

Use a set of sour words is a jewel, but to whom do you offer them?

Pulip 4p 4wilt upmp quilp: Words can draw nails from the heart. [i.e., Words can ease pain.]

ζեύμ μουρ μωι, πρ մի փուβ մեղրով չի πւտուի: There are words you cannot swallow even with a pout* of honey. **2***n***L***lp* [*dn***L***nluuuu*) *bu npunLi*, *dupnpi tuoupnd*: A fish, you catch in a net; a man, in his words.

βημμ μημην ζ μως, μουρμ μωρδη: The rope should be long, the words short.

Unuling the speaks first doesn't know what he who will speak last has got up his sleeve [lit.: ... "in his belly"].

Մնջի լեղուն տէրը կը Հասկնայ։ Only his caretaker will understand the deaf-mute's language.

Բանը ասելէն գլուխ կը գայ։ Talk about things, and they shall happen.

Բերանը սրտի Թարդմանն է։ The mouth is the heart's interpreter.

Цлицр ц'шини, пр цини: Wise words [lit.: a fable] are said to be heard.

Unghu per put if, **Sumun nei fu Sundghu**: My daughter, I say it to you; my daughter-in-law, it's meant for you. [It's easier to make remarks to those close to you.]

Զարկ ըլժամբը, որ իմանայ էչակը։ Whip the saddle for the donkey to understand.

Ներսուկ քե՛ղ կ՛ըսեմ, ղուրսիկ դո՛ւն լսէ։ Insider, I say it to you; outsider, it's meant for you.

Լեղուի մասին About the tongue

Լեղուի պարտքը խէր (բարի) խօսալն է։ The tongue's duty is to speak goodness.

 ዓ₅ կե՛ր, գէչ մի՛ ըսեր։ Eat bad things, don't say bad things.

Գէչ լեղուն ածելուց սուր է։ A mean tongue is worse than a razor blade.

Q*up lbqnb wzhwp4 f pwbqnbf*. The evil tongue is destroying the world.

Լեղուս կ'ըսէ, սիրտս՝ ոչ։ My tongue says it, my heart doesn't.

Oáh hómón hn nunuun, lennh hómón shundung: What is bitten by the snake will heal, what is bitten by the tongue won't.

Երկար լեղուն կարճ կ'ընէ կեանքը: A long tongue shortens life.

boug hug, pub he zhuf, houg hug, pub he gubuff: Some words are constructive, some are destructive.

houp huy, with Flacking the Source have huy, with the set of the mountain, others will bring you down.

U*qnwcpbpbndwdfbbqncqwg*: If it were up to the raven's mouth, snow would fall every day. [i.e., If it were up to the pessimist, only evil things would happen.]

Մինչեւ Թուրը եկաւ, լեղուն դլուխը կտրեց։ By the time the sword arrived, the tongue had chopped the head off. **ζο΄ μω** ηπερυ μρ μαώβ, **ζο΄ μω** βέρυ μρ μέρβ: One "ho" sends you out, another "ho" sends you in. ["Ho" is an exclamation addressed to the cattle.]

«**Л**ղորմի հողուն» կայ, որ «չան որդի» ասելուց վատ է: There is some blessing which sounds worse than some cursing. [Lit.: There is some "(God) bless his soul" that is worse than saying "son of a dog."]

bենդին սիրտը լեզուին վրայ է, խելացիի լեզուն՝ սրտին վրայ: A madman's heart is on his tongue; a wise man's tongue is on his heart.

Աշխարհքի շինողն ու քանդողը լեղուն է: It's the tongue that builds or destroys the world.

Հասարակական կարծիք և բամբասանք Public opinion and gossip

Մարդու աչքը դուրս դայ լաւ է, քան անունը։ It's better to lose your eye than your name.

Բերնէ բերան, կ'ըլլայ գերան։ From mouth to mouth it goes, and on and on it grows.

Բերնէ բերան, Հաղար բերան։ From mouth to mouth, to a thousand mouths.

Commund quant, qfr l'untu, qualug quand, 52 l'untu: I run in haste, they call me crazy; I walk with ease, they call me lazy.

bphp opning dpmg tphpp qhm5, tphp opning tm, m2/mm4.pp qhm5: Within three days three people will know the news; thereafter, the whole world.

Եղը սատկի, կաչին կը մնայ, տղամարդը մեռնի՝ անունը։ When an ox dies, its skin is left behind; when a man dies, his name is left behind. Թող իմ փորը կուչտ լինի, Թող ասեն անօթի չուն։ Let my stomach be full, let them call me a hungry fool.

U, up the set of the

Մինչեւ մի բան չըլնի, երկու չեն ասի։ They wouldn't tell two stories if there weren't one.

houph uning the line, uning the line. Rumors are not false, only faulty.

Տուր ուտեմ, ետեւէս դոռա «անօթի՛ չուն»։ Feed me, and (I don't care if you) call "hungry dog" after me.

Գէլի անունն է դուրս եկել, աղուէսը աչխարհը քանդեց։ While the wolf is held in ill repute, the fox destroys the world.

Մի տարի դառնութիւն արա, եօթ տարի դէլութիւն, էլի դառնութիւնդ կ՝ասեն։ Be a lamb for one year, a wolf for seven; still they'll call you a lamb.

Universe in the second second

Հաւ է անուն բարի քան գանձ աչխարհի։ Better to have a good name than all the wealth in the world.

Pupp mul lp I'uuj, fuouph mul th I'ump: He would rather bear rocks than words [i.e., criticism].

Puph mul 4n stung, fuouph mul 4h stung: He would rather bear shit, than words [i.e., criticism].

Uuuuga umpf', tmtia áqf: Cut off your ear and throw it behind you! [i.e., Listen what people are saying about you!]

 $\pmb{\mathcal{C}}$ *римир роцрр циниции ц'ишь*и: Truth is told in a joke. **Uphi uph l'puti, muphi uniphi** They call the salted, salted; the unsalted, unsalted. [i.e., One should call things by their names.]

Շпւնը կը Հш§է, *ешрш*ий цр епуу: The dog barks, the caravan keeps going.

Բամբասանը չէ, բանն ասանկ է։ It's not slander, it's just candor.

Բամբասանքն որ կայ, դատարկ Հրացան է։ Gossip is an unloaded gun.

Սոխը ջանի կեղուես, կը կեղւուի։ The more you peel an onion, the more it peels.

LEqneli nulpp <u>inlip</u> <u>emjg</u> <u>imm</u> nulppliep <u>up</u> <u>inp</u>; The tongue has no bone but it breaks many bones.

Լուր առ տղայէն, խեւէն և կնիկ մարդէն։ Get the news from a child, a madman, or a woman.

Φυψυηgը υπεδι կը քանդի: Whispering can ruin a home.

Mumu uluuus nlup: The walls have ears.

իմ բանը աջ (յաջող) ա, ով ուղում ա լժող Հաջայ։ As long as I do well, let anybody yell.

Գէչ խօսքը քամին կը տանի։ Slander vanishes with the wind.

Շունն է Հաջեր, հովն է փչեր: *The dog barked, the wind blew.* ["Barking" stands for gossip, slander or rumour.] Ամէնուն քով էչուն պոչը չը կտրվիր, որը՝ «կարճ է» կ'ըսէ, որն՝ «էրկան»։

You cannot cut the donkey's tail in front of everyone; some will say: "It's short," others: "It's long."

Gnlup Sulfind Ellenerghu sh unclumme (upb): A dog cannot desecrate a church by barking at it.

9-*ω*_{*l*[*l*]} *εωηgω*δ*n*_{*l*}*lβi*^{*b*}*i*, *ξ i lpgωμbi*, *pωμbi*, *pωμbi*, *mjbi*, *mj*, *mjbi*, *mjbi*, *mjbi*, *mjbi*, *mjbi*, *mjbi*, *mjb</sub><i>i*, *mjbi*, *mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mj*, *mj*, *mj*, *mj*, *mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mj*, *mjbj, <i>mj*, *mj*, *mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mjbj, <i>mj*, *mj*, *mj*,

U[μμα.μ ξαιδικά, μυσυμυ ξμ μιδη μέδιαι.d: I have no beard, my words have no sway. [A beard indicates status and authority.]

ζωύωρ կա՞*j*, *np* **կ***fup ηnpη* (δ*zumphm*) *zplbh*: Is there any joke without half of it being true?

Հանաքը բամպակ ա, որ չատ բարակ մանեմ՝ կը կտրի: A joke is like cotton; if you spin it thin, it breaks.

Հանաքը դանակ կը դառնայ։ A joke can turn into a poke.

Lul 5 of why why mentions and a set of a set of

*Շա***ն Հաջելովը ծովը չի կեղառտի**: The sea won't get soiled by the bark of a dog.

U₁*h*₁*p*₅ *m*₁*mm*₁*m*

Քաքը քանի քրքրես, *Հոտը վեր կը դայ*: The more you stir the shit, the more it stinks.

Upmq sub quil, l'untri one un quiling sub quil quil l'untri pre u: I walk fast, they call me out of mind, I walk slowly, they call me blind.

կու դան, երբ անուննին կու տաս They appear when you speak about them

Անունը տու՛ր, սուփրէն (սեղան) գցա՛։ Call his name: set the table!

Ципьие ипьшо, интерернио: They uttered his name and he came.

Спьир јрз5, фијир риз5: Think of the dog, swing the rod.

Ц*ղէկ մшпңп [иоиքի վпш] կпь ңш]*: Good people arrive when you mention their name.

Ըսածը գիտցի՛ր Watch what you say

Сшт ң hmեи, <u>ph</u> houm: If you know much, speak little.

Guin intrubined tru, phy mum: If you see much, say little.

Քիչ խօսա, չատ լսի։ Speak little, listen much.

Uhpmp uhnng ¿5, np ullfu lupph unul pug ullfu: A heart is not a tablecloth to spread out in front of everyone.

Լեզուիդ չափ ու չուան դիր։ Curb your tongue!

Uto pppnl 4to the set of the set

Uşendı ınt'u, ihşındı dudif: See it with your eyes, hide it with your skirt. **b**phn. mhmuy, nft petpmu, humphp houphy uppmu (hupy): Two ears, one mouth; don't be a blabbermouth! [Lit.: Two ears, one mouth, know when it is your turn to speak.]

Գիտեցածը ամէն մարդի չեն ասի։ You should not tell everybody what you know.

Վերջին գաւաթը մի' իմեր, վերջին պատառը մի' ուտեր, վերջին իսօսքը մի' ըսեր։ Do not drink the last cup; do not eat the last bite; do not say the last word.

Use the set of the se

Տանու խօսքը դուրս չպէտք է դայ։ What is said within a home should never go without.

Ներսը ըսին քրդերը, դուրսը՝ քրդան ձաղերը: The Kurds said it inside, their young said it outside.

234		for the
	Chapter 2	
	ՊԱՏՈՒԻՐԱՆՆԵՐ COMMANDMENTS	
	Themes	- and
Մի՛ գողնար		

Do not steal
Սուտ մի՛ խօսիր
Լաւութերմ ըրէ
Եղի՛ր աչխատասէր և Հետեւողական
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<i>Фитриит եղիր կրելու Հետեւանը</i>ները
Համակերպէ՝ եղած պայմաններուն
Համբերատար եղիր
<i>Մшепср Б</i> <i>прр</i>
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Եղի՛ր առատաձեռն

Մի' գողնար Do not steal

Գողու[ժիւնը չունի [ժողու[ժիւն։ Theft will never be forgiven.

2*пh qnnp č<i>h fi qp qnqmúuj*: He who steals an egg will steal a horse.

Հաւկիթի դողը Հաւ ալ կը դողնայ։ He who steals an egg will steal a hen.

9-*np qnptu qnpuguL*, *UumnLwb mbuuL' qupuuguL*: A thief stole from another thief; God saw it with disbelief.

Գողու[ժիւնով Հարստանալ լինէր, մուկը բոլորից Հարուստ կը լինէր։ If stealing made one rich, the mouse would be the richest of all.

Սուտ մի' խօսիր Do not lie

Unim mumph mnih fipul phime, scale of the second s

Unim forung h lagente for the light for the light. A liar should hold his tongue.

Unim fuoungh dummulu fu f, np shimu fi muh, ftu summuj: All the liar earns is that nobody believes him even if he tells the truth.

Սուտը սուտ ասողի տունն է քանդում։ Lies ruin the home of a liar.

Łuług (шуищ4и) ипст шиш, пр Shzmp կпр.phu щщрh: Tell such a lie that the truth could settle nearby. Ծուռ նստինք, չիտակ խօսինք։ Let's sit crooked but speak straight.

Շիտակ պատը չի փլչիր։ A straight wall will never fall.

Շիտակ մարդը ծուռ բան չի սիրեր, ծուռին ալ չիտակ չ'ըսեր: A straight person doesn't like crooked things, nor does he call crooked things straight.

Հաղար սուտ մէկ ղորդ (ճչմարտու[ժիւն) չ'արժեր։ A thousand lies aren't worth a single truth.

Unime Sundewy Enclipe A lie has no way out.

Ստի ոտները կարճ են։ Lies have short legs.

Unimp 4p nmuminph, pmjg mnmg 2h qumj: The lie may grow legs, but it will never get ahead.

Luurelefield ppg Do good for people

Անուչ Հոտը վարդուց կ'ուղեն, մարդկուԹիւնը մարդուց կ'ուղեն։ Sweet scent is expected from roses, humaneness from humans.

Unstant of the and and the sea: if the sea does not return it to you, the waves will.

Lunne [] full upun, Energy agh. Energy full full upun, Unune up full upun: Do good, throw it into the sea; if the fish don't notice it, God will.

Մարդ որ իրան վնաս չտայ, չի կարող ուրիչին լաւուԹիւն անի։ If you don't harm yourself, you cannot do good for others.

Մ'ըներ անօրէն, կը գտնաս Երկնաւորէն։ Do no wrong, the Almighty will pay you before long.
Unity working graphing funt, und (stand) alphybus Stick the needle first into yourself, then into others.

Եղի՛ր աչխատասէր և Հետեւողական Be diligent and persistent

Աչխատանքը սարեր կը Հաւասարեցնի։ Work can level mountains.

Աչխատողը անօթի չի մնար։ He who works will never starve.

*Pulip np չվերցնես տասը մատով, կը մնայ տասը տարով***: If you don't grab the job with ten fingers, it will stay for ten years.**

μορπτως μπρδη μωηπτωύ βth [θπη: Don't leave today's work for tomorrow.

Upmnd puph dpuj fl quun, dp huumfh: Even a stone will thrive if you step on it wholeheartedly.

Ծառը մի խփելով չի վէր ընկնի։ No tree will fall with just one blow.

Чш[д-цш[д Уп_рр ршрр цр фпрђ: Dripping water wears away stone.

Կախիլ-կախիլ դէօլ (լիճ) կ՝եղնի։ Constant dripping makes a lake.

9-*np***ð***p***/***p***/***nL***/***u/u/ <i>u/u/u/ <i>u/u/u/ <i>u/u/u/ <i>u/u/u/ <i>u/u/u/u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/ <i>u/ <i>u/u/ <i>u/ <i>u*

Uumonia hungh, sulu push den for help, sulu push Ask God for help, but don't put down the shovel.

ζξε μων επνειξύ, ζξε μων πνειπ μως ξ: It's better to do 'nothing' than not to do anything.

Up applied upplied for the set of the set o

Աշխարհի տէրը աշխատանքն է։ Labor rules the world.

Գիտցի՛ր պակասու Թիւններդ Know your shortcomings

Ծանի՛ր զջեղ։ Know yourself.

Πιημή μυμημίν. «ζιμύρη (μμη) μμη[®] μ δηιπ.μ.» μυμη. «μ[®]υζυ μ ηπιη, ημ ζιμύρυ ηπιη μμύμ:» They asked the camel, "Why is your neck so crooked?" He said, "What is straight about me, that I should have a straight neck?"

Եղի՛ր խոհեմ Be prudent

Unull of the angle of the angl

Տասը չափի, մէկ կտրի։ Measure ten times, cut once. **Unutional means of the second second**

Ядинририи ицир, пр. 1128 ри Синири: Start with the small to arrive at the big.

Oáu педири (францри) 4Em зифпевдие, 4ицир твпр фтритвуше: The serpent measured herself up with the vishap* and was torn into a thousand pieces.

פ serious

Ծանը նստի, որ լիտը գաս։ Sit weightily to carry weight.

Ծանր տեղդ մի' [ժե[ժեւացնի։ Don't make your solid position look light.

Ծանը քարը իր տեղումը կը մնայ: A heavy stone remains in its place.

לקה קקחןצ Be cautious

Pերшиդ шурη μшу: Instead of opening your mouth, open your eyes.

Ummulth Shin Sunspired from a fundation of the state of

Շուն խաղացնողի ձեռին փէտ (փայտ) կ'ըլնի։ A dog trainer must carry a rod.

Ummulth Shum [denth (qluquul) shu fumquus: Don't play ball with the devil. Ղարիպ (ամայի) գեղ (գիւղ) ման եկողը ձեռին երկար դագանակ (գաւազան) պիտի ունենայ։ He who wanders in a deserted village must carry a long stick in his hand.

Π'ξ **μπωπωθήδ μ**<u>μ</u>**μπωθωθ**, **π'**ξ **μμωμ** μ<u>μ</u> [*d***μδμμω**. *I won't see the devil, I won't spit in his face.* [i.e., To avoid unpleasantness, I forego some pleasure.]

Unull quarter under quarter the set of the

*կրակի Հետ Հանաք անել չի լինի***։** Don't play with fire.

Պառկած չանը քար չեն գցիլ։ Don't stone a sleeping dog.

Universe in the set of the set o

*Շան հետ ընկերացիր, փէտը ձեռ իցդ մի դցի***։** Befriend a dog, but don't put down the rod.

Qhnc wn. Qhc hy wughp, zwu hmhchy: Walk ahead of the horse and behind the dog.

կծողի քամակին կանդնի, քացի տուողի՝ առաջին։ Stand behind the biter and in front of the kicker.

Երկու աչքիղ մէկին մի՛ Հաւատար։ Don't trust either of your eyes.

Ամէն մարդի Հաւատալ չի լինի։ You cannot believe everybody.

Եղի՛ր խոնարհ Be humble

hnumps Enfry **entry hnumps hnumps**

Ատամները Թափած չունը պարած կը Հաջայ։ A toothless dog will crouch when it barks.

ζ*եnnL μbghp qfz μmpngdf* Beware of evil people

Uuqquulhy Suluh: Keep away from unfeeling people.

Տափուկ մարդուց փախի։ Run away from a stealthy person.

Անդգամ կնկանից հեռու կաց։ Stay away from an insensitive woman.

Φωμιή ξύ ξηήg, ηη η' μη μιχμη, η' μη Φιχμη: Keep away from waters that neither roar nor murmur.

Սատանի Հետ պոստան մի՛ ցաներ։ Don't plant crops with the devil.

Յենուէ՝ սեփական ուժերուդ վրայ Rely on your own strength

Եղունդ ունիս, գլուիսդ քերէ։ If you have nails, scratch your head. Ուրիչի ձեռքն աչողը (նայողը) անօթի կը մնայ։ He who depends on others will stay hungry.

Մէկ աչքը միւսին օգուտ չունի։ One eye is of no use to the other.

Ուրիչին Հացով փորը չի կչտանար։ You cannot eat your fill with other people's bread.

Ուրիչի ձեռքով կրակ մի' բռներ։ Don't handle fire with someone else's hand.

<u>k</u>[h (ommp) & den_pnd mump nemnnnn per provide up dumt: He who is fed soup by someone else will get his mouth burned.

Մի՝ աճապարեր Do not hurry

עָהשַקַחְןָהָש (אַשָּשָׁשָ שָׁקָ שָּרָשָ אָדָ בָּוּ בָּוּשַ אָדָ בָּוּ בָּוּשָׁשָּׁשָ אַרָּ אוּט אוויזיפּג אוו never have a son. [Having a son is considered to be a great achievement.]

Շտապեր ես, ետ մնացեր ես։ If you hurry, you will fall behind.

4*mum qum, np znum 4muuhu*: Go slowly to arrive quickly.

Спடт վшղпղը չпст չի Հшийի: He who runs fast won't arrive first.

Հանդարտ դնացողը չուտ կ'երխայ։ He who walks slowly moves quickly.

Շատ չտապողը երկու անդամ կը նստի։ He who hurries much will rest twice.

Կամաց-կամաց, բամպակը կ'ըլլի մանած։ Slowly done, the cotton will be spun. **Π_L <u>[huh</u>, un_L <u>[huh</u>: Let it be later, but better.**

Спыт рицпри 2пыт 4и упфир: He who goes fast tires fast.

Дпьрр зивиша, зви рацициир: Don't take off your shoes before seeing the water.

ξ₂<u>μ</u> <u>ξ</u><u>μ</u>**π**<u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u><u>μ</u>. Don't build a stall before buying the donkey.</u>

Ձուկը ծովում պաղար չեն անի։ Don't bargain for fish that are still in the sea.

Ձի չեղած նալ չեն փնտուեր։ Don't shop for horseshoes if you haven't got a horse.

Ypul zilun.uð, *Sug zhl [ðfufi:* Don't start the bread before setting the fire.

Upge squephud, througe off dupute: Don't sell the fur before hunting the bear.

Ապահովէ' յաջողուԹիւնդ ի սկզբանէ Ensure your success from the start

Ջուրն ակէն կը կտրեն։ Stop the water at the source.

2*nLlp qlbfb lp pnbbb*: Hold the fish by its head.

Օձը գլիսէն կը սպանեն։ Kill the snake by chopping off its head.

Աւազին վրայ տուն չեն չիներ։ Don't build a house on sand.

Մի' վստահիր ամէն մարդու Do not trust everybody

Udfu uufhmul u'onneft the Surunnug: Do not put your faith in every white beard. [The "white beard" is associated with wisdom.]

Աղուէսը Հաւաբնին ղարավո՞ւլ (պաՀակ)։ Can the fox ever guard the chicken coop?

Գառը գայլին պահ տուին։ They entrusted the lamb to the wolf.

Գայլի եարային (վէրջ) հաւատալու չէ։ Don't believe the wounds of the wolf.

Պատրաստ եղիր կրելու Հետեւանքները Be ready to accept the consequences

*Քաղցը-քաղցը ուտելուն, դառը-դառը փոխելը կայ***:** What you eat sweetly, you might vomit bitterly.

Ջաղաց մանողը կ'ալրոտուի։ He who enters the mill gets dusted with flour.

Պարը մտնողը պիտի չորորայ։ He who joins the dance must sway and prance.

חשרף בנוחרם ההם שוושה ושתקטן: He who gets up to dance must move his arse.

Գոմում չատ կենաս, վրայիցդ Թրիջահոտ կու գայ: If you stay in the stable for long, you will stink of dung. **Կաղնուն տակը որ քանդես, կաղին ո՞րտեղից պիտի ուտես**։ If you uproot the hazelnut tree, where will you get hazelnuts from?

Գինի խմողը կը Հարբի։ He who drinks wine will get drunk.

Բաղնիք մանողը կը քրանի։ He who enters a steam bath will sweat.

hul hunnn nimnh uhr.f.pp h'un.hun.h: He who eats green grapes gets a shriveled mouth.

Կրակի մօտ գնացողը կ'էրուի։ He who goes near fire gets burned.

Ճնհղուկէն վախեցողը կորեկ չի ցաներ։ He who fears sparrows will not sow millet.

Пите инге Ециб оре Гоч (ингр) и'егин: When the wall crumbles, dust will rise.

2*ши*р*пLшир щп2hg ишипpnpnghg 2h ишиbumsi*: He who fastens a bell on his tail should not fear the ringing.

Վարդը քաղողի ձեռը փչով կը ծածկուի։ He who picks a rose will have his hands pricked by thorns.

Կալ մանող աղուէսը արիւնն աչքի տակ կ'առնի։ A fox that enters a barnyard should have his death in mind.

Համակերպէ' եղած պայմաններուն Adjust to existing conditions

Uzhumpsen dhah sharph and the sharph and sharph and the sharph an

Դուն պիտի յարմարիս կեանքին, ոչ [ժէ կեանքը քեզի։ It's you who must adjust to life, not life to you. **էն դեղում, որ սաղ քոռ են, դու էլ աչքերդ կապի**։ If the whole village is blind, you should blindfold yourself as well.

Նեղ տեղ մարդ իր մամու (մայր) սիրողին «ապի» (Հայրիկ) կ'ըսէ։ When need be, one will say "father" to his mother's lover.

Ժամանակը քեղ չի յարմարի, դու՝ ժամանակին յարմարի։ Times won't adjust to you; you must adjust to the times.

Համբերատար եղիր Be patient

Համբերէ՛, որ բերանդ Համ գայ։ Be patient, and a good flavor will fill your mouth.

ՀամբերուԹիւնը կեանք է։ Patience is life.

Համբերու (ժիւնը կեանք է, չատն ալ տանջանք է: Patience is life but too much brings strife.

Համբերէ՛, որ պապան բան բերէ։ Be patient and sweet, dad will bring you something to eat.

Վախտը (ժամանակ) վախտին, արժան կ'ըլնես փափուկ Թախտին։ When time's run is complete, you'll have won your soft seat.

Մաքուր եղիր Be clean

ξδμ ημ **ξ**δ *w*, *mh*ημ μ*h*μη*μ*, *w*ημ *w w*μημ. *μ*. Even the goat scrubs his spot before sitting down.

Ц*прши ширЕр шиод зh*, *цЕрини ширЕи s шиод*. It's no shame to live in need, but it is to live in filth.

ζ*uum կեղտոտ մնալը սապոնին* (ο*ճառ) վնաս է*: Staying dirty for too long is hard on the soap.

U*qumm upqp Qumlhu fl mqmmm lipluh*: The dirty will be dirty even at Easter. [At Easter, everybody ought to be well-dressed and clean.]

Պահանջէ', որպէսզի ստանաս Ask, so that you receive

Մինչեւ դուռը չեսկես, բաց անող չի ըլնի։ If you do not knock at the door, nobody will open it.

Չլացող երեխային ծիծ չեն տար։ If the baby doesn't cry, it doesn't get nursed.

Բաց բերանը անօթի չի մնար։ An open mouth won't stay hungry.

Մինչեւ եօթ դուռ չծեծես, մէկը չի բացուիր։ You must knock at seven doors, before one opens.

Եղի՛ր հեռատես Be foresighted

Presume of a set of the set of t

 Մոլոր ճամփի կիսից յետ դառնալը խէր է։ If you go astray, turn back halfway.

П*չ*[ишр пьйвупрр *չпь*й шр Цр щш*яу*: He who keeps sheep must keep a dog as well.

ξ¹ δ**ξ***p***μg** (δ*ωj***p**) *μ***.**¹*μ***,** *n***p ξ***u* δ**ξ***p***p** *μ***ξ***q d*¹*μωj*: Hold onto the other end so this end stays with you.

Չափղ գիտցի՛ր Know your limits

Π₋*b*₋*μ*₋

Քիչ բարձի, չпст դարձի: Keep your load light, return before night.

Ձեռքը չհասած տեղը մի՛ երկնցնի։ Don't reach out beyond your reach.

Մէկ ձեռքով երկու ձմերուկ չեն բռնի։ You cannot carry two watermelons in one hand.

Մէկ քարով երկու ընկոյզ չի զարնուիր։ You cannot crack two walnuts with one stone.

Երկու նապաստակի ետեւէն վաղողը մէկն ալ չի բռներ։ He who runs after two hares will catch neither.

Птр цтривтор ири три: Stretch your feet according to your blanket.

Շատ ծիծաղը լաց կը բերէ։ Too much laughter will bring tears. **Ով չի չափեր, չի բաւեցուներ։** If you don't ration out, you will run out.

Լուն ուղտ մի՛ չիներ։ Don't make a camel out of a flea.

Շատի ետեւից դնաս, քիչն էլ կը կորցնես: If you go after a lot, you lose the little you've got.

ζωιը πρ ημημ ζωιμμθ ωδh, կը պատπ.h: If a hen lays a goose egg, it will rupture.

אינשטל' זורח סרחבשני לשולשים Save for a needy day

Հայն օրդ նեղ արա, որ նեղ օրդ լայն ապրես։ Tighten yourself in your ample days, to live amply in your tight days.

Ինչ որ դառն դատես, էն քաղցր կ'ուտես։ What you earn with bitter sweat, you will spend with sweet delight.

houpe under (Compound of the Section 25, Section 26, Section 27, Section 27,

Guun whtend zuunwhul fh, pht neutend d'untelmus: Working more does not add, spending [lit.: eating] less, does.

Տանտիկինի մի ձեռը գող պիտի ըլնի։ A good housewife should be stealing with one hand.

Ճերմակ ստակը սեւ օրուայ Համար է։ White (silver) money is for black days.

Դուռը մեծ բանալը Հեչտ է, պղտիկցնելը՝ դժուար։ It's easy to cut out the door wide, it's hard to narrow it down.

Ամառուայ փուչը՝ ձմեռուայ նուչը։ A summer's splinter is the almond for the winter.

Եղի՛ր գործունեայ Be active

Դուն քեղ օղնէ, Աստուած ալ քեղ կ'օդնէ: Help yourself and God will help you.

Դանակը որ ծալլես, ճէպղ (գրպան) դնես, կը ժանդոտի: If you fold a knife and keep it in your pocket, it will rust.

Umu hung qhu muoloh hung: A searching wolf will never starve.

Պատող աղուէսը մեռած առիւծէն լաւ է։ A searching fox is better than a dead lion.

Աչխարհքը դմակ է, խելօքը՝ դանակ։ The world is a dmak*, the smart person – a knife.

Աշխարհքը դմակ է, մարդիկը՝ դանակ, հա՛ կտրի, հա՛ ուտի։ The world is a dmak*, the people a knife; keep cutting, keep eating!

boupe multip the multip multip multip It's not the saying that counts, it's the doing.

Զանքին ձեռքէն բան չ'աղատիր։ Nothing can escape effort.

Պատուէ' քեզմէ մեծերը Honor your elders

Մեծին պատուէ՛, որ մեծանաս։ Honor the elderly to be honored yourself.

Ծերանաս, ծերի խաթերը իմանաս։ When you age, you value the aged.

Մեծի խօսքին ականջ չանողը սոված կը մեռնի։ If you don't listen to the elders, you will starve to death. **Մեծի խօսքը լսողի ոտքը քարի չի դայ։** He who listens to the elder will never stumble on a stone.

Մեծ չճանչցողը, Աստուած ալ չի ճանչնար։ He who does not respect the aged, does not respect God either.

Մեծին խօսքը չեն կտրի։ When elders speak, do not interrupt.

μουρη βέδ με ξέτι μεμη τρωπάτιμ: Never talk back to the elders.

Պղտիկին լեղուն կարձ կ՛ըլլայ։ The youth must hold his tongue.

Ջուրը պղտիկին, խօսքը մեծին։ Let the young drink the water first, let the elder speak first.

Ունեցած իդ տէրը եղիր Guard your belongings

Անտէր գառը, գայլն է կերեր։ A lamb without a shepherd becomes the wolf's prey.

Անտէը ժամին (եկեղեցի) սատանէքը տէր կ'ըլնին։ In an abandoned church, devils take over.

Դուռը փակ պահի, որ հարեւանիղ դող չհանես: Keep your door locked so you don't accuse your neighbor of theft.

Իրեն մալին (ապրանք) աղէկ չնայողը, դողուն ընկեր է։ He who does not watch his belongings is the thief's accomplice.

Բաց ամանը չունն ալ կը լիզէ, կատուն ալ։ An open pot will be licked by cat and dog.

Եղի՛ր առատաձեռն Be generous

S_nL'_p, *u*'_p' *μωμωδωω*, *u*'_n, *u*'_p' *μωωχ*/_p: Give, don't be afraid; take, don't be ashamed!

Unfu nL հшg, ufpmq բшg: Onion and bread, and an open heart.

bpuuh uminquy, n' ununquy: It is more blessed to give than to receive.

Пղприпс [фр. www.swithway. uniterp. np. zwuphp 2 for www.swithway. Give charity without even your shirt knowing it. **[i.e., Alms should be given in secret.]**



ድъѕԱՆԽՔ ԵՒ ԱՉԳԱԿԱՆՆԵՐ FAMILY AND RELATIVES

Themes

Մարդ և կին, ամուսնացած և այրի 47 Man and wife, married and widowed
Ծնողջ ու զաւակ
լին
Դուստրեր եւ աղջիկներ
Երեխայ
Բոյը եւ եղբայը
Շրիտասարդու[ժիւն6 1 Youth

Ընտանիք եւ օջախ
Ծերու[ժիւն
Հարազատ եւ լսորվե ծնողը, որը
Церицииине
Հшри
Фышу
կ նքահայր
Հարսանիջ
Офил
Լաւը բաժին կ՛ըլլայ գէչին

Մարդ եւ կին, ամուսնացած եւ այրի Man and wife, married and widowed

Մարդ ու կնկայ գործը երկնքումն է չինւում։ Man and wife are matched in heaven.

Մարդի չուաք (չուք), վարդի չուաք։ The shadow of a husband, the shadow of a rose. ["Shadow" is a metaphor for "protection."]

Մի փէտէ (փայտէ) մարդը լաւ ա, քանց օխտը պողպատէ տղէն։ A husband made of wood is better than seven sons made of steel.

Տան Համար տղամարդու կեղտն էլ Հարկաւոր ա։ For a house, even a man's dirt is needed.

U54<u>p</u> [*b*5 quivquil 5, *u*545<u>p</u> puulquil ufunt <u>p</u>[*u*fu: If the one is (as loud as) a bell, the other should be (as quiet as) cotton. [i.e., Opposite yet complementary personalities are necessary for a successful marriage.]

Աղբէրը օրական, մարդը յաւիտենական։ A brother is for a day, a husband is forever.

ԿՆիկդ որ լաւ ըլնի, մի՛ երԹա Հարսանիք, տանդ ամէն օր Հարսա-Նիք է ու Հարսանիք․ Թէ կնիկդ վատ ըլնի, մի՛ երԹա մեռելատուն, տունդ ամէն օր մեռելատուն է ու մեռելատուն։

If you have a good wife, do not go to weddings; you have one every day in your house. If you have a bad wife, do not go to funerals; you have one every day in your house.

Շէն կենայ մեր տնիկ, անուչ կենայ մեր կնիկ։ May our home be in good cheer, may my wife be sweet all year.

Sπ_Lⁱμ_l [δnη μⁱμ_l, [δnη μ^f₂ (m_f μ_η) [μⁱμ_l: A home should have a housewife, no matter how homely.

Մարդը որ կայ, դետ է, կնիկը անոր դէմ բանդ է։ The man is a river, the wife is a dam against it. [i.e., The husband's earnings have to be guarded by the wife.] *Մμμμ* μ *μμ* μ *μ* μ

Ամէն կնիկ կնիկ եղնի, պատերն ամէն պլիկ (դրամ) կ'եղնի։ If all women were (real) women, the walls of all houses would be made of coins.

Մարդը տան մչակն է։ The husband is the slave of the house.

Մարդը տան մչակ, կնիկը տան ճախարակ։ The husband is the slave of the house, the wife the spinning wheel.

ξ*ph***μ**-μ**μ***h***μ** μ**τι**, *hpmpnL μtpμbμ***τ***u*, *μp μzmmumuuuu*. They are just man and wife; if they spit in each other's mouths, they will have enough.

[i.e., As opposed to big families, a couple has few expenses.]

*Մ***шрңը ңысри,** *վшити***цр** *иեри***: The husband (should be) outside, his earnings inside.**

Uumnum suns, purtur purtur fint first sum: Better God give us death than divorce.

Կսիկը Էրկասը կէսս է։ A wife is her husband's half.

ՔաջուԹիւնը տղամարդու ղարդն ա։ Bravery decorates a man.

Կնիկմարդ որ կայ, մարդու կեանքն ա։ A wife is her husband's life.

Կնիկը տղամարդի Հոդին ա: A wife is her husband's soul.

Անդաւակ կինը բարեկամ չէ էրկանը: A childless wife is not her husband's ally.

4*bhlq* **b***tbtjn* **b***tbtj*, *qhp qInLhq*: Instead of beating your wife, beat your fez* and put it on.

Մարդի ծեծած՝ վարդի ծեծած։

Beaten by the husband, beaten with a rose. [Down-playing the impact of a husband's beating]

Մաքրասէր կնիկմարդը էրկան վրայէն կ'իմացուի։ It shows on her husband if a wife is clean.

b[unphu mhpp l'unuhu, uhnuph' huhhp: If you rise, they take your place; if you die, they take your wife.

Կնիկն որ մարդուն խաբել ուղենայ, ասեղը տալտա (Հովանի) կ՚ընէ։

A wife wanting to cheat on her husband will use a needle for a shield. [When it comes to outwitting their husbands, women are ingenious.]

Էրիկ-կնկայ կռիւը մինչեւ անկողին է։ A couple's fighting lasts until bedtime.

μὑμμη πη ημηξύ, ηπιύ ξι ξύ υπηξύ: You should come from the village your wife comes from. [i.e., You should marry someone from your own village.]

UhperLi Lilling Segne upun Uh, 452 (mq Eq) Lilling Stark Sugne Line Sleep with the beautiful, but eat from the plain woman's hand.

Աղապ (ամուրի) տղի աչքին փարտա (վարադոյր) կայ։ A young bachelor's eyes are dim.

Πρμειμηρη ψξεύ ξι μρωύ ως ω: For a widow, even her skirt is a threat. [A widow is always under scrutiny for her morality.] **Տղայ չՀաւանող աղջիկը առանց մարդի կը մնայ։** A choosy maiden will remain unwed.

Sour Sour Child dies, cry for your child; if your husband dies, cry for your child; if your husband dies, cry for yourself.

Uft immuning united for a first finder the first for a first first for a first for a first first for a first first for a first for a first first for a first for a first for a first fi

Մէկ տարուայ անպատեղու[ժիւնով ծառը չեն կտրի։ You don't chop down a tree that has been fruitless one year.

Յետին կնիկը կարկատան է։ A second wife is patchwork.

Unughu huhhu mnuhhuu 5, kuhunny huhhu 5, kuhhuu 5: The first wife is for the house, the second wife for her spouse.

Ծնողք ու զաւակ Parents and children

ζξηը Հարեւան, մէրը բարեկամ։ A father is a neighbor; a mother – a friend.

Ալիսարհքում ամէն բան կը ճարուի, բացի հայրն ու մայրը։ In this world one can find anything except a father and a mother.

Flumpe 4e jumplet 4pmplu: A mother [lit.: the bearer] will subdue the grogh*. [Stressing the supremacy of the mother, the symbol of procreation, over the grogh*, i.e., death.]

Հօրն ու մօր մեղքը տղային կը հարցնեն։ They hold the child responsible for his parents' faults.

Ուտէ որդին, վճարէ հոդին։ The son will enjoy, the (father's) soul will pay.

Հայր ունեմ, հօր տուն ունեմ, մայր ունեմ, իրաւ ունեմ, եղբայր ունեմ, բան չունեմ։

Having a father, I have a paternal home; having a mother, I truly have something; having a brother, I have nothing.

Տու՛ր ծնողքին, որ տայ զաւկին. մի՝ տար զաւկին, չի տար ծնողքին։

Give it to the parents, so the child gets something; don't give it to the child – the parents get nothing.

Հարն ու մարը զաւկին Համար, զաւակը ինքնիրեն Համար: The parents are for the child, the child is for himself.

Անորդին մի դարդ ունի, որդատերը՝ Հաղար։ He who has no children has one worry, he who has children, a thousand.

Πρημ είν μυτι, πρη τύ μυτι: It's not a child, it's a mite.

Пррр упьйы, Спрр упьйы: If you have no child, you have no heart [lit.: ... "no soul"].

Յոլժ լաճու տէր, փողոց է մնացել անտէր։ You bring up seven kids, end up abandoned on the streets.

Մարդու աչքը Հանողը իր միսն-արիւնը կը լինի։ The one who plucks out your eye is your own flesh and blood. [Said about bad children.]

*S***ηξύ πη μω**_j, **ζο**η ο**ξωμη υμεύύ ξ**: A son is the pillar of his father's odjakh*.

μωσ σημύ gufu կը σηηπ.ξ, π. μγ. μύ οξωίυ կը վωπ.ξ: A bad son collects wood to fuel somebody else's odjakh*. **4ndp Anplofu huzewu wmt, wultu zwpt h'wqwmt**: No matter how much she hates the calf, the cow will save it from any harm.

ζ*μ*[*μ*] *μ*[*μ*] *μ*[*μ*]

<u>Culter</u> *u unnum*, *uun*, *uun*,

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Մարադը Հորթեր կը Հատացնի, սնտուկը՝ երեխէն։ The calf empties the barn; the child, the trunk [i.e. the savings].

Անառակ որդին տունը լաց կը բերէ: A prodigal son brings tears into the house.

Երկուսը մէկի տեղ, մէկը Հէչի տեղ։ Two (children) count for one, one counts for none.

Ով пրդի <i>th μեμեμ, *qmundh qhmt*: He who has never had a son thinks he can be picked up anywhere.

Տղաղ մեծցաւ, մեծ ցաւ։ Your child grew, your pain grew too.

Տղին լաւը Հօրէն-մօրէն կ'ըլնի։ The goodness of a child comes from his father and mother.

Lul Supple nppfu dnl f f npp ug: A good man's child cannot be rotten.

βδη π.η եηθωι, π.μ. 4±mη μ'εηθωι: Wherever the goat goes, the kid follows.

Ճուտամէր կատուն գող կը լինի։ A mother cat will steal. **<u>Яр</u>рр (***сириции*) *ирипых упьийтр ур Уринырны* (*срешениеции*): He who hasn't experienced a child's death, has never been stricken by a dev^{*}.

Ազուաւին Հարցրին. «Ղչերի (Թուչուն) միջին ո՞րն ա սիրուն». Ասաց. «Իմ Ճուտս»։

They asked the raven, "Who is prettiest among birds?" The raven said, "My young."

Մայրը տե՛ս, աղջիկն ա՛ռ։ See the mother, seize the daughter.

Որդին մօրը չալակով Երուսաղէմ չի տանի։ No son will carry his mother to Jerusalem on his back.

Πρη μν μιμητία άπτω τη ξι μνη, σομ μι μιμη (Εμμημιμα) μιμη ξη μμητη ητιμι ημι: Even if he fries her an omelette on his palm, a son cannot pay back his mother.

Хпстр Иор [சвсвр]н тшцри цр Ивдшишу: A chick grows under his mother's wings.

Տղուն լեղուն մայրը կը Հասկանայ։ Only a mother understands her child's language.

Մալին տէր, որդուն Հէր (Հայր)։ Goods need an owner, and a son a father.

Sηξ^tu np լաւ լի^tuh, hpu 40p mnt^tup 4p zh^tuh: A good son will build his father's house.

ζομ ωύπεύμ ωηջկωύ կμ ծωμιh: The father's name sells the daughter.

Uopp pullun, un § 4 un feufum: A mother's destiny will be her daughter's settee. [i.e.: A daughter will get her mother's fate.] **Սիրունին չեն տայ մտիկ, օրոցքին կը տան մտիկ**։⁵ They don't look at the beauty, they look at the cradle.

Տղէն տղայ պիտի լինի, որ մատից փուչ Հանի։ A child should be a boy to pull thorns from your finger.

Վшт 40р щштрер фпьз тр5и ш: A bad father's punishment is a vain son.

Տղէն Հօրը կը քաչի։ A son takes after his father.

Πρη-μ¹ ζομμ μ²**μμ**, μη χμμμ² μ² σμμ. A son takes after his father, a daughter after her mother.

ζομ άξων Цинньшό չпын կը μφ: God listens fast to a father's voice.

Մարդը մարդով, որդին Հօրով։ People need each other, and a son his father.

Հայրն ինչ, որդին նման զնման։ Like father, like son.

կին Women and wives

Цпрьбр шпрьб **5**, **5q** <u>[</u>рир [д5] прб: A lion is a lion, whether male or female.

կինն որ մանչ ծնի, տան պատերն ալ կը խնդան։ When a wife gives birth to a boy, even the walls of the house rejoice.

Կնկան ֆէլ (խարդաւանք) բարձեր են սէլ, սէլը չէ տարեր կնկան ֆէլ։ They loaded a cart with woman's schemes, the cart couldn't hold them.

4*iuj qn_1m_2 sujm_p tpum ogmpp up dmpt*: The wife's costly clothing effaces the husband's odjakh*. **Կնկան չինածը, Աստուած չի չիներ։** Even God cannot build what a wife can build.

Ψύμως Σμύωδ υπτύη Κυυπτωδ Σμ εμύημ, Κυυπδητ Σμύωδη Ψύμμη μη εμύημ: A home built by a woman not even God can destroy; a home built by God a woman can destroy.

Աղէկ կին, չունի դին։ A good wife has no price.

Կնկայ մաղը երկար է, խելքը՝ կարձ։ A woman's hair is long, her brain is short.

Ո՛չ կնկան էՀԹիպար (վստաՀուԹիւն) կայ, ո՛չ ձիուն։ Trust neither women nor horses.

Կնկան արտասունքը աչքի ծէրն (ծայրն) է։ A woman's tears are on the rim of her eyes.

Пр ипьир пр фиши, циции рипьции в прр: Wherever you go (as a guest), befriend the wife.

Կնիկմարդ կայ, տուն կը չինէ, կնիկմարդ կայ, տուն կը քանդէ։ Some women build houses, others destroy them.

h^euz wutu qtaqtaghta, wzhwarsuznyhta ti di un tangtan, wuwztun: Who needs a pretty wife who wanders all over the world? I prefer a homely homemaker.

Տունը ներսէն կը չինուի։ A house is built from inside.

Գէչ կնիկմարդէն դեւերը փախել են։ Even the devs* fled the evil woman.

Կանայը իմանան Թէ երկինքը սէյիր (դիտելու բան) կայ, սանդուխ կը դնեն Թէ Հոն ի՞նչ կայ։ If women hear there is a show in the sky, they get on a ladder to look up high. **Վատ կնարմատից քաջքերն են փախել**։ Even the kachks* fled the hag.

կինը կատու ա, ով որ չոյեց, նրան էլ կը կպչի։ A woman is (like) a cat; you caress her, she clings to you.

Հասած աղջիկը որ բախտ ունենար, Թախտ աւլելուց ճուճ կը դտնէր։

If an old maid were lucky enough, she would find a prick while sweeping the floor.

Using the set of the

hbilugh ihinihihinnhihihinuj: A smart wife shows her husband only half of her arse.

Դուստրեր եւ աղջիկներ Daughters and girls

Աղջիկն ուրիչի տան Տրադն է։ A daughter is a candle in somebody else's house.

Աղջիկը էլու (отир) щит и: A daughter is the wall of somebody else's house.

Unghum number of the second s

Unghue null opopning son united to the set of the set

Sphu Inchum & Enchul Eu upust, up **Sphu i sta**. They hold a boy with both hands, a girl with one.

Աղջիկը որ կայ, անկտրիլ ձմերուկ ա։ A girl is an uncut melon.

*J***-ωι² εωίητεμα μως ***ξ*, εωίη ωηξίως ωίπτι μπαρεμα: It's better to destroy a church than to defame a girl. **Մանչ բերող աղջկան դրսեցիի չեն տար։** A girl who bears boys should not be given away to an outsider.

Пип.ш.шб шղջիկը չшт шиешрит կ'еլир: An unmarried girl is an unhappy girl.

Lun unghun ohume (holder) unu undt: A good daughter is worth seven sons.

Աղջկան որ ձգես իր կամքին, կ'երխայ կամ տաւուլճին կ'առնէ, կամ զուռնաճին։

If you let the girl choose, she will go and marry either the drummer or the zurna*-player.

Աղջիկն որ կայ, տան ծաղիկն ա։ A girl is the flower of a home.

Πρ պաшկուել ուղենայ, աղջիկը տան կճուճներն է ջարդում, տղան՝ օտարու[ժիւն է դնում: When they are eager to marry, girls break jars, boys go abroad.

Ձղոված աղջիկը տունն է մնացեր։ If you don't praise a maiden, she becomes an old maid.

Շատ լաւ աղջիկ է։ Ինչէ՞ն յայտնի է։ Մայրը վկայեց։ She is a very good girl. How do you know? Her mother said so.

Ծամովին ծամերը լժափաւ, անծամին ծամ եկաւ։ The one who had hair, lost it; the one who didn't, got it.

Uopp 4nduðp [dn'n n dunuh, 4nduh], 4nduðp u'n n dunuh: What the mother praised, leave and run; what the neighbor praised, take and run.

Աղջիկն որ Հարս կ'երթայ, գուլպի պէս է․ կը քանդեն, նորէն կը գործեն։

When a girl gets married, she is treated like a knitted sock: they rip her up and knit her all over again.

Uղջիկը դուան ետեւն ա: *A daughter is behind the door.* [A girl lives only temporarily at her parents' house.]

*Աղջիկ չեղած***,** *Հարս եղաւ***:** *Before becoming a maid, she became a bride*. [Refers to girls marrying at a very early age.]

2np ψusmp zum ξncp ųp δδξ: Dry wood absorbs a lot of water. [Very skinny girls can gain weight after marriage.]

Unglus lun under finder under and the second secon

Umpu ne alpup late quite ne l'eplemu: Hair and flesh come and go.

Գինին կ'ընտրեն Համով, աղջիկը՝ նամով (պատիւ)։ Wine you choose by taste, a girl if she is chaste.

Unghum np hug, znzw (unumulp) 5, np humpning, 2h huphumnip: A girl is like glass; if it shatters, it cannot be restored. [i.e., A girl's virginity is sacrosanct.]

Սպիտակի տեսքը, սեւի Համը։ The looks of the white (woman), the taste of the black.

Աղջկայ մէկ սպիտակուԹիւնը օիստը (եօԹը) ամօԹ կը պարտկէ։ The whiteness of a girl's skin covers up seven sins.

2/Liu w Stepslaud 5, will zncuten dpwu he pwputu: The snow is white, too, but dogs shit on it.

bump mgghy, mumul supu: Such a maid, such a bride. **Աղջիկ դառար, լաւ դառար, Հարս դառար, ցաւ դառար**։ As a girl, you were a gain; as a bride, you are a pain.

Աղբար չունեցող աղջիկը տուն է մնացել: *A girl who has no brother stays at home*. [i.e., A girl who has a brother has more chances to get married.]

Մի՛ տար չէն տան, տու՛ր աղէկ մանկան։ Don't give her away to a great house, but to a great spouse.

2hu swuzghp ewjjnewsetu, huh wythu wythu: A horse you can tell by her gait, a girl by her gaze.

Unghiu np hug, hunneng f. nd putu dpugtu h'unguh: A girl is like a bridge; anybody can walk over her.

Երեխայ Children

Երեխին բանի դիր, հետը դնա։ Put a child to work, but go with him.

Գեղ կը մտնես, խապարն երեխից առ։ When you enter a village, learn the news from a child.

Տղուն կերածը Հալալ է, Հաղածը Հարամ։ What a child eats is well-invested, what he wears is wasted.

n'² upphu unu lunumugh, n'² upphu pilot Don't promise to a saint a candle, nor to a kid a candy.

Պուճուրը լալէն կը մեծնայ։ A baby grows by crying.

bphehuhu muhu, hugh[°] tu muhu, mumu. «**b**oupu mug t htunud, tunu cuulup»: They asked a child, "Why do you wail?" He said, "Because that's how I prevail." [i.e., Parents should not overindulge their children.] **Source of the second s**

Տղին ինչպէս բռնես, այնպէս ալ կը մեծնայ։ A child grows up the way you bring him up.

Տղին Տեպը միրդ չի մնայ։ Fruit doesn't last long in a child's pocket.

Unity Ephip manual primary Ephip manual primary and an empty nest.

Տղին ղալիպն (կաղապար) օրոցքն ա։ A child's cradle is its mould.

சீரு ட சுருயரா Sisters and brothers

Տղէն ձեռ կ'ընկնի, աղբէրը ձեռ չի ընկնի։ You can acquire a son, but not a brother.

Երկու աղբօր գլուխ մի գերեզման չի մտնի։ The heads of two brothers wouldn't fit into one grave.

Աղբէրը աղբօր վատը կ՝ուղի, մահը՝ ոչ։ Brothers wish each other the worst, but never death.

*Քп***ьрр** *կ***'ри***է***. шղр***է***рпр***ңh***,** *hu* **пр***ңh***: The sister says, "My brother's son is my son."** **Քոյրն ասեց, աղբէր ունեմ, աղբէրն ասեց, քոյր չունեմ։** The sister said, "I have a brother." The brother said, "I have no sister."

Քոյրը մեռնի աղբօր Համար, աղբէրը մեռնի ուրիչի Համար: Sisters would die for their brothers; brothers would die for others.

Երիտասարդու[ժիւն Youth

Ճահելու Թիւնը մաչի (վայլէ), պառաւու Թիւնը քաչի։ Youth savors, old age suffers.

Մանկուց դատումը, ծիրուց դաւաղան է։ The savings in youth are a foothold in old age.

Ճահելի չուանին ցախ դնել չի լինի։ Don't trust the rope of a youth to hold your firewood.

Δ*w*ζ*blh §nLpp q*,*ξwh dbp ξ*: Youth's water travels upstream. [i.e., Youth is impetuous.]

Ճահելի աչքի վրին փարտա (վարադոյր) կայ։ Blinds hang in front of the youth's eyes.

Ճահելի խելք, անջուր ջաղացք։ The youth's mind is a waterless mill.

Ճահելի քամին բարձր ա։ Youth's wind blows high.

Մարդ չուն լինի, տան պումուրը չլինի։ Better to be a dog than the youngest in a home.

Lumwuhp the osufu Family and hearth

Uho malu, uho guul eale A big family, a big nest of pain.

9-μη ημημή վρω μ'μμ, μπω μων μμω ξη μω. You can build a village over another, but not a home over another. [i.e., Two families cannot live in the same house.]

իմ տանա ծառան եմ, ուրիչին աղան եմ։ To my family, I am a serf; to others, I am a Sir.

Մարդը իր տանը Հէ՛մ աղան է, Հէ՛մ ծառան։ In his own home, one is both sir and servant.

Տուն քանդելն ու ժամ (եկեղեցի) քանդելը մէկ ա: Destroying a home and destroying a church is just the same.

Ծերու[ժիւն Old age, the elderly

Ծերու[ժիւն – դերու[ժիւն։ Senility is captivity.

ξεύ πρ ωμεκπρύωβ, **βρξηκύθερύ ωμ ψρωύ ψρ ζεδύευ**: When the donkey gets old, the ants swarm him.

Ծերի արածը գտած ա, կերածը՝ կորած։ What an old person has done is won, what he has eaten is wasted.

Քանի փոքր էի, մեծից էի վախենում․ մեծացայ, փոքրից եմ վախենում։ While I was young, I feared the old; now I am old, I fear the young.

Գէլը որ պառաւնայ, չներին մասխարա (ծաղրի առարկայ) կը դառնայ։ When the wolf gets old, he is mocked by the dogs. **Ծերն ու տղան մէկ են։** Old people and children are the same.

Ծերացանք, ծէրը (ծայրը) տեսանք։ We reached old age, we saw the edge.

Տան մեծ եղածէդ, դուան չուն եղիր։ Better to be a dog at the door than an elder in the house.

Պառաւը տան սիւնն է։ The elder is the pillar of the house.

SnLup υμιύρ μρ ψωςξ: It's the pillar that holds up the house.

μίε ματά τη δέδ εμβύβ, δέδ φωρ δη μέτη μη τίεδι: If there is no elder in the house, they set up a stone instead.

Տան մեծի մի աչքը քոռ պիտի եղնի, մի ականջն էլ խուլ։ The elder of the house should be blind in one eye and deaf in one ear.

Unit is solution of the second secon

U\$\frac{\beta_p}\$ with the eye of the aged and a horse with eye of the young.

Հարազատ եւ խորք ծնող_P, որբ Parents, step-parents, orphans

Եղունդը մսիցը պոկել չի լինի։ It's hard to remove a nail from flesh.

**Π[°]_P
ummp μmphu, np mphu ξąmj:** What finger does not bleed when cut? [i.e., All children are equally dear.] **Արիւնը ջուր չի դառնայ։** Blood does not turn into water.

Ասլանին (առիւծ) էգ, որձ չկայ, ջիդրին՝ (Հարազատ) լան (աղայ) ու աղջիկ։ There is no male and female among lions, and no boys and girls among loved ones. [i.e., Do not discriminate between girls and boys in a family.]

Տղին մայրը որ խորվծ լինի, Հայրն էլ խորվծ կը լինի: If a child's mother is a stepmother, the father becomes a stepfather.

hnplop 4p 4muh umpter unplop: It's the step-kin who will flay your skin.

իրործ մօրն եփած կերակուրը անհամ ա։ A stepmother's cooking is tasteless.

Прери 4-ин инг. и 1-инг. 1. С. 1.

Прер щих при Циппсид 5: It is God who keeps the orphan.

Zopuit пред пре 25, dopuit прей 5 пре: Losing your father doesn't make you an orphan – losing your mother does.

Пред в[®]ре է խиңинде_l: When has an orphan ever laughed?

Որբի երեսը պինդ կ'ըլնի։ An orphan must have a thick skin.

Пре иприй рр щприр ризр цр цир; An orphan cuts his own cord.

Преб пр ешрип псивишр, еще и преб ц'пстер: If the orphan was lucky enough, he would have drunk his mother's milk.
Ազգականներ Relatives

Հաւը [ժեւով կը [ժռչի, մարդ՝ ազդականով: Birds fly with their wings, people with their kin.

կեսրոջ մէկ ականջը խուլ, մէկ աչքը քոռ պիտի լինի։ A mother-in-law should be deaf in one ear and blind in one eye.

Մարդը սրտովը չեղաւ, տեղօրը չեն ճանանչի։ When you are not fond of your husband, you do not acknowledge his brother.

Zonpensite und que son Somply, Sonpensite und que don Sonpensite und que son states From the father's sister comes the scent of the father; from the mother's sister the scent of the mother.

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Երկու ներ մէկ տունի մէջ, ամէն օր կադ ու կռիւ։ With two ners* in one house, everyday there is a wrangle.

Ները որ տուն մանի, ներոջը գետին կը դնի։ When a (new) ner* comes into the home, she puts down the (former) ner.

Ինչ չես ուղի քրոջդ, կը կամենաս տալոջդ։ What you don't wish for your sister, you will wish for your tal*.

Աղջիկը Հօրքուրին, տղէն քեռուն կը քաչի։ A girl takes after her paternal aunt, a boy after his maternal uncle.

Ofump (boffp) phimulul of Surdend quarts thu, mumphu. «Up dupp to thus, np thup houting»: Seven kenakals* were walking on the road. "A pity there is no one to talk to," they said.

*P***Eumlung on lunc music lifute, University of the formular of the formula of th**

խишин плу нцу, шиплу нцу: In-laws who come rarely, come dearly.

խնամու սուտը, սէլ (սայլ) մը չի քաչեր։ The lies of the in-laws not even a wheelbarrow could bear.

խնամու նաղը տանիլ չի ըլիլ։ The airs and graces of the in-laws are unbearable.

Քեռուն մալը եկեանին (քրոջորդի) ա։ The maternal uncle's wealth belongs to his nephew.

Զոքանչի եփած ձուածեղը Համով կ'ըլնի։ The mother-in-law's (the wife's mother) omelette is always tasty.

גשויש Daughters-in-law

Հարսը կեսրոջ ղուլն (ստրուկ) է: The daughter-in-law is her mother-in-law's slave.

Հարս դառայ, ղուլ (ստրուկ) դառայ, Շաղի-Շուլի չուլ դառայ: Since becoming a bride, I am a drudge; I am a rag under the feet of the dogs.

Ungluig 45212 Embury, Surpufi Imrep: We have yet to see a bad daughter and a good daughter-in-law. [i.e., An unmarried girl is always praised, whereas a daughter-in-law is always criticized.]

Հоրшия ипсин тихи пс и **է** утий, и шртий и ппсин ипри тити: The parent's house is an open plain, the husband's house – a dark jail.

Քօղն երեսին, երնէ՛կ փեսին։

The veil is on her face – how lucky is the groom! [Message 1. When the girl is shy, the bridegroom is envied. Message 2. Reference to the old custom of marrying a girl without seeing her before the wedding. Mostly used metaphorically when one is unpleasantly surprised.]

£zullen Sumun zeruw umphu li'enerug: It is in lean years that a bride shows if she is frugal. [Stereotype: A girl should be temperate in her eating.]

Տանը ուղտ կ'ուտին, Հարսին ու աղջկան չի Հասնի։ They eat a camel in the house, the daughter-in-law and the daughter don't get any of it.

["Camel" is used hyperbolically for a great amount of food.]

Գէչ օրն ինծի, գէչ Հարսը քեզի։ The bad luck for me, the bad daughter-in-law for you.

Մլաչ (նուրբ) բուրդը Հարսը գգէ, աղջիկը մանէ. սարտ (կոչտ) բուրդը՝ աղջիկը գգէ, Հարսը մանէ։

The soft wool is for the daughter-in-law to tease, the daughter to spin; the tough wool is for the daughter to tease, the daughter-in- law to spin. [Discrimination against the unmarried daughter in a patriarchal family.]

Հարսին Հէրանց աուն ասա, ոտը բոպիկ էլ կ'երթեայ։ Just mention to the bride her parental home and she'll run there barefoot.

Կեսուրս մեռաւ, տեղս լայնացաւ։ My mother-in-law died, my space became wide.

Մէյ մը նոր տունին, մէյ մ՝ալ նոր Հարսին, ամէն օր բան մը կը պակսի։

A new home and a new bride, every day they must be supplied.

Մի Հարսնանի տունը չէն, երկուսն եղաւ՝ կիսաչէն, երեքը-չորսը, փախի՛ մեչէն (անտառը)։

A home with one daughter-in-law is bright, with two it's still all right, but three or four, it's a catfight! [lit.: ..., run away into the woods!]

ζωρυή ήξζω ήρ υπεζθωωύ (βξωωθή) ω: A new bride's skirt is her enemy. [i.e., A new bride is under constant scrutiny.]

Հարս ու կեսուր կռուեցին, մարդը մնաց քարի արանքին: Mother-in-law and daughter-in-law had a squabble; the husband was caught in the middle.

9-*hd unghun her op sunn un her her op the sunni her per her her op the A crazy daughter will make a smart bride; a crazy bride – a smart wife.*

Սկեսրոջ ուժը Հարսին կը պատի։ The power of a mother-in-law carries most weight with her daughterin-law.

Կեսրար չունեմ, որ ախեմ, կեսուր չունեմ, որ վախեմ, ոտքերս Թոնիր կը կախեմ։

I have no father-in-law to revere, no mother-in-law to fear, I dangle my feet in the toneer*.

[Indicating the sense of freedom a daughter-in-law enjoys when there are no in-laws in the house.]

Հէրանց տունը սառն աղբիւր է, Շանդ-Շանդ կու դան, խմեն՝ դնան: The parents' house is a cold water spring; they [i.e. daughters] come rarely, to drink and to leave.

[i.e., Married daughters should make their visits to the parental house short and infrequent.]

ζωρυը ңեηիցң, **υեρι¹μ**[•] **ζηηիցη**: The bride (should be) from your village, the seeds from your soil.

Հարսը Հաց [ծիսեց, տանտիկինը պարծեցաւ: The bride baked the bread, the housewife [i.e. the mother-in-law] boasted.

Հարսի սուղը սեղանն է։ For a daughter-in-law, setting the table is a grief.

Q[*uounq Հարսը դ. ները կը կոտրէ*: A silent daughter-in-law will break doors. Ղառղառն (ագռաւ) եկաւ երեխիս աչքը Հանեց, ես Հարս էի, ձէն չՀանի։

The raven came and plucked out my child's eye; I was a new bride, so I didn't cry.

[Lit.: ..., "I didn't say a word." In the patriarchal family, newly wed brides were not supposed to speak.]

Фեиш_ј Sons-in-law

Ф*ыµ***ј** *упш***µ**: The shadow of a son-in-law, the shadow of a thorn.

Տուչմանս փեսի յոյսին չմնայ։ I wouldn't wish my enemy to depend on a son-in-law.

Տան փեսայ, չան փեսայ։ A live-in son-in-law is a dog's son-in-law.

Գիչերը քուն, ցերեկն արխուն, փեսաները սիրելի են մարդուն։ Those sons-in-law are the best who in the day work, at night rest.

Suhtumu np hmg, nmh mmh puha hmpmu m: A live-in son-in-law is a mat under the feet.

Հարսն ու փեսին՝ լոյսը փուչ ա, մու [46 անուչ ա: A bride and groom hate sunlight, they love the night.

Φեυμ*i* **με μμμ**, **με μμμμ πι μμμμ**: Brother-in-law and keni*, are like kebob* and wine. [i.e., There is an affinity between a man and his wife's sister.]

Նոր փեսէն անուչ կ'ըլնի, նոր Հարսը՝ սիրովի։ When newly wed, a son-in-law is sweet, a daughter-in-law dear. **Φμμμμ**, **μι ξ μξ**, **μμμι ξ μξ**: A son-in-law who comes rarely comes dearly.

Անարժան փեսէն աներանց ունեցածը իրանը գիտի։ A worthless son-in-law thinks his in-laws' wealth is his own.

Qnpulith uhpud uhtuhu uhtpp u'umt: A father-in-law hates his wife's favorite son-in-law.

Փեսէն զոքանչի սիրեկանն է։ The son-in-law is the mother-in-law's darling.

Фьици ипили ьции, ьпьии цпји ьции: My son-in-law showed up, my face again lit up.

Հարսը մէրանցը, փեսան՝ աներանցը: A daughter-in-law sides with her parents, a son-in-law with his inlaws.

[i.e., Married daughters hold on to their parents; and they predispose their husbands to the same.]

Կնքահայր Godfathers

ψυμεμημ μεμηύ μι, ζη μαμηθηύεμης ξι μηξημ ξει *I am willing to baptize (the child), but not to keep (him).* [Used by someone who shirks excessive responsibilities.]

*Р***ш_прр иприру, инстрр иприру** Changing the godfather is tainting the chrism (holy oil).

bu Soph ne dopp, bu onen ne dnen lawwopp: (S/he resembles) Either the mother and father, or the odd godfather. [Referring to the bond that exists between the godchild and his godparents.]

կնքավար ըլլալը խանդ է, անուն ընելը բան չէ։ Being a godfather is costly, just giving a name costs nothing. **U**dfu quiduj f₁ quiduj f, unundonn quidun que ti f: Every gata* is a gata, but the sanamayr*'s gata is crispiest. [Referring to the godfather who extolls his godchild's mother above all other women]

Քաւորին դրին տանուտէր, առաջ սանամօրը դրեց էչին։ They put the godfather in charge, he seated the sanamayr* on the donkey first.

[Expressing the godfather's fondness of his godchild's mother.]

<u>کسرمستن</u> Weddings

Հարմնեսունը առանց լաց չի լինի, մեռելատունն առանց խնդում։ There is no wedding without tears, and no funeral without cheers.

Շп.т. կшրңп.пղը, չп.т. шկршт (ширшбшչ) п.т.п.прը չի փոչմшир: He who marries early and has breakfast early will have no regrets.

Հարսնոցին խելք պէտք է, Հողու Հացին՝ ուժ: For a wedding you need brains, for a wake meal – lots of strength.

Թէղ ճամբայ ելնողն ու Թէղ կարդուողը չեն փոչմանի։ He who sets out early and marries early will have no regrets.

N' Supumulp b y umulumul, n'y umuqu: There is no shortage of weddings, nor of funerals.

Պսակ [ժէ մահ տարիք չղիտի։ Death and marriage do not know age.

Մահը հօրս, հարսանիքն աղբօրս։ The wake for my father, the wedding for my brother.

ζμ'μ**μμρ**, **ζμ'**μ **μμβ**μ**μμμ** Let's cry, and still go. [A bride cries as part of the ritual when she leaves her parents' house. Used when eagerness must be hidden.]

0Ժիտ Dowry

Կնկայ երեք բաժինը լաց է, մէկն էլ չորեղէն։ A woman's dowry is three-parts tears and one-part clothes.

Unghu nutagng dop dy & Engr Ung: A girl's mother has to keep one hand on her chest. [Message: The costs of a girl's dowry are endless.]

Unghin onthum, emotion munthum: The girl is one day old, her dowry one year old. [i.e., The dowry should grow faster than the child.]

Մօր անունը, աղջկան օժիտ։ The mother's name is the daughter's dowry.

Կնկայ բերած փողը դռան զանգակ ա, անց ու դարձ անելիս, ճակատիդ կը դիպչի։

The money which your wife brought (as a dowry), is a bell over your door; it hits your forehead every time you go in and out.

Կնկայ բաժինքով մարդ չես դառնայ։ Your wife's dowry won't make you amount to anything.

4*iufung phpud uhnpp uhughu (npunulunpulu) sh nunuug:* The money your wife brought in cannot become capital. [i.e., You cannot make profit from your wife's dowry.]

Կնկայ բերած փողը փողու Թիւն չի անի։ The money your wife brought in cannot be used as regular money.

Ճէհէղով (օժիտ) հարսը կ'ուտի հէ՛մ իրեն բերածը, հէ՛մ էրկանը դատածը։

A bride with a dowry will spend both her own and her husband's money.

Բաժինքը մաչ, ինքը ղումաչ։ Her dowry will fade away, her goodness will stay.

Ափսո՛ս չաքար, չան բերան։ Too bad, the sugar is in the dog's mouth.

Շերամն ընկէ չան բերան։ The silkworm ended up in the dog's mouth.

Lung dumphs, **dump junchs**: The good to the bad, the bad to the good. [i.e., The good never finds its match.]

Lun muhán mnýh m numnif: It's the bear who eats the good pear. [i.e., Unworthy men marry the best girls.]

Unghue tenting of the sky; to we her one should reach her up high.



ՄԱՐԴՈՒ ՆԿԱՐԱԳԻՐԸ HUMAN CHARACTER

Themes

խոնար Հև Համեստ
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Անաղնիւ, անվառահելի

խոնարհ եւ համեստ Humble and modest

Pupumni Sunp qinipu qup qp: The fruit-bearing tree will bend its head.

Рерши псир, гедпс упсир: Some have a mouth, but no tongue. [About humble people.]

htpugh be shown Wise and foolish

9-*funn_up 4-im pup puzh*, *wuq5-mp 4-im fum_ up*' *n_mp*: Carry stones with a wise man, don't eat pilaf* with a fool.

Lun է ң hunn luhu ң երի, քան անң էտին սիրելի: Better to be a wise man's slave than a fool's favorite man.

Գիտուն մարդը լացացնելը լաւ ա, քան անդէտը ծիծաղացնելը։ Better to make a wise man cry than a fool laugh.

Գիտուն մեղաւորը լաւ ա, քանց [ժէ անդէտ արդարը։ A wise sinner is better than an innocent fool.

Ցիմարը տալիս է, իսելօքն առնում է։ The fool gives, the wise man takes.

9-*dhu puuhhphp*, *4bmpuuu*: If you put a fool to work, go with him.

Գիժն ու Հարբածը մէկ ա։ A fool and a drunkard are two of a kind.

b*bl*<u>p</u>*p* **d***b***ð** *n***Luqu***h***lt f f u***n***gu***bp*: Brains don't ask young or old.

խելօքի բեռը խեւին չալակը։ The wise man's load is on the fool's back.

Use the second of the second

խենդը քուն, բախտն արթեուն։ The fool is asleep, his luck is awake.

Խեւին գլուխը չուտ չի Տերմկի։ A fool's hair won't turn grey fast.

Full ful_prof l'trofbuj wrwg: It's the brain that keep things going.

Խելքը լաւ է, քանց դովլա[ծը (Հարստու[ծիւն)։ Brains are better than wealth.

n's fut to put the form wise men, nor approach the fool.

Գտակը մենծ, տակը դատարկ։ A big cap, empty underneath.

Ufuser fullingfu praylymr, oninu qquar mugue: By the time the wise man took off his shoes, the fool crossed the river.

9_{[n-[up} 4_{uum}, 8_{n-8}_p <u>p</u>_{up}ul_i: His head is thick, his brain is thin. **9.** hold and the second state of the second s

hblp np pudbbgfbi, **qugbpfp fmpupq** (4**upqubng**): When brains were distributed, he was in the hayloft.

Գժի Ջաղացքը Աստուած կ՝աղայ։ It's God who makes the fool's mill run.

Գժի աչքումը խելօքն էլ գիժ կ'երեւայ։ In the eyes of the fool, wise men seem foolish too.

Գժի Հետ դիժ չեն լինի։ Don't become foolish with the fool.

Գիժը խելօքին մասիսարա կը գցէ։ The fool makes fun of the wise.

Գիժը չի ամաչի, գժի տէրը կ՝ամաչի։ The embarrassment is not for the fool but for his master.

μυμμείται μπωτη τη μπειμή: Fools don't grow horns. [i.e., Foolish people have no visible marks.]

bենդին կովն ա կորեր, իսելօքին իսրատ է եղեր։ The fool lost his cow, the wise man learned from it.

hhlunhi julih, hhleph umuphi jh: If not for the fool, the wise man couldn't make a living.

Շատ խելացին ծռուն աղբէր է։ Too much intelligence borders on stupidity.

Մինչեւ խելօքը միտք անի, գիժը տղին կը պաակի։ While the wise man thinks it over, the fool marries off his son.

Մինչեւ խելօքը մտածի, գիժն իր բանը կը տեսնի։ While the wise man reflected, the fool got what he wanted. **Usufpmp offer not always unlucky, nor is the wise man always lucky.**

Umpty of the second se

Անամօթ, անզգամ, անառակ Shameless, insolent, immoral

N' z Ulumònig he dudutiug, n' z ulumpinig d'und ziug: Neither afraid of God, nor ashamed of man.

Անամօթ մարդը, օիստը (եօթը) չապիկ ունի, մէկը վրադ կը նետէ։ An insolent person has seven shirts, one he will throw on you.

Ամօթեր ամչցողի Համար է։ Shame is for those who know shame.

Usundo of sumph transform (begins for the state of the second second

Ճարպիկ գողը տանտէրը կը բռնէ։ A skillful thief nabs the landlord (as a thief).

Եկաւ դրսենին, դուրս ըրաւ զներսինին։ The outsider came and kicked out the insider.

Անդաստիարակ, անկիր[ժ Ill-bred, uneducated

ξ₂ με_με_μ ξ, ξ₂ μεδωμε_μ: He ate like an ass, he grew up like an ass.

Цурр инийнун, йшрүшү үр үшр **б***: He sees an "A" and thinks he sees roofbeams.* **Φ**η<u>μ</u> Δμ_μμμ Δμ_μ Δμ_μ ζ^μμμ_μ: If you slit open his stomach, not even an Ayb* would come out. [About a person deprived of education.]

Անհասկացող, անհաղորդ Dense, stupid

իմացողին մէկ, չիմացողին՝ Հաղար։ For the bright – say it once; for the dumb – a thousand times.

Uunnhu lunn 5 ufsmæ: A speaker needs a listener.

Հասկացողին մին ասա, չհասկացողին՝ հա' կաց, հա' ասա: To the brainy – say it once; to the dense – say it many times.

խելօքին մին, անխելքին՝ Հաղար ու մին։ To the clever, once; to the dummy, a thousand and one times.

իմացողին սաղ, չիմացողին զուռնէն էլ Հերիք չի։ For those who listen the saz* is enough; for those who don't, even the zurna* is not enough.

*Հեչտ է քարին խոտ բուսցնել, քան Թէ քեղի խօսք Հասկցնել***: It is easier to grow grass on stones than to teach you reason.**

Անձրեւն ի՛նչ անի քարին, խրատն ի՛նչ անի չարին։ What can rain do to a stone, and counsel to the evil?

Սեւը սապոնն ի՛նչ անի, խեւը խրատն ի՛նչ անի։ What can soap do for the dark-skinned, advice for the thick-skinned?

Կոյրի առաջ հա՛ դու ճրադ վառի։ What's the use in burning a candle in front of the blind?

Անհոդ եւ անտարբեր Careless and indifferent

Գիժը դնաց Հարսնետուն, ասեց․ «Էստեղ լաւ ա քանց մեր տուն»։ The fool went to a wedding, he said: "I like it here more than in my house."

Unity (Wiggers) Support with op quipment f: To the unfeeling, every day is a spring day.

ዓ-ተի համար ամէն օր Նոր Տարի ա։ To the fool, every day is New Year's Day.

ԳԺի Համար ամէն օր Զատիկ ա։ To the fool, every day is Easter.

Գժի Համար ամէն օր Հարսանիք ա։ To the fool, every day is a wedding day.

Unung Sump zum Gump: An unfeeling person lives long.

Ականջին մէկէն կը մտնէ, միւսէն կ՝ելլէ։ It goes in one ear and comes out the other.

Անպէտ, անչնորհ.ք Good-for-nothing, unfit

Մարդ կայ մարդ ա, մարդ էլ կայ էչոց վատ ա Some people have class, others are worse than an ass.

hznc umphymldp (zunp4p) qnmlu f: Braying is the donkey's only talent.

Մարդ էլ կայ, մարդակ էլ։ Some are people, some are roofbeams.

Կարիճին ասին, կիճդ դեղ ա, խոր խրեց։ They told the scorpion: "Your sting is a remedy"; he stung deeper. *N' [dptin w, n' f uni muln:* He is neither to be spit out, nor to be swallowed.

*h***₂***n***₁***b***₁** *p***₁***n***₁***f***₁***b***₁** *w***₁***m***₁***f***₁***h*

Թէ օրՀնեմ, օրՀնելու չի, անիծեմ, անիծելու չի։ He is neither to be blessed, nor to be cursed.

Пипе церидо интере це заприбииј: Wherever he steps, it withers.

Կոխած տեղը չայիր (մարդադետին) չի բուսնիր։ Wherever he steps, no pasture grows.

*Ունքը սրբած ժամանակ աչքը կը Հանէ***:** While wiping his brow, he plucks out his eye.

Use weight Solution (upper the sack; his feet jutted out.

Բարեւ տուողին էչը կը սատկի։ If he greets a man, the man's donkey dies.

Իր տանը կրակ, ուրիչին ճրաղ։ To his own, a (raging) fire; to strangers, a (shining) light.

Անտեղեակ Ignorant

Lute 5 Fungung funepulu fung, 5h afunta fusultu funtati: He knows of dates in Baghdad, but knows not how to eat them. **Ով տուն չէ չիներ, գիտէ սիւնն ի մէջն է բուսեր**: He who has never built a house thinks the pillar grew in it.

Quality in the interpretation of the set of

bu **muntul bull benefitip bull bull muntul m, puble mpmg ntbbu**: I am saying: "I am an eunuch"; he is asking how many children I have.

½ ին ռեհան կը տան, որ հոտ անի, բերանը կը տանի: They give the donkey the basil to smell, he takes it in his mouth.

ξ₂h μιμμύξητ.β μ⁵μμό ξ: He is sleeping in the donkey's ear. [Said about people who are unaware of what goes on around them.]

Անտնտես, չռայլ Improvident, wasteful

Uh op puph-puphhung, uh op unofth unpunphung: One day – feasting, another day – fasting.

Շափ–չափ կ՝ուտեն, չաբխով կ՝աչեն։ They eat like pigs, then starve for weeks.

Գղալ-դղալ ժողուեցի, չերեփ-չերեփ ցրուեցի։ I saved it by the spoon, I spent it by the scoop.

Դատիմ, դատիմ, տամ չներուն։ I saved it day by day, to give it all away (to the dogs).

Use and an analysis of a set of the set of

Տալով, տալով, ծովն էլ կը Հատնի։ By giving and giving, even the ocean will run dry.

Բարկացկոտ Ill-tempered

Բարկացող մարդը չուտ կը ծերանայ։ Ill-tempered people grow old fast.

Fupupt_ftunge toppediation of the second toppediation of the second toppediation of the second toppediation of the second toppediate toppedia

Թունդ քացախը իր ամանը կը ճաքացնի։ A strong vinegar will crack its own vessel.

Պղինձը չատ որ ըլնի, իր վրէն կը Շափի։ An overflowing pot pours over itself.

buse upper, dupper quart, dtd t: An aggravated heart and an flooding river are the same.

Եսամոլ և չահասէր Egocentric and profit-seeking

Unul Stepp, **Junn** Stephing. First for me, then for my folks.

Մէկի աչքն ա դուրս եկեր, մէկէլն ըսաւ՝ տո՛ւր, տանեմ կատուիս։ One has an eye taken out; the other says: "Let me take it to my cat."

Մէկին միրուքը վառեցաւ, կեցի՛ր տաքնամ, ըսաւ միւսը։ Someone's beard caught fire. "Let me warm myself," said the other.

Uopnt_pu pr. Lulter 5, Uput: Utility for the says: "Let me light my pipe."

Unug unplotent, stand npn num: First for my skin, then for my kin [lit.: ... my son].

Фпри вот 5, дибид дори: My own stomach is closer than my sister's. **Կատուի մուկ բռնելը, իր փորի Համար է**։ The cat catches mice for its own stomach.

Քեղ չատ կ'ուղեմ, Համա ինձ քեղանէ չատ կ'ուղեմ։ I like you very much, but I like myself much more.

Հարեւանիս կը սիրեմ, որ Հաւարիս դայ Հասնի: I love my neighbor for rushing out when I call for help.

Հաց ու զինի ունիս, իմ սէրը զուն ես, Հաց ու զինի չունիս, իմ զեւը զուն ես: If you have bread and wine, you are my angel; if you don't, you are my dev*.

Հարեւանիս սիրում եմ, որ մատիս դեղ անի: I love my neighbor for mending my finger.

ԷՆ Հարեւանին մեռնիմ, որ ձուիս աղ կ'ընէ։ I would lay down my life for that neighbor who salts my egg.

Գայլը Թողածը կ'ափսոսայ, Հովիւը՝ յափչտակուածը։ The wolf deplores what he left, the shepherd – the theft.

βξρη μαραδύ ξη μαρμα, ηξρή βύασμοδη: The owner cries for the missing; the wolf for the missed.

Uteruted fu Superior my performed and set of the set o

["Sickly eyes" stands for a person with a revolting appearance.]

իմ զուռնէն չփչեմ, ինչ ա քու էչը հուչտ չըլնի՞ (չխրչի)։ Should I stop blowing my zurna* so your donkey won't be annoyed?

Usen of the set of the

<u>Cutug</u> bhompu, np tu ti bhomptu: Laugh in a way that I can laugh as well.

Don't be like an axe, always aimed toward you; be like a saw, once toward us, once toward you.

Երախտաղէտ և ապերախտ Grateful and ungrateful

ինչ աղբրից մարդ ջուր խմի, էն աղբրին քար չեն գցի։ You should not cast stones in the well from which you drink water.

Հաւն որ հաւ ա, որ ջուր խմայ, Աստուած կ'իչկայ: Even the chicken looks up to God after drinking water.

Спьир Цершо инрр Цр Сиў: A dog barks where it's fed.

Շունը տիրոջը կը ճանչնայ։ A dog recognizes his master.

Շունն էլ իր տիրոջը վրայ չի Հաջի։ Not even a dog barks at his master.

Կախնատու կովի պտուկին չեն խքի։ You shouldn't spit on the udder of a milk cow.

Թող ասեն գէչ ա, Թող չասեն էչ ա։ Let them call me nasty, but not an ass.

Umnub odu muggutu, mnul gtal hugdet: Warm a frozen serpent, and it will bite you first.

Oáh áman, mang musan-stangunghu hn huðuf: The snake's young will bite its caretaker first.

hpulug mulu lan bu numul, humph mulu dat udati: They eat grain in their own home and lay eggs in someone else's.

Գոգիդ նստեմ, միրուքդ փետեմ։ Let me sit on your lap and pull out your beard.

Հացը ծնկանը, աչքը կնկանը։ The host's bread on his lap, his eye on the host's wife.

חרו שוחרו בו, וות קחרה בו, שוחרו ב, וות קבר קחרה בו. Whomever I call my love calls me a dev*.

Прпьи шури рић, шури чийњу: Whomever I called "apple of my eye" pulled out my eye.

Unphipe of Solution and Solution of the Solution of Solution of Solution of Solution of Solution of Solution of Solution and Solution of Solution of

Qhu uumun, Uumnund unngun, áhnug hun, áhu unngun: He rode the horse, he forgot God; he got off the horse, he forgot the horse.

Երես առած, չփացած, աներես Spoiled, pampered, intrusive, impertinent

Երես տուինը, աստառ ուղեց։ We gave him the fabric and he asked for the lining.

9-*ndwghu Ulphuwu, buu pupty uumnuhuwu:* They praised Alikhan [male name]; he went and shat on the divan. [lit.: ... "on the window."]

Uhu uh' mu, np Ephn fnqh: Don't give him one, he will ask for two.

Թանքին տեղ արաւ, կրունկին էլ կ'ուղէ։ He made room for his palm, now he wants room for his heel.

Пинид инар. 4. [huntu f] ('ntqf: He made room for his feet, now he wants room for his head.

Φωηξ մը տուինը խսսեցուցինը, երկուսը կու տանը, ձէնը չի կտրէ: We gave him one penny to talk; with two pennies we cannot stop him. **Риры иши, Рирыцыйции цпс циј:** If you greet him, he will visit you at Paregentan*.

*Շու***նը որ խաղող ուտել սորվի, բաղը կը քանդի**: If the dog gets used to eating grapes, he will destroy the vineyard.

Երեսը Թքնես, անձրեւ կու գայ, կ'ըսէ։ Spit in his face and he will say it's raining.

Դռնէն վռնտես, երդիջէն ներս կ'ընկնի։ If you throw him out the door, he will come in through the sky-light.

Երկերեսանի, կեղծաւոր և չողոքոր[Two-faced, deceitful, and hypocritical

Երեսանց Հայելի, տակեւանց ածելի: On the surface – a mirror, underneath – a razor.

Դիմացէն Հայելի, ետեւէն ածելի։ From the front – a mirror, from the back – a razor.

Տանը Հայելի, դուրսը ածելի։ At home – a mirror, outside – a razor.

Դп_рир_рш<шишу, инрир_иштшишу: Outside – a priest, inside – a beast.

9ый перпей, дришии дрр: I don't want it, put it in my pocket.

Ներսէն խնամի, դրսէն թշնամի։ Inside – an in-law, outside – a foe.

9*hzերը ңпппlfhLu l'puf, gbpblpuf, mnnpuftww l'puf:* At night he's a thief, in the day a man of belief.

Մէկ ձեռքով խաչ կը Հանէ, մէկալով գողու Թիւն կ'ընէ։ With one hand he crosses himself, with the other he steals. **9-5***Lh* **4***Em* **q***m***n***b m* **n***Lm***n***L***d**, *mhp***n2 4***Em* **q***my***q***lnL***q** *t mbnL***d**: With the wolf he devours the lamb; with the owner he laments it.

Շան կաղալուն մի՛ Հաւատա։ Don't believe a dog's limping.

Շան կաղալը մինչ դիլու տեսնալն է։ The dog's limping will last until he sees the wolf.

Դրսից չատ տաք, ներսից չան քաք։ Outside – witty, inside – shitty.

Շատ անուչ է, տակը փուչ է։ Very sweet, but thorny underneath.

*Շողոքոր***[** *դառը* **οίμμη βοη կը δδή:** A two-faced lamb would suck seven mother sheep.

Unim խենդ է եղեր, վանքի Հաւերը կ'ուտէ։ He pretends to be a fool and devours the monastery's chickens.

*Рш***ղдр [Еңпьй обр бш[рр Цр Сшир**: A sweet tongue can talk the snake out of its den.

Լեղուն մեղը, սիրտը լեղի։ His tongue is honey, his heart is gall.

Հաւի յարդը չիմացող Unable to appreciate the good

ξεύ μ΄ με φ μπρ, υπεεύ μ΄ με ξ: What does the donkey know of the almond?

Unhumlh Engle high Summer grang 5: The nightingale's song is to the donkey a roar. *Շու***նն ի՛նչ գիտի,** *Շա***հն ի՛նչ է։** What does a dog know of the Shah*?

hnąh ąլn-hun ubnuhu bu ąnb, ąnhbu wnphu bu huhu. They put the pig's head on the table, it rolled into the garbage.

խողի առաջ մարդարիտ չեն փռի։ You don't cast pearls before swine.

Սնափառ Vain

Ոսին արեխ չունի, գլխին վարդ է չարում։ She has no shoes to wear, yet she puts roses in her hair.

S*nLuμ ξnLuμ μμμμ μμμμ μμμμμ μμμμμ μμμμμ*. At home she has no tan* to drink, yet walks the streets in silk and mink.

Տունը չկայ Թան ու փոչի, գլուխը կապեր ա կարմիր փուչի (բարակ գլխաչոր)։ At home she has to crave and starve, but still she wears a purple scarf.

Շոր չունի Հաղնելու, **\$**այտոնով կ'երթայ քաքնելու։ She has an empty wardrobe, but takes a coach to the commode.

Опј<u></u>, ширши Lazy, inactive

Ալարողի (ծոյլի) ապրանքը լաց կ'ըլնի։ The idle man's goods will cry.

Ով ալարի, ո՛չ դալարի։ If you don't strive, you'll never thrive.

Անդատել ձեռ ջ անօթի փորի վրայ է։ An idle hand rests on an empty stomach. **Ամռան պառկեմ Հովեր, ձմռան Հատին կովեր։** In summer I lay in the shade; in winter my cows lay dead.

Ծուլու[ժիւն չի դանի արքայու[ժիւն։ Laziness will never find happiness.

Ես Աղա, դու Աղա, մեր ջաղացքը ո՞վ աղայ։ I am an Agha*, you are an Agha; who will turn our mill?

bu псити, пре псити, ри вы пре п'я пре п'я по итя: I am a boss, and you are a boss, who will take out our dross?

Հաց դնեմ, հասի՛, բան դնեմ, փախի՛։ I set the table, you run for it; I give you work, you run from it.

hunn numling numm w, plan multiply wumumul: To eat cookies, he is a camel; to carry loads, he is an ass.

*Բանի անունը տալուց գլխի ցաւը բռնում ա***։** When he hears of work, his headache starts.

Userwin Sug numeric in uning 5, emittifui Shumin: When it comes to eating, a lazybones is healthy, when it comes to working, he is sick.

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Հпңը ишрисши, ешие орисши: The worry of one year, the work of one day. [On procrastination]

Ծառի տակին պառկելուն, բերանդ տանձ չի ընկնի։ If you lay under the tree, pears won't fall into your mouth.

Բան բանողին բան չատ, պարապ պառկողին, չուք չատ։ For the worker – lots of trade, for the loafer – lots of shade. **Հարամ Հաց ուտողը երկար չի ապրի**: He who eats stolen bread will not live long.

Ուտելուց չորս ձեռնանի կը դառնայ, անելուց, կը չոնթանայ (Հաչմանալ)։

To eat he is prepared, to work he is impaired. [Lit.: When eating, he has four hands; when working, he is disabled.]

8்யபீயா Stubborn

Կը մեռնեմ, մեղա Աստծու չեմ ասի։ I would rather die than repent.

Դու ինչ ուղում ես ասա, նա իր էչն ա քչում: Say what you will, he will have his way. [Lit.: ..., "he is driving his donkey ahead."]

Դու ինչ ուղում ես ասա, նա իր ղուռնէն ա փչում։ Whatever you say, he will blow his zurna*.

Իչու ինատը (յամառուխիւն) կամրջի վրայ կը բռնէ։ The donkey turns stubborn just on the bridge.

bu μ'μuեu', եυ μμ μuեu': I am talking, I am listening. [Used when the stubborn are not paying attention.]

կծծի և ագահ Stingy and greedy

Լու քերխելով մարդ չեն դառնայ։ You can't get anywhere by skinning a flea.

*Մ***шран шұр йһ рыл чара цр цұтшишу**: Merely a handful of earth will fill up one's eyes.

Цпь ру Блу Смина и: *He would squeeze oil from a flea.* **Օձ ընկնի ձեռը կը խուղէ։** If he gets hold of a snake, he will shave it.

Հաւկիխ որ տայ, մէջը դեղնուց չի գտնուիր։ If he gives you an egg, it won't have a yolk.

bqww mulp Snpld lp uhum.t: He looks for a calf under an ox.

Չեն ուտեր, որ չքաքնեն։ They don't eat, so they don't shit.

ՔիՇին քաքը ուտող է։ He would eat the snot from his nose.

իր քաքը կ'ուտի, դատածը չի ուտի։ He would eat his droppings, but not his savings.

Շանից մաղ պոկելը խէր ա։ Plucking a hair from a dog is still a gain.

4*nщեկի վրш քшп.шип. и чирng цр q gh*: For a penny, he would turn forty somersaults.

Qnumnph մшp numnphu Հաpաp w: What the miser won't eat suits those who eat it.

QERTY of <u>prove</u>, <u>solution</u> <u>description</u> <u>description</u> <u>in the second secon</u>

488*hh sulp hhuwuhpp h*'*nuhtu*, *hppp*: The goods of the greedy will be eaten by his sons-in-law, his neck – by the lice.

Մարդուս աչքը ծակ է։ Eyes are bottomless pits.

 Swuáu huðh, huuánnu huðh, uhnuh tí uhnun u'nunh: The pear for me; the apple for me; I crave the quince as well.

Unfu ne ufumnpe shumu efunpe dimen if He who scrimps on onion and garlic will not eat pacha*.

N'₂ **µ'n_m±n'**, **n'**₂ **µ'n_m±gutu'**, **q_mpmµ**<u>µ</u><u>µ</u><u>µ</u><u>u</u>**tutu'**, **µ**<u>µ</u><u>u</u>**m±gutu'**</u>. I won't eat it, nor will I let you taste it; I'll put it in the drawer and waste it.

Մարդ կայ որ մեղջն ալ ուրիչի չի տար։ Some people wouldn't give away even their sins.

Uquisti unung, tu fuuquigh: **U**umniudi unung, ¿suiumugh: The miser said: "I was a happy guy." God said: "That is a lie."

2*phwlfp bl mqpnll* Parasitic and freeloading

Պապան բերէ, մաման եփէ, տատան ուտէ։ Daddy will bring, Mommy will cook, baby will eat.

Սատկած էչ ման կու գայ, որ նալերը քաչէ։ He is looking for a dead donkey so he can pull off its hooves.

Հорը բերածը կերել **է**, մօրը մանածը Հագեր **է**։ He spent what his father won, he wore out what his mother spun.

ப்பில் குது கின்னு கின்னு கின் A skillful and resourceful

Սատանից օխտն (եօլժը) օր առաջ է ծնուել։ He was born seven days before the devil.

Ղшашра арық раби шшашра: Lazar [male name] knows his bazaar.

Դատարկ զցում է, որ լիքը բռնի։ He throws it empty to catch it full. **Ինչ քար վերցնես, տակէն դուրս կու դայ։** Whatever stone you lift, he will be underneath.

Գիտուն աղուէսը երկու ոտով Թակարդ կ'ընկնի։ The skillful fox gets trapped with both feet.

Ճարպիկ մուկը երկու ոտով կ'ընկնի Թալաջ։ The clever mouse gets trapped with both feet.

Անակզբունք ու յարմարուող Lacking principles and conforming to others

Дп.рр Цр тыйц, **б**п.Ц Ц'р][ш]. **б**шЦр Цр тыйц, вп.Ц Ц'р][ш]: Seeing water, he is a fish; seeing a hole, he is a mouse.

Ձմեռը Համամչի, ամառը բաղմանչի։ In winter – bath attendant; in summer – gardener.

Քամին որ կողմը փչէ, Հոն կը դառնայ։ Wherever the wind blows, there he turns.

Գիլու տարածը Հօր Հոդուն մատաղ է ասում։ What the wolf steals, he passes off as his father's matagh*.

Մէջընկան Meddlesome

Пу Стри, пр. Стрибитери. Where there is a bride, you are the bridesmaid.

Пі фінші, цпі фіншіці ў п: Where there is a groom, you are the best man.

Привар врият уль и сова, ули странии и след и след и следии. Where they yoke two dogs, you will be the driver.

Usung anult ulti under under

Перива цаетаци, рид сватир илец. Where there is a pot, he will be the lid.

Հնդկաստան ընկոյղ կտրեն, մէջէն կ'ելլէ։ If they crack a walnut in India, he will come out of it.

Իրան աչքի գերանը Թողած, ուրիչի չոփն է ման գալիս։ Ignoring the beam in his own eye, he looks for the splinter in someone else's eye.

Դեղ ունիս քո գլխին արա։ If you have a cure, cure your head.

*P***Eq Sundup Eu punch, nephyh Sundup Epunq inEutunch:** You sleep for yourself, you dream for others.

4num nuufu, pnu 4muh mnungu mohn: If you have grain, feed your hen.

hpmm nthhu, qthuhq mnth, umqnh nthhu tnhhq: If you have advice, use it for your head; if you have soap, use it for your robe.

Շատախօս Talkative

Շատախօսի գլուխը ծակ ա։ A chatterbox has a hole in his head.

Շատ Հաջան չունը, ոչխարին գէլ կը բերէ։ A barking dog invites wolves to the sheep. **І**льц**и է јш**ң[дер гипифиоифи: Only a deaf man can beat a babbler.

Դժուարահան եւ բծախնդիր Fussy and meticulous

Շատ լաւին ման եկողը, չատ փիսին ռաստ կը գայ։ He who searches for the best will end up with the worst.

Շատ մի ընտրի, ընտրտոցը կ'ընկնես: Don't be choosy, you will lose your choices.

Որկրամոլ, չատակեր Gluttonous, voracious

Фпр пь Sпрр iff f: A belly and a well are the same.

Ծակ բողաղը (կոկորդ) ինչ որ լցնես, ներս կ'եր[ժայ։ The bottomless throat swallows everything you push down it.

β-μριθωδυρ (μηφ.) μηδυρ ξμ, ημηθωδωδιησης ζη μηδιδ μ: The hay is not yours – the haybarn surely is. [Referring to a gluttonous guest devouring large amounts of food; "hay" is a metaphor for food and "haybarn" for the stomach.]

Մէկ չուտողէն վախցիր, մէկ ուտողէն։ Beware of those who either eat too much or don't eat at all.

⁶μμη πμητείρι είτε πμητεί τη ματρ. If you eat too much, you will be deprived of eating little. [i.e., If you squander, you will be deprived of necessities.]

Փորը լի, աչքն անօ[ժի։ The stomach is full; the eye is hungry.

9*ш*р, *qшdшb*, *tµul* Nasty, cruel, unkind

Oáhu dung deput, oán du numh: If he spits on the snake, it will die.

Цры рим, имрал урму ур бицыр: If he were the sun, he wouldn't shine on anyone.

9-*wjjp wphind w 4wppnis*: The wolf gets drunk on blood.

Մատից փուչ Հանող պատւղ չի։ He is not the kind to pull a thorn from anyone's finger.

Π'ε μυδμ μπμ βμ, π'ε ημωμμμυ μμμι μπμ: I don't want a cow, nor should my neighbor get two.

Կատուին ասին աղբղ դեղ է, խորունկ խաղեց։ When told its excrement is a remedy, the cat buried it deep.

Որ ասեն մէզը դեղ է, ոչ ոքի վրայ չի չռի։ If they told him his urine could cure, he wouldn't urinate on anyone.

Umunu fi u hum & trafu, dumununu fi fi: Both the sand* and the varsang* are in his hands. [i.e., He is very powerful and nasty.]

Քարն էլ ա իրա ձեռին, պոպոքն էլ։ Both the stone and the walnut are in his hands.

թուղ թեն էլ ա իրա ձեռին, կալամն էլ։ Both the paper and the pen are in his hands.

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Չանեմ, չՀաւանեմ։ I do nothing, nor do I like what others do.

<mark>Կարօն Հաւնաւ Մարոյին, Մարօն չՀաւնաւ Կարոյին։</mark> Karo liked Maro, Maro didn't like Karo.

[Said about people who claim to dislike someone when, in fact, they are the rejected ones. Karo is a male name, Maro, a female name.]

Ես աղռաւին հաւանեցի, աղռաւն ինձ չհաւանեց։ I liked the crow, the crow didn't like me.

Uncqhifti unghi thi multu, in nequest f qnpuilti f uhpmei thin: They refuse the hunchback (the hand of) their daughter; he demands that the (future) mother-in-law be beautiful too.

Բերան չէ, խորան է։ It's not a mouth, it's an altar.

Uho umphpu hugu t umbqohu, mqmhhubpp dmhhg hu bqb: He created the big mountains here; the small ones there grew out of fear.

Աբլորը երդկի գլխին կայնելուց, ասում ա. «Էս տները ո՞նց են տակիս դիմանում»։ The rooster on the roof wonders: "How can these houses support my weight?"

ζωι չեղած, [θωπ Է [θπίπι]: Before becoming a hen, she jumps on the perch.

Πιημώ μυμμ. «Շարբաբ (մետաքսագործ) եմ»: Ասացին. «Ոտք ու ձեռքիղ սաղում է»: The camel said: "I am a silkmaker." They said: "Your hands and feet are surely suited for it."

Մուկ չեղած, դդում կը ծակէ։ He is not yet a mouse, yet he nibbles at the pumpkin.
9-*ипр 4-идр пише «Ридпери»*: *3пры 4-идр пише «Сип ир*' *ридперр*, *4пирри»*: The barley bread said: "I will rise open." The wheat bread said: "Don't open too much, you'll pop."

ζημθμ ημ μημβ ωπ.ωξύ μύψύβ, ηξμμ μμ υπιύβ: When the calf walks ahead of the cow, the wolf snatches it.

Պումուր մարդիկ մեծ երազ կը տեսնան։ Little people dream big dreams.

Դատարկ սէլը չատ ձէն կը Հանէ։ An empty carriage makes a lot of noise.

Բանն արա, յետոյ պարծեցիր։ Get things done, then start bragging.

Շատ վեր Թռնողը չուտ ցած կ'իյնայ։ He who flies high will fall before long.

Շատ պարծեցողը պարկը կը մտնի։ If you are eager to brag, you will end up in a bag.

Unnew John, unp phy and und: First jump over the brook, then seek my praise.

Գորտին Հարցուցին քի. «Ինչու° տայմա (չարունակ) կը պոռաս»։ «Ձայնիս զմայլած եմ» ըսաւ։ They asked the frog, "Why do you croak so much?" "I'm fond of my voice," it replied.

Unuly woff, stand stand under an egg, then cackle.

Դուն քեղ մի' դովեր, [ծող ուրիչը դովէ: Don't praise yourself, let others praise you.

Up wull upper upp

Ինքը պղտիկ, լեղուն մեծ։ His size is small, his tongue is big.

Մեծախօսի ձեռքէն բան չի գայ։ A big mouth has clumsy hands.

Φիատէն (Հետիոտն) ձիաւորի վրէն ծիծաղում ա։ The footman is laughing at the rider.

խորող չեղած, կը կանչէ։ He crows before becoming a rooster.

Ubibioubiniifiiubiifiiihinihiihiih

bu **und quurters, fug und muj guppeq**: I am coming from the convent, he is preaching the sermon.

*Π'չ մարդանման, ո'չ մարդաՀաւան***։** He doesn't look like anyone, nor does he like anyone.

Իրեն գովողը կ'իյնայ աղբին կողովը։ A boastful man ends up in the garbage can.

Հպարտը, մի օր կը մտնի պարկը: The proud, one day, will go into the shroud.

Հպարտ մարդու տակը փուտ է, ինչ որ ասի, սուտ է։ A braggart is full of hot air; what he says is never there.

Пириц ишципр вь бизи цр сий; An empty barrel makes a lot of noise.

Цреничинар ыл шишренич Worthy and unworthy

U54 4mg, Sumpm upot, Sumpm 4mg, U54 2'upot: Some ones are worth a thousand; some thousands are not worth even one. *Մшрң Цш*, *մшрң ш, йшрң Цш*, *qшрң ш*: Some people are real people, others are ornaments.

Մարդ մարդու քաՀանայ, մարդ մարդու սատանայ։ Man can be someone's priest; man can be someone's beast.

ՀաւուԹիւնին լաւուԹիւն, ամէն մարդու բանն ա, վատուԹիւնին լաւուԹիւն, մարդ մարդու բանն ա։

To repay good with good, anyone can; to repay evil with good, only a good man can.

Վшॄшµпт Coward

Վախկոտ չունը որս չի անի։ A timid dog cannot hunt.

Lupulume ofthe channers of the should be a start of the should be start of the should be a star

95//19 վախցողը ոչխար չի անիլ։ He who is afraid of wolves won't keep sheep.

ինքն իր չուքէն կը վախնայ։ He is afraid of his own shadow.

Անազնիւ, անվստահելի Dishonest, untrustworthy

Դավէն փալանով կուլ կը տայ։ He could swallow a camel along with its saddle.

Շանը չապիկ կը Հաղցնէ, կատուին՝ վարտիք։ He could put a shirt on a dog and shorts on a cat. **Դատարկ գցում է, որ լիքը բռնի**: He throws it empty to catch it full.

Uulpg Stand Lange, Uumbalu La Sometung: Whoever stays away from him, approaches God.

Բանուորի մանդաղ գողացող է։ He would steal a workman's sickle.

bolde qhq dfq html he munum: He would load seven villages on one donkey.

Տղան մամու փորէն կը Հանէ։ He would pull a child from its mother's belly.

Unutug functulf-andformument for the second second

Մեռելը Հողէն կը Հանէ։ He would dig the dead out of the grave.

*P***Eq шղբիւր կը տանի, ծարшւ յետ կը բերի**: He would take you to the spring and take you back thirsty.



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Մարդ միչտ պատրուակ մը կը դտնէ One always finds excuses

Արտը խախուտ, մահանան (չինծու պատճառ) կարկուտ։ The crop is of no use, the hail is an excuse.

Snlup fumfunum, sumsunu fumfunum: The house decays, it's the hail, he says.

Բակը ծուռ է, կովը կախ չի տայ։ The barnyard is crooked, the cow has no milk.

Խլլոտին ցուրտն է մահանա։ For a runny nose, the cold weather is an excuse.

bulinmhu Հարցուցիu. «Քիթեդ իuչո՞ւ կը վшąէ»: «Ձմեռ է» – ըиши: «Քեզ шմшռն шլ գիտեuք, ձմեռն шլ»: They asked the runny nosed man, "Why is your nose running?" "It's winter," he replied. "We know you in the summer, as well as in the winter."

Ψωρωιήυ μυήυ. «Իυξπι[®] πωντρη Ψωρυήρη τω»: «Ցπιρω ξ», - μυωι: «Հω», μυήν, «ντύρ ετη μνωπιν ωι ωτυωντρ»: They asked the partridge, "Why are your feet so red?" "Because of the cold," it replied. "Well," they said, "we saw you in the summer, too."

Ճպուոտ աչքին մուիսը պատճառ։ For the sick eyes, smoke is an excuse.

Երեխէն մաՀանա, մէրը կչտանայ։ The child is an excuse for the mother to have her fill.

խախուտ մարդուն դարեՀացը մաՀանա։ For the sickly person the barley bread is an excuse.

Քոռին մութը մահանա։ For the blind, darkness is to blame. **Կատուի դունչը մսին չհասաւ, ասաց։ «Էսօր ուրբախ է։»** The cat could not get to the meat, it said: "Today is Friday." [Friday is a day of fasting.]

Solution and Solutions of the set of the se

Աղուէսի դունչը խաղողին չՀասաւ, ասաց․ «Խակ է»։ The fox couldn't reach the grapes, it said: "They are green."

Մարդը Հողեղէն է, երկնքեն չէ։ Humans are of earth, not of heaven.

Սխալիլը մարդկային է։ To err is human.

Մարդ կ'օդտուի յարմար առիժէն People take advantage of opportunities

Գողը ի՞նչ է ուղում. մութ գիչեր։ What does a thief wish for? A dark night.

Գէլն ամպ օրը կ'ուրախանայ։ The wolf will rejoice on a cloudy day.

9-*ξ[u μιμ* ορ *μ'nμρ*, *μηηρ' μnμβ μμμμ*. The wolf longs for a cloudy day; the thief – for a dark night.

Uhuչեւ **2***nupp* **2***upmnpnuh*, **&***nul* **2***h pnunuh*: You cannot catch a fish before the water gets muddy.

կատուն տունը չի, մկները պար կը խաղան։ The cat is away, the mice will dance and play.

Շները կռուեցին, անցորդի բանը յաջողուեց։ The dogs fought, the pedestrian got away.

Մարդիկ տարբեր են People are different

Ամէն մարդ էլ մէկ չի լինի։ All people are not alike.

Ամէն ծաղիկ իր Հոտն ունի։ Every flower has its own scent.

Մարդ կայ տերտերն է սիրում, մարդ կայ՝ տերտերակինը։ Some like the priest, some like his wife.

Ամէն գլիսէն մէյ-մէկ ձայն կ'ելլէ։ From every person's head a different voice is heard.

Մարդ կայ, որ իր աչքն ա սուր, մարդ կայ, մանդաղն ա կտուր։ Some have a sharp eye, others a sharp sickle.

Прр ишри ир дирих, прр иврия Some hit on the horseshoe, some on the nail.

U show the set of th

Մարդ կայ՝ մարդ ա, մարդ էլ կայ՝ մարդակ ա։ Some humans are humans, some others are columns.

Ամէն մարդ իրեն կախին ընկածը կենէ։ Everybody acts according to the milk he was destined to drink. [i.e. Genetics].

Մարդն ինքնուրոյն է Man is autonomous

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Ամէն մարդ իրեն գլխարկը Թող բռնէ, որ չընկնի։ Let everybody stop his own hat from falling.

Ամէն մարդու սրտին մէջ ասլան մը կայ պառկած։ In every heart, a lion sleeps.

Մարդ առաջ իր մասին կը մտածէ People put themselves first

Ամէն մարդ իր օգուտին ա վաղում: Everyone runs after his own profit.

Ամէն մարդ իր էչը կը քչէ։ Everyone drives his own donkey forward.

Ամէն մարդ իր կարապետը կու լայ։ Everyone cries for his own Garabed [common male name].

Ամէն մարդ իր Հաւան (եղանակ) կը չալէ։ Everyone plays his own tune. **Ամէն մարդ իր մեռելը կու լայ։** Everyone laments his own dead.

Ամէն մարդու չապիկն իրան ջանին մօտիկ է։ Everyone's shirt is close to his body.

Ամէն մարդ իր մուչտին (բռունցք) քար կը կարծէ։ Everyone thinks his fist is made of stone.

Մարդ իր քաքին փի՛ֆ չ՛ըսեր։ No one says "fie" to his own shit.

*Մшр***пли ррш шршбр рр шурри ур БрБлшу**: One never notices his own wrong-doings.

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Ամէն մարդ իր ըրածին կը Հաւնի։ Everyone likes what he is doing.

Use States and States

Ամէն մարդ իր խալկինին (կալժսայ) տակը փայտ կը դնէ։ Everyone adds wood under his own kettle.

Ամէն մարդ իրա դործը կը յառաջացնի։ Everyone moves his own affairs forward.

U, upp for the set of the set of

Հէրքէս (ամէն մարդ) իրեն քերացած տեղը կը քերէ: Everyone scratches where he itches.

Use Second Seco

Unul Unplotus, junning nppfu: First to my skin, then to my son.

Ամէն մարդ ջուրը իր ջաղացքը կը կապէ։ Everyone channels the water to his own mill.

Up oá, np huá ¿p hoh, lơng sugup muph unph: Let the serpent that doesn't bite me live a thousand years.

hs ¿ąuŋuð apulump, [dnŋ ţzեpu եp[duu: Let the paradise that's not for me be for the donkeys.

իմ մեռնելուց յետ, Թող կտրի աղբիւր ու դետ։ After I die, may all rivers and wells run dry.

Япь дшер цпей цртви Your pain is yours

Use Second Seco

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Հաղար կնիկ Հաւաքուեն, ցաւը ծննդկանին ա։ Even with a thousand women around, it's the woman in labour who suffers the pain.

Կրակն ինկած տեղը կ'այրէ։ The fire will burn where it strikes.

Зшьр ршұпрр ңһтէ: It's the sufferer who feels the pain.

Umpu fruz humung, humu fruz m: How would he who walks straight know how it feels to limp? **Եարէն (վէրք) տիրոջը ցաւ կը տայ։** A wound gives pain to the wounded.

Նեղու ժեան մէջ մարդ կռուան կը փնտուէ In trouble you look for a hold

Ծովն ընկնողը փրփուրին էլ ձեռ կը դցի։ He who falls into the sea will reach out even for the foam.

Ծովն ընկնողը ձեռքը օձին էլ կը դցի։ He who falls into the sea will reach out even for a snake.

Ջուրն ընկնողը չոփիցն ա բռնում։ He who falls into the water will reach out for a straw.

Մինչեւ ամպը չգոռայ, Աստուած–Աստուած չեն կանչի։ No one calls God for help until he hears thunder.

Ոմանք օրհասի պահուն անխոհեմ կը վարուին When their time is up, some behave irrationally

Շանը սատկելիքը որ դայ, կ'երխայ Տամու (մզկիխի) բակը կ'աղտոտէ։ If the dog is about to die, it goes and craps in the mosque yard.

Oth ontword of and the state of the state o

Շան կատաղելը իր գլիսին կորուստ ա։ When a dog goes mad, it's for his own head.

Uumnund np ultup multip guiliph, unung putipep l'untup: Before destroying your home, God takes away your mind.

Ուրիչի ունեցածը միչտ աւելի լաւ կը Թուի What others have seems to be better

Հեռուից լսուող տափի ձէնը դուր կը գայ: The sound of clapping sounds better from afar.

Հարեւանի Հաւը Հարեւանի աչքին դէր կ'երեւայ: The neighbor's hen looks fatter.

Հարեւանին հարսը հարեւանին սիրուն կ'երեւայ: The neighbor's daughter-in-law seems prettier.

Ուրիչի կնիկը սիրուն կը լինի։ Someone else's wife is always prettier.

*Ուրիչին տոպրակին վրայ զռալ չ'ըլլար***:** Don't bray at somebody else's bag. [Refers to a donkey-like appetite for another's belongings.]

Մարդ պատասխանատու է իր արարքներուն Համար People are responsible for their actions

U₁**bu** hp dhqfu dp duhuhu, nthump hp shtu (nmp): They hang the goat by his neck, the sheep by his leg.

Ամէն մարդ իր փոսը կը լցնէ։ Everyone fills his own grave.

Use States and States and States and States Used States and State

Մարդ ուրիչներուն աւելի օդտակար է քան իրեն People are more useful to others than to themselves

Դարբինը դանակ չի ունենայ: A blacksmith will have no knife. **Դանակն իր կոթը չի տաչեր։** A knife cannot carve its handle.

Մոմն իր տակը չի լուսաւորի։ The candle does not cast light beneath itself.

Цры ы. ши перери и или или You are the Sun, but you give light to others.

Մարդ իր սխալը չի տեսներ People are blind to their faults

Stifu pp 4niqp 2p untulp: A camel doesn't see its hump.

Քուը չլին չի Հաւնիր։ The blind man doesn't like the cross-eyed.

Rnufu mumq munqp **(***smqpnqp***)** *jun uppnp**i'nsupumg***: You must have a good beard yourself before you can laugh at the beardless eunuch.**



Healthy and sick **Ц**п.п. 120 Иг. 120 Иг. 120 Advice for good health In peril Some conditions are preferable Blind Happy and unhappy Pain, worry Death

Անօլժի, կուչտ Hungry, full		 	
Վшµьвдшծ Afraid		 	
ԱմօխաՀար Embarassed		 	
Գեղեցիկ, տղեղ Beautiful, homely		 	
ԵրկարաՀասակ եւ կարճ Tall and short	աՀասակ	 	
խաբուսիկ արտաքին Deceptive appearance		 	
Հшңпшп Clothes		 	 137

Առողջ և Հիւանդ Healthy and sick

Սաղութեւն (առողջութեւն), սուլթեանութեւն։ Health is wealth.

ζμεμύημ μχρη ηπωύη μ'ητώμ: A sick person's eyes are fixed on the door.

Մարդի ինչտեղը ցաւեց, Հոդին էնտեղն ա։ Wherever it hurts, there is your soul.

Ոumbuphu, *znumbuphu*, *znumbuphu*. *Whether I eat or not, I'll have the fever; better I eat and have the fever.*

Հիւանդն էն ա, որ չամիչը օխտը տեղից ա կծում։ A sick person bites from a raisin seven times.

Յաւն ականջ ունի։ Sickness has ears. [Do not speak of sickness or it will come.]

Հիւանդը չէ հիւանդ, հիւանդի տէրն է հիւանդ: It's not the sick person who is sick, it's his caretaker.

Зшер Цр ңшј Цшңқ-Цшң, ңпери Цр ңйшј йшңқ-йшң: Sickness comes rapidly and leaves graciously.

Орр вышил, диср хитийил: As the day grows darker, the pain grows stronger.

Տնքալը որ չըլնի, հիւանդը հիւանդ չէ։ If it weren't for the sighing, a sick person wouldn't be sick.

Հիւանդու խիւնը դանակ-դանակ կու դայ ու դմակ-դմակ կ՝երթայ։ Sickness comes like a knife and leaves like a dmak*. [i.e., Sickness has an acute start but a sluggish ending.] **Ցաւին աղէկը չ՛ըլլար։** There is no such thing as a good sickness.

Lunc 5 < 4 min 1/2 min 1/2 for the sick than to care for the sick.

4*ung*, *umg*, *lung*: *Keep limping*, *but stay alive*. [i.e., It's better to be crippled than dead.]

9_Ln_fun np guulg, uun Yuun (dupdfun) hp guulp: When your head aches, your whole body aches.

Առողջ մնալու խորհուրդներ Advice for good health

Ցրտից վախեցիր, որ ցաւ չտեսնես։ Keep away from the cold, so you won't suffer pain.

4*tr. wulu wule f, phu zwm nemnpp hu wnshg pwpwh h'pluh*: The cherry said, "He who eats a lot of me will be slim like my stem."

Sημίι ξημηρ μη βεδίμμ, **δημής δημη:** A child grows in the water, a fish in the sea.

9*Inchun uum uum 45, nmpting ump:* Keep your head cool, your feet warm.

Use a set of the analysis of the set of the

Ճանճի նստած տեղը աղույոտ (Թունավոր) կ'ըլնի։ Where flies sit, there will be germs.

9_{Incluq} պաղ, փորդ [dnj], ոտքը տաք պահեցիր, հերիմ (բdht) եղար, դնացիր։ If you keep your head cool, your stool loose, and your feet warm, you are your best doctor.

Ծիրան մին կեր, խնձոր երկու, սալոր՝ քանի փորդ տանի։ Eat one apricot, two apples; but as many prunes as you can. **Ափ մը ջուր, ափ մը լոյս։** A splash of water is a flash of light. [i.e., Cold water is beneficial for the eyes.]

Зперте тирих твер ирицри уви иир: Keep what is frostbitten away from the fire.

8псрир ишршо ингре бребини и инг и из: They cure frostbite with snow.

Շան կծածը չան մաղով կը բուժեն։ They cure the dog's bite with the dog's hair.

Փորձանքի մէջ In peril

Փորձանքը խապար չի անի։ Disaster gives no warning.

Φ*np***δ***w***b***pp qwlnL plmswbybybyswlnL qwy:* If disaster is on its way, it will come even while you sit at home.

Փորձանքի կէս Տամբիցը դառնալը խելօքու[ժիւն ա։ If you are half way to ruin, it is wise to return.

Որոչ պայմաններ նախընտրելի են Some conditions are preferable

<u>பியிய சுக்குநி பியாகைய, மீநிலத் (ஓயம்) சுநாம் பியிரேகம்:</u> It's better to be the village cat, than a foreign aristocrat.

Լաւ է սարին տակն ամաչել, քանց սարին գլուխը։ It's better to be ashamed at the foot of the mountain than on its top.

Lune f Sunish quarter uput, puty unperformed quarter It's better to be the head of a fly than the tail of a lion.

<u>பாட ய ரிபுரி (ரி) பிரியா, ஓயி சி. ஓரா:</u> It's better to be cross-eyed than blind. **Լաւ ա ոտս նեղանայ քանց սիրտս։** It's better my feet get into trouble, than my heart.

կոյը Blind

Քուն ի՞նչ կ'ուզի, երկու աչք։ What do the blind wish for? Two eyes.

Կոյը մարդուն աչքին աչխարհքը մուխ կ'երեւայ։ For the blind, the world seems dark.

*Pnn***hu h'uş uşmış ş [dş sınının [duulu ş**: What does it matter to a blind man if the candle is expensive?

Перши и типер Нарру and unhappy

Lացը լաց կը բերէ, ծիծաղը՝ ծիծաղ։ Tears bring tears, laughter brings laughter.

Հացն ու ծիծաղը աղբէր են։ Tears and laughter are twins.

Տարտ անողին տարտ չի պակսի։ Those who worry will never be short of worries.

Super wingfu mupm th muluh, pt\$ wingfu pt\$ th muluh: Those who worry will never be short on worries, those who rejoice will never be short on joy.

*U***huzter mmpm zmenuhu, nepmhuneleheu zeu menuh**: You won't see joy before you have felt pain.

*U***Eð տարտին մեծ խելք է պէտք**: A great grief needs a great mind. Շատ որ ուրախանաս, գնա՝ գերեզմանները․ չատ որ տրտմիս, էլի՛ գնա գերեզմանները։ Մատությունը հատություն էի գույքությունները։

If you are overly happy, go to the cemetery; if you are overly sad, still go to the cemetery.

Մինչեւ մարդի Հոդին չցաւի, աչքերը չեն լացի։ The eyes won't cry before the heart [lit.: soul] gets hurt.

Дпьрр цпьрир Цр ишерь, шриншиньер иврир: Water cleans you from the outside, tears – from within.

PununLu muph u'hu L'plup: There cannot be forty years of sighing. [i.e., No sorrow is endless.]

Зшь, Спң Pain, worry

Ամէն մարդ ցաւ մ՝ունի։ Everybody has a sorrow.

Зиср ришири (Лира) 5, **55 [75] ишр пс рирри**: Pain is for humans, not for mountains and rocks.

Зшь<u>р</u> **humup** (*d*шрң) 4р **p**ш**z**h: Only humans can bear pain.

Зшер и́шря́р дѣди́ш, ұ́шир ц'лемр: Worry is like a moth; it eats up one's heart.

Շատ տարտի տէր, չատ կը խօսայ։ He who has many worries talks too much.

Շштштшрт, <u>г</u>штшңртју: Much worry, much talking.

Summ fung, fint quag filmingle, mamm fung, filmingle, filmingle Some troubles come and go; others burn you, then they go.

Մի տարտը մարդ չի սպանի։ One worry alone won't kill you. **U, upp for a set of the end of t**

3*unce lensephi bi uncle, the phingle, uncle dupped bi uncle:* They gave pain to the mountains; they couldn't bear it, so they gave pain to humans.

Зшер филар фра5: He who has suffered pain knows pain.

Зшер перияр է Сигитр: Pain can renounce faith.

*U***ште цтраце цицьбе драб:** *He who has cut his finger knows the pain.*

3*ш*<u>р</u> <u>*pш*</u><u>2</u>*n*<u>р</u><u>*h*<u></u>*h*<u></u>*h*<u>*h*<u></u>*mm*<u>*u*</u><u>*j*</u><u>*k*<u></u>*umn*<u>*u*</u><u>*b*</u>*:* God gives pain to those who can take it.</u></u></u>

*Մш*4 Death

Фишби пс ивплибр, трир и 54 5: Asleep or dead, it's all the same.

Սատանէն մեռլից փախ ա։ (Even) the devil dreads the dead.

Մահէն վախցողին ապրածն ալ մեռածի հաւասար է։ If you fear death, being alive is equal to being dead.

Ահը չատ ա քանց [ժէ մահը։ Fear is more than death.

Usismp guilt quarter quarter quarter of the incurable pain; death is the doctor The grave is the medicine for the incurable pain; death is the doctor for the incurable man.

Շատ ապրել կայ, ուչ մեռնել կայ։ There is such a thing as living long; there is such a thing as dying late. **Քիչիկ ցաւիկ, անուչ մահիկ։** The shorter the pain, the sweeter the death.

Հիւանդացաւ, չմեռաւ, կրկնեց, մեռաւ։ He got sick – he survived; he relapsed – he died.

Մահը ահ կու տայ, ահն ալ մահ կու տայ։ Death causes fear, fear causes death.

Հոդը ցաւ կը բերէ, ցաւը՝ մահ։ Worry brings sickness, sickness brings death.

Մահը մարդի ականջի ետեւին ա։ Death is behind your ear. [i.e., Death is close.]

Մահը տեսածին պէս, ջերմին դոհ կ'ըլլայ։ At the sight of death, man tolerates fever.

Umsp up op, **pugp up op**: Death in one day, tears in one day. [i.e., Grief and sorrow do not last long.]

Մեռնողի ետեւէն մէկը չէ մեռեր։ Nobody has died of grief [i.e. after someone close died].

Այսօրուայ մահը այսօր կու լան։ Today's death is mourned today.

Um4n uhb n unumphi th sungunus: Death doesn't ask if you're old or young.

Utation for the formula of the for

Umpn hp StarStepse oph Jpmj suppnh houp: One should not talk about the day of his death.

Ufmpp tpup, utility up: The mind is long, life is short. **Ինքնասպանի Համար դատաստան չկայ։** There is no trial for someone who commits suicide.

ኮኔչ ծնում է, մեռնում էլ է։ What is born shall also die.

Մահէն անդին դեղ չկայ։ There is no village after death. [i.e., There is no afterlife.]

Գինով, ծարաւ Drunk, thirsty

9-*fup funne util te supply, fungeune supply supply the who drinks wine gets drunk once; he who makes others drink, a thousand times.*

Ես խմեցի, դուն Հարբար։ I drank, you got drunk.

Նիսիա (ձրի) դինի խմողը երկու անդամ կը Հարբի։ He who drinks free wine gets twice as drunk.

Ջուրն անուչ է, քանց նռան գինին: Water is better than pomegranate wine.

Աչնան գինին, գարնան ջուրը։ The wine in fall and the water in spring (are the best). **Գինի, իսմէ՝ ու քնի՛։** Drink the wine and sleep fine.

Գինու մի Թասը դեղ, մնացածին՝ տեղ։ One glass of wine is a relief; more than that, "good grief!".

huhzehu uzu, the low t

Գինի, կախ է ծերոց։ Wine is the milk for the elderly.

Գինին անուչ-անուչ կը խմուի, լեղի-լեղի դուրս կ'ելլէ։ When wine goes in, it's sweet; when it comes out, it's bitter.

Գինին մարդու չի մեռցնի, Համա չան օրը կը գցի։ Wine will not kill you, but it will make a fool of you.

huteney, suij-suij, suzeneve, duij-duij: When you drink, you enjoy; when you pay, oh boy!

9-*hundp hp tau Samp hp laguts, tau dupp:* A drunk makes either his father or his mother cry.

9-hundhu áta. p dh qunut, p, uu hupuhuhu dun d'nuhuh: Don't push the drunk; he will fall by himself.

U₁**b**^h

Գինիին Հարցուցին. «Աւրա՞ծդ չատ է, Թէ չինածդ։» Ասաց. «Շինածս չդիտեմ, աւրածս Համրանը չունի։» They asked the wine, "Did you do more of building or destroying?" It said, "I know nothing of building; of destroying I know a lot." **Հարբելու վերջը փոչմանու[ժիւն է**։ Drinking ends in regret.

Գինին ներս կը մտնէ, սըռը (գաղտնիքը) դուրս կ'ելլէ։ The wine goes in, the secret comes out.

Հարբածին խելօք խօսքն ալ օդը կը ցնդի։ Even the wise words of a drunkard fade with the wind.

ከենդը գինովէն վախցեր է։ The fool fears the drunkard.

Գինովին եա լացը կու գայ, եա չեռը։ The drunkard is either about to cry or to pee.

Անօներ, կուչտ Hungry, full

houpp pullin inmunel 5, lipude d'uned 5: What is spoken the wind will carry away; what is eaten will stay.

Անօլժու լժիւն – անամօլժու լժիւն։ Starvation – humiliation.

Վիրաւոր մարդուն քուն կու գայ, անօթի եղողին չի գայ։ A wounded man can fall asleep, a hungry man cannot.

Oáh hómón hn píh, undmón th píh: If bitten by a snake, you will fall asleep; if hungry, you won't.

Քաղցած ոչ ոք չի մեռել։ Hunger hasn't killed anybody yet.

Տարտլին չատ կը խօսէ, քաղցածը չատ կ'ուտէ։ The worried talk a lot, the hungry eat a lot. *YnLzmp unifurkh Suifty 2h Suulpuluuj:* The well-fed don't know how the hungry feel.

Կուչտը անօթերւն մանը կը բրդէ։ The well-fed cut tiny pieces for the hungry.

Use of the end of the

(Ulioft) Sure toman function of millet.

Uséphe opp Surface States opp S

Ասօթի մարդը քարէն կակուղը կ'ուտէ։ The hungry will eat anything softer than stone.

Usoldh Sumpris Sugn quilders like gata*.

Շոր տուր չնոր գր գամ, Հաց տուր ուժի գամ։ Dress me up, I will look smart; feed me full, I will get strong.

Ճաչ տեսաւ, քամանչան մոռցաւ։ He saw food; he forgot his kamancha*.

Մարդիս իչտահը (ախորժակ) ատամի տակին ա։ Appetite is under the teeth.

Մարդ իր ակռաներով կը փորէ իր դերեղմանը: You dig your grave with your teeth.

Բանը ծնունդը չի, բանը սնունդն ա։ It's the feeding, not the breeding.

Պատէն ընկնողը չի մեռնի, Հացէն ընկնողը կը մեռնի։ Falling from a wall won't kill you, falling short of bread will.

ζπιπωδ μίμh, ζωπιωδ ξμίμh: Better rotten than all gone. [About food.] **Հացիկ–ջրիկ, կեանք երջանիկ։** Bread and water – happy life.

Цщпьр цёр, цпьпр ёг, фримь цёр, гёлр ёг: Eat soup, go as far as the house door; eat pilaf*, go up the hill.

Պшղ шщпгр, չши կեршцпгр: Cold soup – dog's food.

Հացը սուլՇան, Ջուրը վեզիր, մնացածը զրզիր-մըզիր: Bread is a Sultan*, water a Vezir*, the rest doesn't matter.

Пер Циј Синј пе [дий, ипет 5 ин?51 рий: Where there is bread and tan*, nothing else matters.

Հայ ու Շան ունես, ամէն բան ունես։ If you have bread and tan*, you have everything.

Հաց մարդահան, հաց մարդակորուս։ Bread can repair you, bread can impair you.

Տաք Հացին Հոտը դրախտ է Հասեր։ The smell of fresh bread has risen to paradise.

Ципсре ищрийд, Сиде ишрбийд: Soup is alright, but bread is the pride.

Հացը տան պակաս-պռատը կը դղի (Հարթել): Bread fixes all the shortcomings of a house.

Գիչերուայ կերածը կորած է։ What was eaten at night is wasted.

Շաքարն անուչ է, ամա Հացին տեղը չի բռներ։ Sugar is sweet, but it can't replace bread.

ррфильму шрибр цитов и, церибр' цириб: What is done in the evening is won, what is eaten is wasted.

bznc փորը մանիչակով չի լցուի։ You cannot fill the donkey's belly with violets. **Գարնան գառն է գովական, աչնան՝ Հաւը։** In spring, (you should eat) the lamb; in fall, the chicken.

Unizin numlin Quantifi fiphlania f: It's on Easter's eve that you eat your fill. [On Easter's eve, fasting ends and feasting begins.]

*G***π_L¹***u**μ***_L***n***_L**

Վш[иեցшծ Afraid

Usen intrody to the dufutions: Eyes fear what they have seen.

Սեւ օձի կծածը սեւ պարանից կը վախենայ։ He who was bitten by a black snake will fear a black rope.

Կախից բերանը էրուել է, մածունը փչելով է ուտում։ If you've burned your mouth on milk, you will blow on yogurt.

Գայլի ահիցն ղեղ չչինե՞նը։ Out of fear of the wolf, we shouldn't build the village?

Կատուն մկան միչտ գէչ երազ կը տեսցնէ։ The cat causes nightmares for the mouse.

Ահը **էչը վաղուկ կ'ընէ**։ Fear makes the ass run.

Աղուէսը փուչին վրայ մէյմը կը նստի։ The fox sits but once on the thorns.

Մկան ասին՝ – Ինչի՞ էդ չափ պղտիկ ես։ – Կատուի ահից։ They asked the mouse: "Why are you so small?" "Out of fear of the cat."

Ц1°бицир Embarrassed

[hunghi (un'offunkun) [huhan], uhan uhan Death is better than disgrace.

թելը մի ամօթ է, լիղելը՝ երկու։ Spitting is one shame, licking it back – twice the shame.

Երեսն երեսեմէն կ'ամաչի։ It's the face that shames another face.

Umphu q_n_hu md_fumph, umphu mm4hu h'md_fumf: I'd rather be embarrassed at the foot of the mountain than on its top.

β-*μ***μ** μ μμμ (ζημωμμ μω), ημ' δύμ: You got pregnant, go ahead, give birth!

Գեղեցիկ, տղեղ Beautiful, homely

Swup lummeu fi jum f, np uhpmeu pih: In a home even the cat should be pretty.

Խորոտը որ փողոցը ջալէ, գետինը կը Թնդայ։ When the beauty walks on the street, the ground thunders under her feet.

Uphentu li'nut, nut ufi' nutpu nug, tiu tui nutpu nuput: She (the beautiful woman) says to the sun, "Don't rise, I will." [In Armenian folk belief, the sun is a symbol of beauty.]

LnLuuluuu uuunnen, ufftu elen f: It is as if the moon unfolded and she emerged.

 Մի հատ չարժեմ, աչխարհը արժեմ։ Once I move forward, I'm worth the whole world.

Սպիտակի տեսքը, սեւի համը։ The looks of the white and the flavour of the black (woman).

["Black and yellow" is a pejorative epithet for swarthiness; «*պատո.ի լեղի*ն» "the bile bursts" as a result of extreme fright.]

Հաւը Թող չիրքին ըլլայ, տէ (միայն) Հաւկի ած**է**։ Let the hen be ugly as long as she lays eggs.

Երեսին աչողը կը կչտանայ։ If you look at her, you'll have your fill.

Երեսին ձուածեղ եփեն, չի ուտուի։ If you would cook an omelette on her face, you couldn't eat it.

Umpu ne alpup lane quite ne l'eplomus Hair and flesh come and go.

9*h*₂*n*_L (*mqbq*) *4mgp 4bp*, *hnpnm4h* (*qbqbgh4*) *8ngp mun4h*: Eat the food of the homely woman, but sleep with the beautiful.

Երեսը սրտին Հայելին է։ The face is the mirror of the heart.

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*Црьср пр ել***и́р, шитрьрр үр ринсирь́и**: When the sun rises, the stars fade. [i.e., Next to the beautiful, the plain pale.]

Աղուորը սիրուն է, գէշը տիրուն է: The beautiful you caress, the ugly you possess.

Երկարահասակ եւ կարճահասակ Tall and short

*П***пјр јиши, јићјрр и циш**: The height of a house, the mind of a mouse.

*П***пјр Ерцир, регурд цирб:** His stature is tall, his brain is small.

*Մ***шраль ингер аграль изу ц'ргир, пу [ду щазр:** The brain is in one's head, not in one's height.

Բարդին էլ ա չատ բոյով, ի՛նչ անես, որ բար (պտուղ) չունի։ What use is a tall poplar if it bears no fruit?

Պոյին եմ մտիկ անում, խելքս ա գնում, խելքին եմ մտիկ անում, զահլէս ա գնում։ When I look at his height, I lose my mind; when I look at his mind, I lose my delight.

*Ե***րկանը կը խընդայ պոյին, կարճը՝ կտորին:** The tall man enjoys his size; the short man enjoys the fabric he buys. [The short man saves money on the fabric for his clothing.]

Франь Цуи, цытир раца: (S/he is) the size of a handspan, the size of a floor bug.

Կարճ մարդու մաքից օրը տասն անդամ խաղաւորուխիւն կ'անցնի։ The short man ponders a kingdom ten times a day.

Որքան գետնի վրայ է, այնքան ալ գետնի տակ է։ As much a s/he is on the earth, as much s/he is under the earth.

ிய் மாய் மில்லாக கிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பிலையில் பில Deceptive appearance

Uses and an antipage and an antipage and antipage antipage and antipage antipage

Umptph multimular. [dtmub np umptu, muptu ti multimuli: If you judged by white hair, you would revere the goose as well.

Ամէն սեւ Հաղնող տէրտէր չէ։ Not all who wear black are priests.

Ամէն Հատիկ մարդարիտ չէ: Every grain is not a pearl.

Գղակը մեծ, տակը դատարկ։ A big hat, empty underneath.

hnznn wzpłn lnju złwj, ąłn-ąłn ldłah nad złwj: Big eyes and no sight, thick arms and no might.

Անունը կայ, ամանումը չկայ։ The name on display, but nothing on the tray.

Թուփն աղէկ, պտուղ չկայ։ The bush looks good, but bears no fruit.

Աւեր քաղաքին, չէն անուն։ A ruined city, though the name is pretty.

Uեւ иիրտ, ищիտшկ шտшմ: Black heart, white teeth.

Ծուխը չատ, խորովածը քիչ։ The smoke high up, but little kebob*. **ζωξωί χητίρ βωρη τη ίδη**: A barking dog doesn't bite.

Uhu Surp Shulu Suruh di Kara Shukara Bara Shukara Bara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukara Shukar Shukara Shukar

Ամպի գոռալու կէօրայ, անձրեւ չի գայ։ The rain that falls won't match the thunder that rolls.

Ամէն ամպ անձրեւ չի բերի։ Not every cloud brings rain.

*ζ***եη** *δ***[n_ l[hgp_umumhl_l]² The kick of a quiet horse is the strongest.**

Uss pup dengung qupdelne unumuh sneuh: He who picks up a big stone won't strike.

Unity luminity with a solution of the set o

Сплир циприрад зр иштир: A dog won't die from limping.

Դրսից պսպղայ չորս, սովից ղողուայ փորս: Outside my dress sparkles, inside my stomach rumbles.

Ամէն կլոր խնձոր չի։ Not everything round is an apple.

Ներսը ինձ ա վառում, դուրսը՝ ուրիչին։ Inside you depress me, outside you impress others.

Oáh uhu fi muhðnuh, umhmmhu fi Damned is the snake, whether white or black.

Կախողիկէն մենծ, զօրուխիւնը փոքր։ The cathedral is tall, its power is small.

Տուն պոփլոզիկ (փառաւոր), մէջը տկլոզիկ (մերկ)։ A dazzling exterior, an empty interior.
Շորերս Հին ա, խօսքս անդին ա։ My clothes are old, my words are gold [lit.: priceless].

Ձուկը ջրին մէջ մեծ կ'երեւնայ։ A fish looks bigger in the water.

9-*դակս [b***o***qnm mեսար,* **չ***աղացպա*°*и կարծեցիր*: You saw my dusty hat, and you thought I was a miller?

ጵኒክ էክ էኒክ ա, փալանն ա փոխած։ The donkey is the same, only the saddle has changed.

Կոչումը կայ, միջումը չկայ։ The title is there, inside it's bare.

Հшңпсит Clothes

Մարդին մարդ չինողը չորն է։ Clothes make the man.

Շորն ասաց. «Դու ինձ պահի պողջամիջին, ես քեղ պահեմ մարդամիջին։»

The clothes said, "You keep us in the bundle, we keep you in the crowd." [i.e., Use you clothes sparingly, so that they stay new for good occasions.]

Όμμιο **2***π***μμ μ΄μμ^Δ μμ μμ μμ μμ. Folded clothes wear out by themselves. [i.e., Do not keep your clothes for too long unused.]**

Φողը մարդուն խելք կը բերի, չորը մարդուն քէլք կը բերի։ Money gives you brains, clothes make you walk with airs. **Լենին ճար կայ, նեղին՝ ճար չկայ։** For the wide (clothing) there is a cure, for the narrow, there is none.

Մարդուս կարողու Թիւնը Հաղուստովը կ'իմացուի։ Clothes show the wealth of the person.

Որքան աղքատնաս, չախա (ճոխ) հաղիր։ However penniless, dress well.

Gnp (*4mqnLum*) *mnLp*['] *2mp4p mmd*, *4mg mnLp*['] *nmuuq* (*qnju*) *mmd*: Give me some clothes, I will look wealthy, give me some food, I will be healthy.







ረሀኑሀՏድ ԵՒ ሀՆՈՏԻሀጣሀՇՏՈՒԹԻՒՆ BELIEFS AND SUPERSTITIONS

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Աստուծոյ մասին About God

Uumnumé multu tunpte up up up up up: God does not bestow one person with all talents.

Pnn. Surph pn_up Uumn_ub up zhuf: The blind bird's nest is built by God.

Uumnub np mug, 2h 4 upguh nub mpfu tu: When God gives, he does not ask whose child you are.

Uumnuð huu nunnhu huu huu huu huu, dudhu nunnhu dudhu: God gives pilaf* to those who eat pilaf, and zhazhik* to those who eat zhazhik.

Uunnuw uun inite, np uigp funfot: God has no finger to pluck out your eye. [i.e., God has his own godly ways of punishing.]

Pphumnuhu wypnų zmbuwu, upmnų Swuygwu: They didn't see Christ with their eyes, they recognized him in their hearts.

Մարդ մարդի երեսին կը նայի, Աստուած՝ սրտին։ Man looks to man's face, God to man's heart.

Մարդ մարդի խօսքին մտիկ կը տայ, Աստուած՝ սրտին։ Man listens to man's words, God to man's heart.

Uumnus mupm mnlep, qupduti up mnlep f: Along with grief, God gives us relief.

S*nL***u** *zh*^U*nnh*^U*unyh*^U*unh*^U*nhh*^U*nhhh*^U*nhhhhhh*

Սատանի չինածը Աստուած կը քանդէ։ What the devil built, God will destroy.

խորհուրդ մարդկանց, կամքն Աստուծոյ։ Man proposes, God disposes.

Յաջողէ Տէրը, պսակէ տէրտէրը։ If the Lord allows, the priest will bless the vows.

Ճամբորդի դնալն իր ձեռն է, դառնալն՝ Աստծու։ Leaving is up to the traveller, returning is up to God.

β; Цитпид εοηίιξ, վիη δπ.Εμη **ηπ**μη μωίι **ξ**: Without God's backing, it's pointless to bend your back.

Uumnumo fi juntin f umumnuf: Even God takes the best.

Цитпив пппив *t* пипп, шиорр *up upus*: He who leaves it in the hands of God will starve.

பாட்டி மீடி மீழ் பிரையியாலாடு மிழி பிரியார் மிழியா பிரியா பி பிரியா ப பிரியா ப பிரியா பிரிய

Թաңшւпрը Հեռու է, Աստուած բարձր։ The King is far, the Lord is high.

U(hu **U**umnLuuð, U⁵<u>4</u>[h¹u l_{nL} muu u⁵₂[n] l₁b₁m, nph¹u b₁b₂ mu₁ gulu, **U**umnLuuð: O Lord, to some you give a cart of wood, to others not even brushwood.

Цитпешь шряшре це цшраштр God rewards the honest

Uumnum Superior United States of States and States and

Հարամ ուտողի մինն երկու չի լինի: What is dishonestly earned will not augment. **Խունկն ու մոմը իր սրբավայրը կը դտնի։** The incense and candle will find their shrine.

Հալալը (արդար), որ մաղ դառնայ չի կտրուի Հարամը (անարդար), որ դերան դառնայ, կը կտրուի։ What was earned honestly won't break, even if it gets as thin as a hair; What was earned dishonestly will break, even if it gets as thick as a beam.

Հալալ մալը դէլը չի տանի։ The wolf won't take what is honestly earned.

Հարամ վաստակը բոռան (մրրիկ) կը տանի։ Dishonest earnings will be carried away by the storm.

Հարամը կու դայ, Հալալն էլ կը տանի։ Dishonest earnings will carry away the honest earnings as well.

Դառը քրաինքի բերած կոպեկը ուղտի պոչ է, չի երկարի: A penny earned with bitter sweat is like a camel's tail: it never grows.

לחקף, לשבשש, לשטת לקים לבשנים The soul, the faith, and the hereafter

Հողին անուչ է, քանց մարմինը: The soul is sweeter than the body.

Lul f *upfulule mpgum, gutu faqteng:* Better to be poor in goods than in spirit.

Դատաստան կայ դալու, պատասխան կայ տալու: On Judgment Day, you will be made to pay.

Unul 447, **Junny 4.14**, **Junny 4.14**, **Second Second Sec**

Հաւատքն իրմէ պէտք ա, վրան քսածը Հաւատք չէ։ Faith must come from within; what is spread on is not faith. խնկով մոմով արքայու[ժիւն դնալ չի լինի։ You cannot get to paradise just by burning incense and candles.

Աշխարհքը լпւսամուտ ա ամէն եկող մտիկ կը տայ ու կ'եր[ծայ։ The world is a window: every newcomer looks out and then departs.

Աչխարհքը ոչ ոքի չի մնացել։ Nobody could keep this world for himself.

Աչխարհքս Սողոմոն իմաստունին էլ չի մնացել։ Even Solomon the Wise could not keep this world for himself.

Աչխարհի մալը աչխարհ կը մնայ։ The wealth of this world will stay in this world.

Դժոխքն էլ, դրախտն էլ, էս աչխարհումն է։ Both heaven and hell are in this world.

bu hemupeditu ng ng humum gh peper Nobody has ever brought news from the next world.

<u><u>C</u>pubp upunt Summugnup</u> Your actions will be rewarded

ኮኒչ որ ցանես, էն էլ կը Հնձես։ What you sow is what you reap.

Ny Uppuluurana zumuh, its normali provide and the set of the set

ኮኒչ որ ասես, էն կը լսես։ What you say is what you hear.

Կարասի մէջ ինչ ձէն տաս, էն կը լսես։ Whatever you shout into the barrel, you will hear back.

Ուրիչին Հոր փորողը, ինքը կ'ընկնի մէջը։ He who digs a pit for someone else will fall in it himself. huðuu zuu uhruuhen he guheu: They pull out the teeth of a biting dog.

Տուն քանդողին տուն չի լինի։ He who destroys someone's home will never have one.

Տուն աւերողին, տուն չի մնայ։ He who destroys someone's home loses his own.

Solution of the second second

Խանչալը երերողը խանչալով կը գնայ։ He who swings the dagger, will die by the dagger.

Puulni qfu bpnqp, *hpuu bpbu/hu hp bph*: He who spits towards the wind, spits in his own face.

Ով ինչ անի, իրան կ'անի։ Whatever you do, you do to yourself.

Հարեւանիդ ուղի մի կով, որ Աստուած տայ երկու կով: Wish one cow for your neighbor, so God gives you two.

Դпьпе ифпер пепер це ифЕи: They pound at the door of those who pound at the door of others.

Usunqueg, quitanqueg: You do it, you get it.

User fuelonger, support of the unable; He who pierces with a needle, will be pierced with a packing-needle.

Qup nLqnqhu, *UumnLud*, *fup qnL muj*: God gives evil to those who wish evil to others.

Շипь[*д***եши цишда**<u>пр</u> **չиш[***д***ши и'астр**: He who turns to doggery will be beaten like a dog.

Ф¿шъ̀ң ңңшің тһ ңшу: What you blow on will come back to your own spoon. *Quantly, np quantation:* Honor to be honored.

Արիւն Թափողը արիւնով ալ կ'երԹայ։ He who causes bloodshed will perish in blood.

Արիւն խմողը արիւնլուայ կը դառնայ։ He who drinks blood, will be washed in blood.

U.S.n.d. innlp, np & mfund untutu: Give with your right to receive with your left.

Ուրիչին մասխարա գցողը, իրեն գլխին կը կատարի։ He who mocks others brings mockery upon himself.

Սիրէ ինձ, սիրեմ քեղ։ Love me, and I will love you.

Անողին չի մնայ։ He who commits (evil) will not go unpunished.

Աչքղ Հանողի Հոդին Հանէ։ Pull out the soul of those who pull out your eye.

Ողորմողին ուրիչը կ'ողորմի։ He who takes pity on others will be shown pity in return.

Ամէն մարդու արածը ղէմը կու գայ։ What you do to others will come back to you.

Հարամ հաց пыппը երկար չի ապրի: He who eats unearned bread will not live long.

Մարդասպանի Թուրն անտէր կը մնայ։ A killer's sabre will lose its master.

Արիւնն արնով չեն լուանայ, ջրով կը լուանան։ You do not wash blood with blood, but with water.

Pantu fuzutu l'uzt Uumontu, Uumatuo ti tuutu l'uzt pantu: The way the blind look at God, God looks at the blind.

Բախտ ու Տակատագիր Luck and destiny

Երեսին մի' նայիր, բախտին նայիր: Don't look at her face, look at her fate.

Երկու երնէկ մի տեղ չի լինի։ Two blessings cannot be in one place.

риде дельи, ешений шереваль He is asleep, his luck is awake.

Fulump hpuu-hpuu 4nl quj: Luck comes by itself.

Uumpnd Equp' LER. pupp dpmj Epfemu, 4p 4mimsp: If blessed with a star, even rocks will thrive when you step on them.

n'z **\$**m[mphu dumm\$h, n'z pnl dm[hu jnlumgh: Rely neither on your fate, nor on your wealth.

Բախտը ղէչին (տղեղ), տարտը խորոտին (ղեղեցիկ)։ The ugly have good fortune; the beautiful, misfortune.

Ասբախտ մարդը ծովերն էլ երխայ, կը ցամաքին: Even the ocean will dry up when the unlucky goes in.

կարկուտը ծեծած տեղը կը ծեծէ։ The hail hits more where it hit before.

Uz fump 5. gu zmphu 5, umnjm 5 umphu: The world is a wheel, it is turning.

Որին աստղն չիրին (պայծառ) է, որինը՝ քոռ (կոյր)։ The star of some is bright, of others blind [i.e. bleak].

Ում բախտը ծռուեց, նրա ձին ախոռումը էչ կը դառնայ։ If your fate turns ill, your horse turns into a donkey in the stall. *Pulum up, upp up up, pulum up, upp up;* Fate has it that some sift florins* and others stir flour.

Մարդուն Թող բախտ եղնի, Թող մէկ աչքը քոռ եղնի։ Let my good luck be nigh, let me be blind in one eye.

Բաչալ մարդը լաւ բախտ կ՝ունենայ։ A bald man has good luck.

Зшище (стро) стро стронати и проволять и проволять в правития в правития в правития и правити И правития и п И правития и п

Ճակատի գրածը չի ջնջուի։ You cannot erase what is written on your forehead.

μύς πρ φρωό ξ, φρωό ξ: Whatever is written, is written.

Մօրէն ծնուեցաւ, ըրուեցաւ Տակատին։ When he was born of his mother, it was written on his forehead.

ինչ տեղ ումուտ (յոյս) չունես, էնտեղ ա խոտ բուսնում։ Where you don't expect it, there grass will grow.

Մարդ իր ճակատագրի տէրն է Everyone is the architect of his own destiny

9 *ium* **d** *n fulp*, *sulphu q ppi wiwiul f puf*: Go jump into the sea, and then say, "It was my destiny."

Մարդուն քաչածը իր խելքէն է։ It's your own brain that causes you pain.

Uphing hp themalulation of the second secon

Ինքն իրան վէր (գետին) ընկնողը լաց չի լինի։ He who falls by himself, should not cry.

Sէրտէրի մասին About the priest

Կարդը օրՀնած, ինքն անիծած։ His order is blessed, though he is damned.

Structure united and an end of a set o

Шир пь а́пр, иђриђрի фпр: The priest's belly, (is like) hill and valley.

Judimenting putifi Eng Liftih, inspiris for a funguor de la funguag: However many notables in the church, the priest will read what he knows.

7-*nc fulu qfumbu*, *bu gnclup*, *mfpmfpp*[`] *ubp bpfncuflup*: You know all about me, I know all about you, the priest knows all about both of us.

Stp Equil information 5, into a sequence of a sequence of

Structure into a series of the series of th

Structure asta a fund, herbything a future: The priest knows one thing, his wife knows two.

bpp hphg4hup dbnuh, m5pm5pu 5u mus 4'hdmum, np dms 4mj: Only when his wife dies, will the priest know that death exists.

Սատանին կը Հաւատան, տէրտէրին չեն Հաւատայ։ They believe the devil, but not the priest.

Universe of a set of the set of

Uumnumé mpnu eu fa mpmp, dmpnumemutentiephi n°d mpmp: God created women and men, but who created those clergymen?

Մեղք, յանցանք, արդարու/ժիւն Sin, guilt, justice

Աշխարհքը մեղքէն ծանր բան չկայ։ In this world, nothing is worse than sin.

Ոտքը քարին զարնուի, խղճմտանքը քննէ: When you stumble on a stone, examine your conscience.

Մեղքը սամուր քուրք (մուչտակ) ըլնի, վրադ մի՛ առնի։ Even if guilt is a sable coat, don't take it on!

*U***шрңр рый, иврер үшрфыги**: Man asleep, his sins at work.

Մարդ որ կայ, մեղջի տուն ա։ Man is a house of sin.

Use a set of the set

Մեղաւորին ո՞վ է տուել արքայու[ժիւն։ Who has ever granted heaven to the guilty?

Unfu չեմ цեрь, пр рырши шурр: I didn't eat onions for my mouth to burn. [Used by people who insist on their innocence.]

Մեղաւորի մեղջէն Թմրի արդարը։ From the sins of the guilty the innocent suffer.

Մեղաւորին փուչը տոչակին վրան է։ The thorns of the guilty are on their mattresses.

Պահը չբռնողը Զատկին համը չի գիտեր։ He who doesn't fast won't enjoy Easter.

Մեղքերը երկար գաղտնի չեն մնար You cannot hide your sins for long

Թաքուն բանը քառասուն օրից յայտնի կը լինի: What's done in secret will be known within forty days.

Թաքուն ցուլ եկողը, աչկարայ (ակնյայտօրեն) կը ծնի։ You get pregnant in secret, you give birth in public.

Նիզակը պարկը չի մնայ։ You cannot keep an arrow in a sack.

Գիչերուայ գողին ցերեկով կը բռնեն։ A thief of the night will be caught in daylight.

9-*nnt***u**-*μnqnL***u**, *μunuunL***u** *op f*: A thief and a harlot can hide only forty days.

Երաղ Dreams

Երաղն առաջնախօս ա։ Dreams are a foreboding.

bpmq lmj, np op'u t lmmmplnld, tpmq t lmj mmphu: Some dreams come true in a day, others in a year.

Երադը մինչեւ կեսօր կը կատարուի։ A dream comes true till midday.

9.52 *mbn պառկողը դ52 երաղներ կը տեսնէ***:** *He who sleeps in bad places, will dream bad dreams.*

Undude Sung the intervent terminal states of the second s

Հ*ш***<u>р</u>** *ե***рш***q***<u>р</u>** *կпрեկ**է**mեuե***<u></u>***l***: The hungry dream of bread, the thirsty of water.**

Նախապաչարում Superstition

Q*up utp pupu tl Supugunl u*: An evil eye can crack even a stone.

Աչքն զահյնէն (աչիսարհ) ա կերել։ The (evil) eye has eaten up the world.

bplan wsp vst qpnp pw vst. Two evil eyes can do the work of a grogh*.

Հասակով դաճաճէն հեռու կեցիր, զի Աստուած դլիսուն է զարկեր։ Stay away from dwarves, for God has struck them on the head.

Շէկ մարդի աչքը գօրեղ կ'ըլնի։ The blond man's eye is powerful.

Փախի՛ր մաղոտ կնիկէն, անմաղ մարդէն։ Stay away from hairy women and hairless men.

Όիծեռնակը տան չինուԹիւն է, ծիտը տան աւերուԹիւն է: A swallow brings fortune to a house, a sparrow brings ruin.

4*uunnu [du]dhuufnulp teptup inung, qhungh'n np uusteptu uhuh quij:* When the cat washes its face with its paws, rain will fall.

Երեխի եղունդն ու մաղը մէկ տարի չեն կտրի։ You should not cut a baby's nails and hair for a year.

Ուրախու[ժիւնից մազն է երկարում, տարտից՝ եղունդը։ Joy makes the hair grow; worry the nails.

*Q***b***uu***b** *bpbu***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***u***b***uubu<i>bubu<i>bububububububububu*

ζωύρ (**ζωύելուկ**) *մի*' ըսէ, [ժանկու[ժիւն կ'ըլնի: Don't tell a riddle, prices will go up. **Դատարկ կուժ եկաւ առաջղ, բանդ ձախ պիտի երժայ։** If you see someone coming toward you with an empty pitcher, things will go wrong for you.

Կնիկմարդը Հաւ չի մորԹի։ A woman should not slaughter a chicken.

Ձեռքդ կը քերուի, խամեխ պիտի գայ։ If your palm is itchy, good luck is on its way.

Օջախը ջրով չեն Հանդցնի։ Don't put out the odjakh's* fire with water.

Օջախին մոխիրը քամուն չեն տայ։ You don't cast the ashes of the odjakh* to the wind.

*ζ***μωωηρ πρ τωμβτε 5,** *δωπωηρ ξη οτρύ5***:** If the sick must go, the matagh* won't help. [i.e., Sacrifices won't help if the sick is destined to die.]

Ummungh ulturit into the set of the set of

Սատանան խառնած Թնդրէն կ'ելլէ։ The devil will appear from a stirred toneer*.

Ummuuuu ų puų pg ų mų m: The devil avoids the fire.

Սատանէն կիրակնամտին չարուԹիւն կ'անէ։ On Sunday's eve, the devil does evil.

אשנ*י***נ בּוְשֵׁר, קבּר וְּשׁשּׁוּשׁוּשׁוּש**וּ: (When) the cross appeared, the dev* was barred.

Գիչերը սուփրէն (սեղանի ծածկոց) չեն խափ տայ։ You should not shake out a tablecloth in the evening.

Գիչերուայ սաբրը (փռնդտոց) խէր ա։ It's good luck to sneeze in the evening.

U^Lb₂ μ_L ο_μζ^Lb₂ Cursing and Blessing

Անեծքն անիծողին կը դառնայ։ The curse will return to the curser.

Անէծքը երկու բերնանի սուր ա։ A curse is a double-edged sword.

Անիրաւ անէծքը չի բռնի։ An unjust curse will not work.

Ustope 4/104 Series : (It and the standard of the standard o

ΟμΥυμύρύ με μύξορε τρίμε ετερύμιρ βετερ ξ. ζμ'ύ ηξυύ μ μπρατά, ζμ'ύ ηξύρ: The blessing and the curse are a double-edged sword; it cuts both ways.

ζομ άξωω Цинпим [θξη (չпип) կμ μμ: God will heed a father's voice quickly.

Սեւագլիսի անէծքը քարին որ դիպչի, քարը կը պատռի։ Even a stone would crack, if a priest cursed it.

Uop *i*ft op{*i*f*ipp*, ofump duppumbmh witfop up upt: A mother's blessing will lift the curse of seven priests.

Մօր անէծքը չի բռնի, ծծի կաթը դէմ կ'առնի։ A mother's curse won't work; the milk she has given from her breast will block it.

Յաջողու են եւ ծախորդու են Good and bad fortune

Ամէն օր ջուրը գերան չի բերի։ Not everyday does the water carry logs.

Ամէն ջուր դերան չի բերի։ Not all waters carry logs. **Ամէն օր կուժը ջուր չի բերի։** The pitcher does not bring water everyday.

Մարդու մամը ամէն օր տղայ չի բերի։ Mothers don't give birth to a son everyday.

95 *եղեր ңիչեր*, *пр չ***5** *լпсидեր*: There has never been a night not followed by daylight.

Ցերեկով ման եկածս, դիչերով հանդիպեց։ What I was looking for in daylight I found at night.

«Ես բախտ չունիմ» "I am unlucky"

իմ հացս աղ չունի։ My bread has no salt. [i.e., My good acts are not known.]

ξ₂<u>μ</u> *β***μ**<u>ν</u> **ξ**, *n*<u>μ</u>*μ*<u>μ</u><u>ν</u><u>ν</u> **ξ***n*<u>ν</u><u>μ</u>. It's only our donkey that has no saddle.

Իմ կարդս որ համնի, ամէն բան կը չորնայ։ When it is my turn, everything dries up.

Uzhump4 guhubg, lun pnrume- bu guhubgh, uff2 nr nnru pnrume: Everybody sowed, it grew strong; I sowed, it grew all wrong.

Ամէնքը արտ կը ցանեն, չիտակ կը բուսնի, իմ ցանածս ծուռ կը բուսնի։ Everyone else's grain grows straight, mine grows crooked.

Աչխարհքս լայնարձակ է, ի՛նչ օգուտ որ սիրտս նեղ է։ The world is immense, what is it to me if my heart is tense?

Մենք Տրադլիս ունենանք, իչի պոչն էլ լիս կը տայ։ If we happen to have candle-light, even the donkey's tail will light up.

Ամառուայ արեւէն ի՜նչ Հասկցայ, որ ձմեռուայ արեւէն ի՜նչ Հասկնամ։

What did I gain from the summer sun that I should now gain from the winter sun?

Առաւօտուայ արեւից ի՜նչ տաքացայ, որ իրիկնապահին ի՜նչ տաքանամ։

What warmth did I get from the morning sun that I should get any warmth from the evening sun?

Utile 4ngnclothers the set of th

Երկու սափախ (կողով) քաք ուղարկեն մեր քաղաքը, մէկը մեր տունը կու դայ։

If they send two baskets of shit to our city, one will come to our house.

Երկինքէն փալան Թափի, մեր ճիտը չ'իյնար։ If saddles fall from the sky, not one would fall on our backs.



ԳԻՒՂ ԵՒ ՔԱՂԱՔ COUNTRY AND CITY

Themes

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Հայը մինչեւ չյողնի, չի նստի: The Armenian won't sit down if he isn't tired.

ζωյի վերջին խելջն է դովելի: Armenians have good ideas in hindsight.

Քիչ ենք, բայց Հայ ենք։ We are not many, but we are Armenians.

(Հայու) մէկը քիչ է, երկուսը՝ չատ։ One (Armenian) is too few; two are too many. [i.e., Armenians are incompatible.]

ζως Εύρ π. վως Εύρ: We are Armenians, and we are a pain.

Հայու օրօրոց կոտրուկ ա։ The cradle of the Armenian is crushed.

ζωյի «*unn*, *ξ'p*»-*μu nuum ξu bμbμ*: You have never experienced the Armenian's "Charge!" [i.e., Armenians can be rebellious.]

Հայ տղամարդու սիրտը, Հայ ծովին անդունդը, երկուսն մուխ են։ The hearts of Armenian men and the bottom of the sea are secrets.

Prippu putp 5, 4t/p, sturns fuous: Zussu putp 5, 6t/ 4tp, 6t/ fuous: The Turk said, "Eat first and speak afterwards." The Armenian said, "Eat and speak at the same time."

П_Lр *ե*р*ե*<u>р</u> *Հայ իրար մоտ Հաւա*<u>р</u>п_L*h*, *այ*ն*տեղ ե*р*կ*п_L *կ*п_L*ишկg*п_L-*[ф*<u>h</u>^L*i կимե*<u>n</u>*čn*_L*h*: Where three Armenians get together, there will be two parties created.

Գինի, էրմէնին (Հայի) տինի (Հաւատ)։ Wine is the Armenians' faith.

Հայրենիքի եւ ղարիպի (պանդուխտ) մասին About the fatherland and the gharib*

Հայրենեաց քարինքը աւելի տաք են քան Բաբելոնի փոները։ The stones of my native country are warmer than the ovens of Babylon.

ζωյի աչխարς, **վայի աչխար**ς: World of Armenians, world of sorrow.

Հայաստան, որբաստան։ Land of Armenians, land of orphans.

Հայաստան, քարաստան։ Land of Armenians, land of stones.

Ամէն փէտ չերեփ չի լինի, ամէն սար՝ Մասիս։ Not every wood can make a ladle, not every mountain can match Masis. [Mount Ararat is also called 'Masis' in Armenian.]

Ղարիպին հացը լեղի ա, ջուրը աղու (Թունաւոր)։ A gharib's* bread is bitter, his water poisonous.

Ղարիպի ուչքը միչտ ետեւն ա։ A gharib's* heart is always back home.

<u>2</u>*uphuh* **4***uphup* **4***humuj*: Only a gharib* knows how a gharib feels.

Zopu ne Sopu uppelue pungp u, duffuuh angu ne Incpu uunce: My father's and my mother's blood are dear; my country's earth and water are sweet.

Ղարիպը բամբասուեց, գանգատաւորը չատացաւ։ When a gharib* is blamed, many plaintiffs will come forward.

Ղարիպի Համար մի օրը մի տարի ա: For a gharib*, a day seems a year.

Բնու ժիւն եւ դիւղական կեանք Nature and country life

Մարտի իննին, լագլագը (արագիլը) բնին։ On the ninth of March, storks are back in their arch. [Lit.: ... in their nest.]

Վերջացաւ մարտս, դնաց տարտս։ March has ended, my worries have ended.

Մարտը մէկ օրն օիստ (եօքը) կնիկ կը փոխայ։ In one day, March can change seven wives.

Մարտ, խենդ մարդ։ March, crazy man.

Пу пр шщрррр и дибишу, шщрр пь ஓшршу, пу пр визрирви дибишу, врадань (չնչ рб ршб) ஓшршу: He who sows in April will reap great amount; he who sows in May – not even a pound.

Մինչեւ յունիս, ունիս նէ, ունիս, չունիս նէ, չունիս։ By June, if you have it, you have it; if you don't, won't have it.

Տարուան չորս եղանակները Հարեւան են, էն էլ մին-մնու Հակառակ։ The four seasons are neighbors, all against each other.

β₂<u>μ</u> ημ ηπ. μg, ημμητύ μ: When the donkey roars, it's spring.

Ամառուայ անձրեւին, ձմեռուայ արեդակին մի՝ Հաւատա։ Don't rely on summer's rain or winter's sunshine.

Ամռան տղան, վարդի տղայ, ձմռան տղան, մոխրի տղայ։ A summer child, a rosy child; a winter child, an ashy child.

Ամառուայ փուչը, ձմեռուայ նուչը։ A summer splinter is an almond in winter. **Ամառուայ Հասած տանձը աչուն չի տեսնի**։ A pear ripened in summer doesn't last til fall.

Supp huj opnewi hp ww45, op huj mmpnewi: Some years feed a day, some days feed a year.

Чпс ңшј шшрћи, \$Етр ршрћи: The year comes, and the goodness comes with it.

Ձմեռ բտէ՛ (պարարտացնել), գարուն կ[ժէ՛։ In winter – feed; in summer – reap.

Հողով ա ապրում արար աչխարհը։ The whole world lives from the earth.

Քամու խէրն էլ չատ է, չառն էլ։ Wind does a lot of good and a lot of harm.

Ձմեռուայ վարդը կրակն է։ Fire is the winter's rose.

Գիւղացի եւ քաղաքացի Peasant and townsman

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 Գեղացին մեռնի, կենէ իւր եղին կաչին մնայ կու, քաղքըցուն ի՞նչ մնայ կու։

When a peasant dies, at least his ox's hide stays behind; what does the townsman leave behind?

Գեղի չունը քաղաք մտնէ նէ, պոչը սղմած կը քալէ։ When a country dog comes to the city, it walks with its tail between its legs.

Գեղացու մէջըը որ տուղ եղաւ, ցանածը լաւ չի բուսնի: If a peasant's back is straight, his harvest will be crooked.

Գեղացու փորը քաղքցու Հացով չի կչտանայ։ You cannot fill a peasant's stomach with a townsman's food.

Գեղացին չկերած բանը չ'ուտեր։ A country man won't eat what he hasn't eaten before.

Գեղացին լաւ է, քան չարակամ իչխանը։ It's better to be a peasant than a bad-hearted prince.

Աղջատին գեղը գցա, Թէ չապրի գետը գցա։ Throw the poor man into the country; if he is still poor, throw him into the river.

Գեղացու խօսքը չուանի չեն դնում։ They have no esteem for the peasant's words.

β-անչպարի խոփը ոսկի կը կտրէ: The peasant's ploughshare is the best source of health.

Գեղացիին աղբար կ'ըսեն, Հարուստին աղա․ իսկ ուտելու կորկոտին գեղացիին աղա կ'րսեն։։

They call the peasant 'brother', the rich man 'Agha'*, but when it comes to eating korkot*, they call the peasant Agha*.

Գեղցին ՀՀՀ բանից ըմանչիլ չի, Հեսաբից (Հաչիւ) կ'ըմանչի։ A peasant doesn't know embarrassment, except for (financial) accounts.

Ընտանի կենդանիներ Domestic animals

էծը սատանի Հօրեղբօր տղէն է։ The goat is the devil's cousin.

Π_L *intrumo*, *unumulung intrumo*, *tplin_uli ξ*_L *ilp μmli ξ*: Seeing a baby goat is like seeing a devil. [Based on the folk belief that a goat has the devil inside.]

Բուղէն (ցուլ) նախրի կէսն ա։ The bull is half the herd.

էծը քեասիպի կովն է։ The goat is a poor man's cow.

Շունը չինականի պահապան ընկեր է։ A dog is a peasant's guardian and friend.

Շունը Հաւատարիմ է, կատուն՝ դող։ The dog is faithful, the cat is a thief.

Մարդու դռան չունն էլ չնորհքին պէտք է լինի։ Even the dog at your door should look decent.

Կատուն կեղծաւոր կ'ըլնի։ The cat is two-faced.

Ustu Sump unucontaint f Incugeness, fummesti fiphfactue: People wash themselves in the morning, cats in the evening.

Լաւ ձին անդին ա, վատը՝ պատիժ։ A good horse is priceless, a bad one a pain.

ξ₂μ **μu μμξ**', **δμu μu μu μu**: When the ass comes to a halt, jab it to go; when the horse comes to a halt, leave it and go.

կինս կու տամ, ջորիս չեմ տայ։ I would give my wife away, but not my mule.



Themes

Црчения ве шрченинистр
Զարդացած եւ կրխուած
Խրատ ամէն փորձանքէ
Խրատ տուող միչտ կայ
Սովորու[ժիւն
Դաստիարակուլժիւն, օրինակ 171 Upbringing, example
Фпрбшппс[дрси
Բնածին յատկու[ժիւնները չեն փոխուիր
Գէչին Հետ չվուողը կը գէչնայ

Արհեստ եւ արհեստաւոր Trade and workmen

Фѣչшկи пр կшյ, пиц5 щիլшҵп∟ц 5: A trade is a golden bracelet.

Արհեստ ունեցողը մինչեւ կէսօրին անօԹի կը մնայ, չունեցողը՝ մինչեւ իրիկուն։ With a trade you starve till midday; without one, till evening.

Upstume upstumulaph & traphi apply f: The trade is a slave in the workman's hands.

Ципсипи ир сирий с: An unmastered trade is worthless.

Արհեստաւորը արհեստաւորին ծուռ կը նայի։ One tradesman cannot stand another.

Դերձակին ասացին, քոչի', ասեղը խրեց եախչն (օձիք) ու գնաց: They told the tailor to move; he stuck his needle in his collar and moved. [i.e., A tailor does not need many tools for his trade.]

Undinpud lun ditzula stand a trade you have mastered to the grave. [i.e., Teach your trade to others.]

իր արհեստին ծուռ նայողը կուչտ չ'ուտեր։ He who dislikes his trade, will never eat his fill.

Բան տեսնողը Հաճալժն (գործիք) ա։ It's the tool that does the work.

Ղանիախն (եռանդ) ու զանիախը (արհեստ) աղբար են։ Vigor and trade are brothers.

Utappe Summe union of the seller of honey will lick his finger. [i.e., A tradesman will profit from his trade.] <u>Lur Suáninpp դшутпій 51 կр Suáh, ишрпійи 51</u>: A good reaper will reap both in the valley and on the mountain.

Կով կերդը կով կերդին չի կարող խաբել։ One cow milker cannot defraud another.

Π<u>ε</u>[μμμμ δμμμμμ επιμμμ μ'πμμμ</u>: It's the shepherd who eats the liver of the sheep. [The liver is considered to be the tastiest part of the sheep.]

Խաղողի լաւը բաղուանչին (պարտիզպան) կ'ուտի։ The best grapes go to the vineyard keeper.

Մանդաղուորի ձեռջէն մանդաղը չեն առնի։ You don't take the sickle from the reaper's hand.

*П***питии́չпь ընծши ций ини ини ц'ель, ций бинетьц**: A gift from a gardener will be either a melon or a watermelon.

Պոստանչուն սերմ չեն ծախի։ You can't sell seeds to a gardener.

9шрңшдшб եւ կр[дп.шб Well-read and educated

Ով կարդայ, նա մարդ ա։ Education makes the person.

4*upqup nulp uppuqnLl 5*: Education is a golden bracelet.

*П***сипси итидиот инии** *ср* **и** *и***ии: The learned will never starve.**

Կարդալն եփուկ Հաց է, դրած մարդու ծոց։ Education is a well-baked bread in the pocket.

Շատ կարդացողը Հասկացող կ'եղնի։ A well-educated person is an understanding person. **Բանն էն չի, որ ասեմ խրատ, բանն էն է, որ առնես վրաղ**: The point is not that I give advice, but rather that you take it.

Սեւ գիրքը կարմիր օրեր կը բերէ։

The black book will bring red days. ["Black" is a metaphor for the color of the print, and "red" for "brightness, bliss, happiness."]

Քանի լեղու գիտես, այնքան մարդ ես։ You are as many a person as the languages you know.

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Գիտութիւն, Հարստութիւն։ Scholarship – prosperity.

Խրատ ամէն փորձանքէ Lessons drawn from misfortune

Ամէն փորձանքին մէկ–մէկ խրատ։ From each pitfall (you learn) a lesson.

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Ջուրը չիյնողը լողալ չի սորվիր: If you don't jump into the water, you'll never learn to swim.

ζξ. μι δι ξι ξ, πρ η μπ. μύ ξ Εμε The real doctor is he who has endured much.

Մինչեւ սէլը չը չրջի, Տամբէն չի դրստուիլ։ The road won't be fixed until the carriage turns over.

Ծովն անց կենողը առւում չի խեղդուի։ He who crossed the sea won't fear the brook.

Խրատ տուող միչտ կայ There is always somebody to give advice

bpum mn_npp zum l'pllh, sug mn_npp ehz: To give advice there will be many; to give bread very few.

Մարդուս խրատն իր ծոցն է: Your advice is under your chest. [i.e. Do not expect others to advise you.]

Sulfu blep 5, **hush long the unpulsable**: He came out of me, and teaches me how to swim. [Cited mostly by parents whose children try to instruct them. Originally a vulgar allusion to excrement floating in the water.]

Սովորու Թիւն Habit

Սորվածը չի կայնի։ He who is in the habit will never quit.

Սովորու[ժիւնը բնու[ժիւն կ'ըլլայ։ Habit becomes nature.

Ոսկոր բերող չունը ոսկոր ալ կը տանի։ A dog that brings bones will also carry away bones.

Undpnhu մի' պակսացնի, անսոdpnhu մի' սոdpnguh: Do not deprive the accustomed; do not accustom the deprived.

ξεύ μη εμερικό μππύ πη πειπξ, φεριείου μ'πεπρ: When a donkey eats a grass he never ate before, his head swells. [In Armenian, "to get a swollen head" means "to get sick."]

Աչխարհքը ոնց բռնես, էնենց էլ կ'երթայ։ As you handle things in this world, so they go. Π'_{ξ} μ_{n} $\mu_{$

Սորվուկն ու կատղուկը մէկ է։ He who gets used (to good life), can easily go wild.

Դաստիարակու[ժիւն, օրինակ Upbringing, example

Տղան չծեծողը ծունկը կը ծեծէ։ He who doesn't beat his child will beat his knees.

Ծուռ ծառը պղտիկուց կը չտկեն։ A crooked tree must be straightened out when young.

bq *quis lequent q'enfous, eq' shupped (suppuq)*: Some oxen move with words, others with whips.

Հաղար անդամ [дп.р п. մп.р, մէկ անդամ օրինակ տп.р: Instead of scolding a thousand times, set an example once.

and manner.

Useu hus menuh, su si hun: The eyes do what they see.

*L***шь и́шраль 4-ып илини' (рш[5), гшь орринц и'л**: Walk with a good person, learn a good lesson.

Ծաղիկը ծաղկին նայելով կը բացուի։ A flower blooms by seeing others bloom.

U*tquunphutfpptfptptptfpfgng uounfu f nuf*: Felons are not born felons (from their mother), they have been taught by their neighbors.

Φηράωπηςβριω Experience

Court grave ling, alphysic sumplies, star lumpor where sum grave sty ling, alphysic summa, star unplif: There are things you cannot do until you learn them; there are other things you cannot learn until you do them.

Φ-η-δωδ υωσωύξυ μως **ξ**, <u>ρ</u>ωύ<u>β</u> ωυφηρά ζη_ετημμη: The devil you know is better than the unknown angel.

Շատ ապրողը չատ բան չի իմանայ, չատ ման եկողը չատ բան կ'իմանայ։ He who lives long doesn't know much, but he who travels a lot does.

Qų́npámò áļnī tintīh uhyhpi Don't walk behind a horse you haven't tried.

Թաղա (Նոր) չորը Հնի վրայ կը ձեւեն։ They cut a new dress from the pattern of an old one.

Չփորձած մարդից պարտը չառնես։ Don't borrow money from someone you have not tested.

Ձփորձած մարդու սիրտղ չբանաս։ Don't confide to a person you haven't tried.

Φ*η***ρδ***μ***δ ζ***μ***ρμι***μ***ιμιμι μι ξ**: A neighbor who has proven his worth is better than a relative who hasn't.

Πμ εμε ζ ψημάτι, εμε ζι ημημ: He who has experienced little knows little.
Շատ ապրողը չատ բան կը տեսնէ։ He who lives long sees a lot.

Կրկին փորձելը յիմարու[ժիւն է։ Trying all over again is foolish.

Մինչեւ մի մարդու Հետ մի փուխ աղ չուտես, չես Տանչնայ։ You don't know a person until you've eaten a pout* of salt with him.

Lul opp unlulomp l'hphlug, jul muphu quphuhp: A good day shows in the morning; a good year in the spring.

Բնածին յատկու[ժիւնները չեն փոխուիր Innate qualities cannot be changed

Ծп.п. ф5-тը տш2-Б1-тվ 5-р 2-т4-р: A crooked piece of wood can't be straightened by planing it.

Գայլը բուրդը կը փոխէ, բայց բնոյնը չի փոխեր։ The wolf changes its coat, but not its nature.

Կարմիր կովը իր կաչուցը դուրս չի դայ։ A red cow will never abandon its skin.

Սեւ չունը չի սիպտակի։ A black dog will never turn white.

Վատ օրը կը լաւանայ, վատ մարդը չի լաւանայ։ A bad day can improve, a bad person cannot.

Oáu hpm zmulhle le hhhuf, eun-Ohube sh hhhuf: The snake will change its skin, but not its nature.

Փիս մարդը, Զատկին էլ փիս կ'ըլնի։ A bad person will be bad even at Easter. **Կախի հետ մտածը, հոգու հետ դուրս կը գայ։** What goes in with (mother's) milk, comes out with the soul.

Շան պոչը կաղապար դնելով չի չիտկի։ You cannot straighten the dog's tail by moulding it.

hnqu hn hnqn-loh-un sh longn-n: A pig will never give up its piggery.

Աւշանը ինչքան բեջարես (խնամել), ռեհան չի դառնայ։ No matter how much care you give to weeds, they won't become basil.

Թարխունը իր քոքին կը բուսնի։ Tarragon grows from its roots.

Uopmeg μεύη <u>pling</u>μ**ύ**, <u>unepp</u> **Umpq**μ**ύ** μ[°]**ύ**ξ **wú**μ: What can Saint Sarkis do for someone born mad? [Saint Sarkis is one of the patron saints in the Armenian Christian faith.]

Աղուաւը ինչքան լողանայ, ղաղ չի լինի։ No matter how often it bathes, the raven will never become a goose.

Կովի կէօրա մողիկ կ՝եղնի։ Like cow, like calf.

Ծառն իր պաղէն կը ճանաչուի։ You recognize a tree by its fruit.

Պլղուրը բրինձ չի լինի։ Boulgour* cannot become rice.

Շան պոչը կտրելով, անմեղ դառ չի դառնայ։ By cutting its tail, the dog won't become an innocent lamb.

Թուխ աչքը մօրուց պիտի, դեղ դրածը Թեղ կ'աւրի։ Black eyes must be innate; what is painted will fade. **Տղեն տղից կ'ըլնի։** A boy comes from a boy.

Իչի քուռակը վերջն էչ կը դառնայ։ The child of an ass will end up as an ass.

Էչը [ժիմարելով նժոյդ չի դառնայ։ You cannot train a donkey to become a horse.

by growing big, a donkey won't become master of the barn.

Շնէն գառ չի ծնի։ From a dog, no lamb will be born.

Oáh áman smith áma sh thur: The snake's young cannot become a chick.

Շունը իր չնութիւնը կ՝անի։ A dog will do its doggery.

խնձորն իր ծառի տակ կ'ընկնի։ The apple falls under its tree.

Ծիրանն իր ծառի տակին վէր կ'ընկնի։ The apricot falls under its tree.

Ամէն բան տեղը կու գայ, քոսայի (անմազի) մօրուքը չի գար։ Everything can come back, only the beard on a eunuch's face can't.

Գէչին Հետ չփուողը կը գէչնայ He who associates with evil becomes evil

Uppun uppun_flu pun_npp up uppun_flu uppun_fl

Աղոաւին ընկեր եղողը աղբէն դուրս չ'ելլար։ He who takes the raven for his companion is bound to stay in the dung.

Շան Հետ լինես չնաՀոտ կը դայ։ If you live among dogs, you will stink like a dog.

9-*nphu* 4*Em mmµnnµµnµnµµhunµµhwho lives with thieves learns to steal*.

Շան Հետ պառկողը ոջլի Հետ կը վեր կենայ։ He who goes to bed with a dog wakes up with lice.



ԱՆԱՐԴԱՐՈՒԹԻՒՆ, ՀԱՐՍՏՈՒԹԻՒՆ, ԱՊԱՀՈՎՈՒԹԻՒՆ INJUSTICE, WEALTH, SECURITY

Themes

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Ուժ, բռնու[ժիւն, օրէնք, դատաստան Power.force.law.judgment		

Որքան ծռիս, կը բեռնաւորեն
Ապահովութիւն
Դրամ, ապրանք, առեւտուր191 Money, goods, commerce
Պարտք, կաչառք, տոկոս
Սուղ, աժան

Անարդարու[ժիւն Injustice

Աշխարհն արօտ, մենք մէջը կարօտ։ The world is a plentiful mead, yet we are in need.

Աչ խարհ ծով ա, մենք ծարաւ ենք։ The world is a sea, yet we are thirsty. [Arm. ծով "sea" metaphor for abundance.]

Աչխարհքը ծով, մեղ համար սով։ The world has plenty, for us it's empty.

Մէկին ծով, միւսին սով։ One gets the feast [lit.: sea], the other the famine.

Մնին պուտ-պուտ, մնին փութ-փութ։ For some it drizzles, for others it pours.

Մէկն ուտելով կը մեռնի, մէկն աչելով (նայելով)։ Some die from eating, some from watching others eat.

Աշխարհջին մէկդին կու լայ, մէկդին կը խնդայ։ One side of the world is crying, the other side is laughing.

Շատը չատի մօտ կ'եր[ժայ: Plenty goes to plenty.

Բերան կայ, Հաց չկայ, Հաց կայ, բերան չկայ։ Where there are mouths, there is no bread; where there is bread, there are no mouths.

Cum rumnyhu, zwyt zwyhu, phz rumnyhu, zwyt zwyhu: For the hard work a woolen shirt; for the light work a silk shirt.

П'і типр, п'і піпр: Who is working, who is eating?

Ես բրդեմ, դո՞ւ խր[ժես։ I should do the crumbling, you should do the gulping? **Աշխատի Խաչիկ, ուտի տաճիկ։** Khachik does the work, tachik* does the eating.

Ես եփեցի, դուն կերար։ I cooked it, you ate it.

Եղն աչիսատի, ձին ուտի։ The ox does the deed, the horse gets the feed.

Fuznen qhuh, uzneu (qhune) h'uz qhuh: The sufferer [the worker] knows; what does the onlooker know?

Էչին Հարսանիք կանչեցին, ասեց՝ Հարկաւ ջուր կրելու էք տանում։

They called the donkey to a wedding; it said, "I am sure, you want me to carry your water."

Qnimnyh ump nimnyhu ump m: The wealth of those who do not spend it is well-deserved by those who spend it.

Շատ դատողին քիչն ա պաչար։ He who works hard has a small share.

The Struggle is for me; why two for you, and one for me?

UE& &nLlp uquhlhu hnL hnL muj: Big fish will swallow the small.

Νουρμ ημιπημίνη χμ, πεπημίνα μ: It's the eater, not the worker who has the final say.

ՈLmnnp ξqhmf, *ppηnqpmf*: The eater doesn't know (the hardship), the worker does. **Հաստ ու բարակ մի դին է, վա՛յ բարակ մանողին**: Thick or thin, it is the same pay; pity the one who spins thin all day. [About the spinning of wool which is paid by the weight.]

Ողորմի ուտողին, ո՛չ ողորմի բրդողին։ Blessed is the eater, not the worker.

Доп.'и (пь d Eq.) шицорри Церец ш: The powerful has eaten up the powerless.

2*pկшupnd 4mpumugnqhubgt*: He who gets rich by depriving himself is doomed.

4' шщпр цпцп_пцп, <u>5</u>р шщпр цпцпп: The deprived, not the depriver, will thrive.

Աչիսատողը անօթի չի մնայ։ A worker will not starve.

Пу шуриштр, иш пытр: He who works – eats.

Բաղդադ էլ խուրմա չատ կայ․ ինծի ի՛նչ։ There are a lot of dates in Baghdad; what is it to me?

9-Emulti jummulti me quivá zum times de traves Many riches are under the earth; what is it to us?

Բաղը չամիչ չատ ա ինծի ու քեղի ի՛նչ։ There are many raisins in the vineyard; what is it to you and me?

Բռնու եւ Համերաչ խու թեն Violence and harmony

խախրը չատ է քանց զօռը։ Compliance is better than violence.

Պառաւն էլ դժոխք էի երխայ, Համա գօռով կը տանեն։ The old hag wouldn't go to hell willingly, but she was taken by force. **Դեւը դարբնոց չէր երԹում, գլխին տալով տարան։** The dev* didn't want to go to the forge, they took him by force.

Թէ խաթերով չդնաս, չուանով կը տանեն։ If you don't go willingly, they will take you with a rope.

Сшир цоппи прир 5-и прир: You cannot force a dog to go hunting.

Петні ешу шриб ішря сын зр пейейшу: A rose forced open will not have a scent.

Դժուաը կացու[ժիւններ Difficult situations

Обльй Іршу Цшрһбй ші Цбну: After the snake bit, the scorpion stung too.

Անձրեւը ծեծածը կարկուտն էլ կը ծեծի։ What the rain hit, the hail will hit as well.

*Ծովից ելան***ք, ընկանք ջր** *Հեղեղ*: We got out of the sea and were caught by a flood.

9-5_[hg_dumburg, mp2h_Surviva ________ I escaped the wolf and got caught by the bear.

Կուչտ նստանք, անօթի կայնանք։ We sat down full, we got up hungry.

Сиեи **рад Ц'<u>п</u>[ир, <u>¿ри</u>њи рад Ц'<u>п</u>[ир: If you speak up, it's a war; if you don't, it's a sore. [Lit.: If you speak up, it's a flame; if you don't, it's an ulcer.]**

Վեր Թքնեմ ունքս է, վար Թքնեմ մօրուքս է։ I spit up, I hit my brow; I spit down, I hit my beard. **Under any and any angle of the second secon**

Lutu, 452 l'ulluu, 2004, 52 l'ulluu: If you speak up, you are nasty; if you don't, you are an ass.

Ներքեւը չեմ նստի, վերեւում էլ տեղ չկայ։ I will not sit below, and above there is no place.

Միու [ժիւնը գօրու [ժիւն է Unity is strength

β-ηη-ημημα μίωδ μπ. μ.δ. **ξ**, ημαμαβίμες **ξ** ξμαρία. People are like sleeping lions; when they wake up, they sleep no more.

Ufge-ufgeh np muue, ump znen lpe muue: If we back each other up, we can overturn mountains.

Գեղ կանդնի, դերան կոտրի։ Get the village on its feet, it will smash the log to pieces.

Cultendle dwce community w: Dying with friends is like being at a wedding.

Երկու կատու, կը խեղդեն մէկ չուն։ Two cats can strangle one dog.

Մի ձեռը ծափ չի տայ։ One hand cannot clap alone.

Աչխարհքով եղած բանը վախ չունի։ What happened to the whole world should not be feared.

Up oportunity of a series of a series of a series of a series of the se

Up Sunfund quipments the lifethere There is no spring with one flower.

Մէկ կակալը (ընկոյզ) տոպրակի մէջ ձէն չի Հանի։ A lone walnut cannot make noise in a sack.

Հшрпсит և шղршт Rich and poor

Հարուստի ուժն ու Հողին զրպանում ա։ A rich man's strength and soul are in his pocket.

Uumnume Sumpurph Unpurp m: God takes the side of the rich.

Ор ешина, ор псинар: Daily worker, daily eater.

Հարստու[ժիւն կայ իչիսանավարի, Հարստու[ժիւն կայ՝ իչավարի։ Wealth makes some people princes, and others asses.

Սուտը աղքատին դրամադլուխն է։ Lies are the poor man's capital.

Ծակը մեծ Է, կարկատանը պղտիկ: The hole is big, the patch is small.

Մէկ տունով չենք, մէկ Հալով ենք։ We do not live in the same hut, but we are in the same boat.

Աղջատն ունի Հաց ու պանիր, գիչերը ջունը չի տանիր։ When a poor man has bread and cheese, he cannot fall asleep at night. *Cump n_dfg ξ, pf**μ**μμnμg ξ***: A great gift is given out of wealth, a small one out of love.**

Աղջատին փորն են Տեղջեր, Հազար «գալ տարի» են գտեր։ They cut the poor man's stomach and found a thousand "next year's." [Poor people are fed promises which never come to fruition.]

Uf ummhhn 52u, quinnen f pugened, unenengin f of preds: Do not die, my donkey; spring is coming and the clover is sprouting.

QEquid mEqhy **U**umnLuid's *E*₁ u pEquipuid (jnq'suid): Even God is fed up with the poor.

Հայն եղէ ձիաւոր, մենք ոտաւոր, չենք Հասնի։ Bread is on horseback and we, on foot, cannot catch it.

Հարուստի գուխանն ա աւելանում, աղքատի՝ երեխէքը: The rich get more ploughs, the poor more kids.

U₁**pum quqpumu f umb**₁, **U**₁**umn**₁**ub**⁵**u f**₁**i b**₁**uh**¹**u** The poor man hated the other poor man, and God hated both.

Ц*прыте пр чис կ'пстt*, *tw чись t чреште*: When a poor man eats a chicken, either he or the chicken is sick.

Uhpunu լէն ш, &եռ.u կшрб: *My heart is wide, my hands are tied.* [I am generous, but I am poor.]

ከեղճի ձեռը բռնող չի ըլի։ Nobody will lend a hand to the poor.

hEnghu sun munn st, sun hEnghum munn zum h'nth: To the poor, many will give advice, but not bread.

2/Liu / Li w q. hunn l, [J; wq. pump th; m f n b; How could the snow know that the poor have no firewood?

*Քառասու***ն գող մի չպլաղի (մերկ) չեն կարացել [ժալանել**: Forty thieves couldn't rob a naked man. **Գողն եկաւ, սեւերես գնաց։** The thief came, and he left in shame.

Snlup պարան մը չկայ, որ կախուի: He doesn't even have a rope to hang himself.

Աղջատին երեսը նայող չկայ։ Nobody bothers with the poor.

Π_ξ *uni*₁*u u*₁*u*

Աղքատին Հացն ուտողը չի կչտանար։ You cannot satisfy your hunger with a poor man's bread.

Ungermun neutron of the second secon

Աղէն բարկանայ, աղէն զիս կը ծեծէ, ես բարկանամ, աղէն զիս կը ծեծէ։

When the boss gets angry, he beats me up; when I get angry, the boss beats me up.

Uumnud unpump hunugut nup us, 520 hnnugut, deptu up unut hnnug: When God wants to make a poor man happy, he makes him lose his donkey, and lets him find it again.

Nutsengh Sunday with op Quantity w: For the rich every day is Easter.

Usinez encu l'elleng, neu line mue f: You sleep well when your waist is warm. [In old times, money was kept in a special belt; hence a 'warm waist'.]

Հարստի աղջիկն առնելն ա դժուար, պահելը հեչտ ա: The rich man's daughter is hard to get (as a wife), but easy to keep. Հարուստ մարդը օձ կերաւ, ասին, դեղ ա․ աղջատը կերաւ, ասին՝ սոված ա։

When the rich man ate a snake, they said it was a remedy; when the poor man did, they said he was hungry.

Uhuser superiod and the set of t

Ապրիլ կայ երկախ է, ապրիլ կայ արծախ է: There is life like iron and life like silver.

Մէկին որ փողն աւելնայ, տանը սիւնը ծուռ կ'երեւնայ։ As one gets richer, the pillar of his house seems crooked to him.

Հարստի Հարստու[ժեան չես կարող Հասնիլ, դրացի եղիր նրան: If you cannot attain the rich man's wealth, become his neighbor.

Հարստու [ծիւնը անքուն կրակ է. ունեցողին Հանդիստ չի տալիս: Wealth is a fierce fire: it gives its owner no peace.

Հարստու Շիւնը գէչին կը սիրունացնի, լալին լեզու կը տայ, չոլաիսին ջիւիսո ոտը, քոռին ալ երկու աչը։ Riches give beauty to the ugly, speech to the dumb, feet to the crippled, and two eves to the blind.

Nil np ifting nLup, *fut_lp fnLup*. *nil np fut_lp nLup*, *ifting fnLup*: He who has money has no brains; he who has brains has no money.

N°LI <u>houpe</u> <u>wugnel</u> <u>l'ellwj</u>: <u>Zweneumhu</u> <u>ne</u> <u>q</u><u>b</u><u>q</u><u>b</u><u>g</u><u>h</u><u>l</u><u>h</u><u>u</u>: Who is always listened to? The wealthy and the handsome.

Q_µmhų մարդիկ, մեծ-մեծ երազներ կը տեսնեն: Small people have great dreams.

h'uz wuha nuhh luntune (munuh), nu uhu nuhu huh latur What good is a golden basin, if I am to spit blood in it?

Հարուստը մեռնի, դեղն երերայ, աղջատը մեռնի, մարդ չիմանայ: When a rich man dies, the whole village flares; when a poor man dies, no one cares.

U54p 4p 4wjEf, UfLup 4p mnLd5 One has the pleasure, the other the pain

Պապին կերածը Թոռան ակռան կ'առնէ։ What a grandfather ate, his grandson's teeth will sense.

Питпр Церши, ицитпр и умер риции: He who ate it got away; he who licked it had to pay.

Ձին ու ջորին կռուան, էչը ոտատակ դնաց։ The horse and the mule fought; the donkey got underfoot.

Πισ, μπίπτ.[σ]μιίι, οηξίερ, ημισιματικά Power, force, law, judgment

рпшылыр цшј, орђир зишј: There are rights, but no laws.

Դատաւորին աչը չկայ, ականջ կայ: The judge has no eyes, he has ears.

Մեռելից խարջ չեն ուղի։ They don't ask dues from the dead.

Utomining on under the provided and the second se

Opfugu summer summer summer summer summer: Law is written for the rich, punishment for the poor.

Դահիճ կայ, որ խիղճ ունի, դատաւոր կայ, խիղճը մեռած։ There are hangmen with souls, and judges with dead souls.

*N***^eų ąпղшдшь цшршą п. п. с. и. ръбри ишршą и:** Who stole the butter, who ended up in the gutter? [Lit.: ..., "who was sent to the hayloft?"] **2011 пр имици и ври имир, циниминии вреди цир.** When violence enters the house, justice escapes through the skylight.

Սուր մանդաղը քոնն է, ամա Հանդը բաժանովի է։ The sharp sickle is yours, but the field is not yours alone.

Բանտի քանդածը Աստուած չի քանդի։ What the jail can destroy, God cannot. [Years in jail can destroy a household.]

Որքան ծռիս, կը բեռնաւորեն The more you bow, the more they load you

Շալկես, առնող չկայ, ալկես՝ առնող չատ։ If you carry your load – no one will take it off you; if you give it away, many will.

Բեռը չալկողի չալակին կը դնեն։ They load the burden on those who carry it.

Տաւէն (ուղտ) էլ մեծ է, Համա կը չոքեցնեն, բեռ կը դնեն վրան։ The camel is huge, but they force him on his knees to load him.

h₂hⁱ np hunung4 untutti, gn hun hp humth: When they see that the donkey is humble, two will ride on it.

Π-η*m*hⁱ *uu*hⁱ. «*Ա*ξ_Pη [*n*]*u*, [*du*η*u*μ-*n*μ₁ *p*Eη [*μ*ⁱ*u*ⁱζ_L] *u*», *uu*Eg. «*bu* η h*m*E*d*, *Eu* 4*n*ημ *un*h *u*h*m*h ημh, *Eu bu*μ*n*μ₁ μρⁱ*u*δh»: They told the camel, "Congratulations, the king has called for you." He said, "I know, he will send me either to Koghb (region) for salt or to Sharour (region) for rice."

Lnlop puznq tquù dqhù hp qutu: They yoke the ox that takes the yoke.

ξεύ μη υωιαμμη μ'αι ημ, σωρ υπηπλη μ'υωυ υπη: The donkey would die just to spite his master. **Կոնակ ունենամ, բեռ դնող չա՛տ։** If I have a back, many will load me.

ULELP Sunderent of the product of

ԱպահովուԹիւն Security

Մուլջն (անչարժ գոյջ) անմեռ որդի ա։ Immovable goods are (like) an immortal son.

Πριπեη ζωιg, ζύιπեη μωg: Where you earn your bread, there you make your bed. [Lit.: Where your bread is, there you stay.]

Npmbq 4mg, fumbq 4mg npmbq 4fuf, fumbq 4uf. Where you earn your bread, there you make your bed; where you drink your wine, there you will recline.

Դովլաթեը (Հարստութերւնը) մլջի միջին ա, մալն էսօր կայ, վաղը չկայ։ Wealth lies in immovable property; movable goods are here today, gone tomorrow.

Uпсер инрьций 5: Immovable goods are lovers.

Միրաս (ժառանդու[ժիւն), ուտես ու մուրաս։ Heritance – you spend it and go from riches to rags.

Միրասը (ժառանդութիւն) կ'ըլլայ մարաղ (ախտ)։ Inheritance can become a plague.

Քեաֆիլ (երաչիսաւոր) եղողի ձեռ.քը միչտ ճեպը պիտի եղնի։ The guarantor's hand must always be in his pocket.

Մալը կ'երխայ, մալամախը (Եչնամուխիւն) կը մնայ։ The fortune goes, the feud stays. *σ*-μπ.μύημ μπμρ άξπ.μπμ μπι μπμ: Heritance should be given with warm hands. [i.e., If you have valuables to pass on, do so while you are alive.]

Բան չունիս, վկայ եղիր, պարտը չունիս՝ երաչիսաւոր: If you have no occupation, become a witness; if you have no debts, become a guarantor.

Մալ (ապրանք) ծախողը մէկ տարի կը Հարստանայ, մալ առնողը մէկ տարի կ'աղքատանայ։ The seller is wealthy for a year, the buyer is poor for a year.

Դրամ, ապրանք, առեւտուր Money, goods, commerce

Фп<u>п</u> пр Цшј, *&*En.h шпт ш, *E*uop Цшј, *E*q.nLg *E*{Uш]: Money is (like) dirt on your hands: here today, gone tomorrow.

QnLutu ihnq, unh' Anq: If you have no money, bury yourself.

Փարէն փրկի չարէն։ Money saves you from evil.

Φημι ψηρη Цинпиμδ Εύ μύπμωύξι: Money is called the "little God." **Փողի տիրոջ խօսքն ամէն տեղ կ'անցնի**։ He who has money is listened to.

ζω*j* **μ***μ***μμμμμμμμμμμμμμμμμ** Blessed is money, it smoothes things like honey.

Фппп фпп ц'ш_ришир: Money makes money.

рин ингиде иний ин инг иниј: He who gives nine will give ten as well.

Φողն ամէնքն են աչխատում, բանը պահելն է։ Many make money; keeping is the thing.

Φωρω եղնի, [δξ ξξ փարայի տեղ չատ կայ: The thing is to have money; to spend it, there will be many ways.

Փարան նեղ օրուայ Համար է։ Money is for tight days.

Փարա եղաւ, աչխարհ ձեռքը կը պաղին։ If you have money, the world will kiss your hand.

Φωρωύ լեզու չունեցողի բերանը լեզու կը դնէ։ Money gives a tongue to the mute.

 \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf

Φ*nph μuhpp δwuzgnppniz ζnqh nLuh*, *nz ζwLwm*: He who knows money's worth has neither soul nor faith.

Umul վաստկողին խելքը մէկ, Թոփ անողին տասնումէկ: The money-maker has one brain, the money-saver eleven brains.

*Մ***шральи ршрьцийр рр арщийи 5**: Your best friend is your pocket. **Φ**ողից սարերն էլ են վախենում։ Even mountains fear money.

Umulp umptp lp qp 25 (qppt]): Money will overturn mountains.

Unity upply (npund), Empty multiply, Empty up luply: First have money, then a house, and then a spouse.

Փարա չունեցողին կնիկը Հարամ է։ He who has no money deserves no wife.

Φπηը **δξ**¹ **ξ** μμιμι: Money talks.

Ц*ьр***и Цитпсив, цирр фирии**: Up in heaven – God; down on earth – money.

Նաղդ (կանխիկ) փողը Հանած Թուր է։ Cash money is a drawn sword.

Uniung quations f, Sumpling Unguned: The buyer finds, the seller loses.

Պաղարում ապրանքի Հետ Հողի էլ է ծախւում: At the bazaar, along with goods, they also sell souls.

Uninum pp 45p nl if p fnlip: Business does not know father or mother.

Մшрңпь ищр пр цпршь, спңри էլ цр цпрр: When someone's goods are lost, his soul is also lost.

ԱղբէրուԹեան ատեն աղբօր պէս, առուտուրի ատեն՝ օտարի պէս։ In brotherhood like brothers, in business like strangers.

N *u*p*bumup zuubh*, *n z up qmubi*. He who doesn't trade, will neither lose nor gain.

Առուտուրը էն մարդու մօտից արա, որ Հէրը նոր ա մեռել. եա աղբօր մօտից, որ նոր ա բաժնուել։

Buy goods from a merchant whose father has just died; or from his (merchant's) brother who just split with him.

Առուտուրը Աստծուն կը վայելի․ ԹանկուԹիւնն էլ գիտի, էժանուԹիւնն էլ։

It's God who is suited for commerce; He knows what's costly and what's cheap.

*U***шитро страки страки и инстраки и ин И инстраки и ин**

Ծախողին մէկ աչքը բաւ է. առնողին հաղարն ալ քիչ է. **For the vendor one eye suffices; for the buyer even a thousand won't.**

Առնողին աչքը, ծախողին ձեռքը կ'ըլնի։ The eyes of the buyer are in the hands of the vendor.

Գետնէն ալ ստակ դտնաս նէ, Համրէ ու առ։ Even if you find it on the ground, count the money first and then take it.

Թռչունը կուտով կը բռնեն, մարդը՝ արծախով։ Birds are trapped with seeds, people with silver (money).

Nulp etand Inpunju unless unless et a mule loaded with gold.

Пицри ипграти ини ини: Gold casts light in the darkness.

Nulpu ghup ut for the second second

Пицаь шрођер пицарузе дриђ: It's the goldsmith who knows what gold is worth.

Առանց խելքի, ունեցուածքը կեանք չունի։ Without brains, wealth won't last. **Црби[др шр рагр ш. разрий райна, ур бирильи:** Silver is like salty water: the more you drink, the thirstier you get.

Քեարն (չաՀ) ու վնասը ընկեր են։ Gain and loss are friends. [i.e., Gain and loss go together.]

ԶՀարէն (Թոյն) կծու զարարն է։ It's the bitter loss which is a real poison.

Оңпын ұырыծ тырр шиңшуйши фиши фиу: Where there is no gain, there will be loss without fail.

¶шртр, цшушпр, тпцпи Debt, bribery, interest

Пиридер цилле цинд 5: The door of debt is open.

Mupmum/png Eptup util 5, [Eqnlu Jup6: A debtor's face is blackened with shame, his tongue is tied. [i.e., A debtor is always abashed and reticent.]

Պարտքը կրակէ չապիկ է: Debt is a burning shirt.

Պարտականի պարտքը պէտք է իր կարողու Թեան չափով լինի։ The debtor's borrowings should match his holdings.

Վատ պարտականէն հող ու մոխիր։ From a bad debtor (you'll get) earth and ash. **Պարտքի տակ մնալն ու քարի տակ մնալը մէկ է**։ Being in debt is like being under rocks.

Suble for Ungung 5, reference unum: When he borrows it, he is a servant; when he returns it, he is a sir. [About the behavior of a debtor]

Աղբէրն աղբօրն ասեց. «Առաջ մի հեսաբս տե՛ս, յետոյ աչքիս լոյսն ես»։

A brother said to his brother, "First settle my account, then be the light of my eye."

[Armenian "light of my eye" for the English "apple of my eye".]

Пиртер пр Циј, тигр (пгрт) биц 5, етир циче Цр Инбици: Debt is a camel's young – the longer you keep it, the more it grows.

Պարտքը որ Հաղարի Հասա, ճուտով փիլաւ կեր։ When your debt gets up to a thousand, eat pilaf* with chicken. [Expressing the cynicism of a lost cause]

Պարտքէն չվախեցողն Աստծուց չի վախենայ։ He who doesn't fear debt, doesn't fear God.

Uph' Stagend, Sh' que umpmend: Come with sins, don't come with debts.

Կնկան Էրիկը մարդն է, մարդու Էրիկը պարտքն է: The wife's spouse is the man, the man's spouse is his debt.

Пипире инициј, ић цре јициј: Paying debts, repenting faults. [Said about people who are late in paying their debts]

LALU [INLUMUMU], INSPIE pungpunung: After dawn, the owner will calm down. [Said about a seller's tendency to mull over an offer during the night, before agreeing next morning.]

4*wzwn.pp qwmw.nph wzpp 4p pn.wguh*: Bribing will blind the eye of the judge. *Пыртър լпс կը դыпъйші, тпсй կը մтйр, псцт կը դыпъйші, չр ппсри դші:* Debt sneaks into the house like a flea, then becomes a camel and stays.

Շան բերանը ոսկոր դցես, կը սըսկուի (լռել): Throw a bone into a dog's mouth and it shuts up. [About the efficiency of bribery]

Կաչառքը մենում էլ լոյս կը տայ։ Bribery lights up even the darkness.

4*w*₂*w*_{*n*}*p*_{*p*} *nw*_{*n*}*mybh*: Bribing will blind the eye of the bribed.

Lur mange fuzzung mare, uapen agh fum mange fuzzung mare, and agh: If you place the bribe with the right person, it's invested; if you place

it with the wrong person, it's wasted.

Чпг тыј Հшашра, Ц'алгыј штатра: You pay the bill (as a bribe), you get the deal.

Snlby nulph, phpby houph: He gave the gold, they did as they were told.

Upph ynchu fl unwug funcul nc undh flu quncu: Even to the saints you don't go without candle and incense.

Ցամաք դդալը բերանը չեն տանի։ You don't raise an empty spoon to your mouth.

Uпьц, шժши Expensive, cheap

Սուղէն աժանը չկայ։ Nothing is cheaper than the costly.

Pully goods will bring back your money.

Եժան մսի խաչուն (արդանակ) չունը չի կերել։ Even the dogs won't eat the broth of cheap meat.

Թանդ ծախողը, էժան փնտուողը, գլուխը բաց կը մնայ։ He who asks high prices and he who seeks low prices will both go bare-headed.

Աժան բեջմեզը (ռուփ) մեղրէն անուչ է։ The cheap bekmez* is sweeter than honey.

2*ph pugulup dbpfb wbnz f*: Free vinegar is sweeter than honey.

Էժան վախտը առնողի մէջը, Շանդ վախտը ծախողի մէջը խղձմտանք չկայ։ He who buys when too cheap and sells when too costly has no heart.

Էչը որ խիարի (վարունդ) դինով առնես, մէկ օր ջրի մէջ խեղդուած կը տեսնես։

If you buy a donkey for the price of a cucumber, one day you will find it drowned.

Udenti put the function of the second seco

Հարուստ չեմ, որ աժան բան առնեմ։ I am not rich enough to buy cheap things.



Ամէն բան իր տեղն ունի
Ամէն բան իր չափն ունի
Ամէն ինչ իր ընելու ձեւը ունի
Ամէն բան իր ժամանակին
Երբեմն չատ ուչ է
Անցեալն անդարձ է
Առանց պատճառի հետեւանը չկայ
Աпիбը щуте 5 одинидирова
Բնական ընխացքը դժուար է չեղել
Գէչէն գէշը կայ
Գործն իր արդիւնքով կը գնահատուի
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Гиипը Иргип <u>55</u>, пр <u>1</u>шь <u>5</u>

பிலீதில் நாயில் நிலையுமை பிலீதில் கொடுமி Everything has its place

Ц*побей hp mեղը*, *бпри hp mեղը*: A prayer in its place, a sword in its place.

Ամէն իսօսք իր տեղն ունի։ Every word has its place.

Տեղ կայ աղչելիք, տեղ կա փախչելիք։ There are places where you pray, from others you run away.

Upter how injuly neight, introduction of the sum and the moon each have their own light.

Օձն ամէն տեղ կուռ կը քալէ, իր բունը չիտակ։ The serpent goes everywhere bent, but enters his hole straight.

Ամէն բան իր չափն ունի Everything has its limit

Արջը ձագը չատ սիրելուն սիսմրտեր իսեղդեր է։ Out of love, the bear hugged its cubs to death.

Թելն որ բարակնայ, կը կտրի։ When the thread becomes thinner, it breaks.

Շատ ծիծաղը լաց կը բերէ։ Too much laughter brings tears.

Շաքարն անուչ ա, Համա ամէն օր չի ուտուի։ Sugar is sweet, but you cannot eat it everyday.

Cum *if* upph umt umt um *if* umh uppt um Do not love too much, hate can grip you; do not hate too much, love can grip you.

9-*uniund huuru fu unifu on numtu fh punut:* Even pilaf* with lamb you cannot eat everyday. **Π_L μημ, ¹**μη_L μημ: Come rarely, but dearly.

Հ*ш***р** *пшqh* (*ишqh*) *Հш***р***hbk*, *tp щштh*: If a hen lays a goose egg, she will rupture.

կատուին փախածը, երդին մարադը։ What a cat has fled is no further than the shed.

Ամէն ինչ իր ընելու ձեւը ունի There is a proper way of doing things

Ծիտն ա ծառին դտնում, ոչ Թէ ծառը ծտին։ It's the bird that finds the tree, not the tree the bird.

Դանակը կովին մօտ կը տանին, կովը դանակին մօտ չեն տանիր։ You take the knife to the cow, not the cow to the knife.

*Ubqppp******ummd***,** *uuuuupuumd***: Honey with the finger, walnuts one-by-one.**

Ամէն բան իր ժամանակին Everything in its time

Մարդս ժամանակին ա մնում, ժամանակը մարդուս չի մնում։ People depend on time, time depends on no one.

Use the second of the second second

Ծառը ժամանակին պէտք է տնկես։ The tree must be planted at the right time.

Pruppe may-may Sugg 4ngg 4gg 4ngg 4gg Slap the lavash* on the sides of the toneer* while it is hot. [Lavash* dough is rolled out and pressed against the hot walls of the toneer*.] **Чппьр ор Цпрь, Сшутпь [дый ор Сшутпь [дрьй:** In wartime – war; in peacetime – peace.

Աքլորը, որ անժամանակ կանչէ, գլուխը կը կտրեն։ If the rooster crows out of time, they slaughter it.

Կարմիր ձուն Զատկին կը սաղի։ The red eggs are for Easter.

Ժամանակն մի անդին դանձարան ա, դինը իմացողին Համար։ Time is a priceless treasure for those who know its worth.

Գառը գարնանը, ձիւնը ձմռանը։ The lamb in spring, the snow in winter.

Բանը **է***դուցուայ մնաց, իմացի*'ը` կորաւ *դնաց*: What's postponed until tomorrow is lost forever.

Վախտը գայ նէ, քարէ տանձը կը Հասուննայ։ With time, the stone-hard pear will ripen.

Էսօրուայ բանը չեն Թողայ էդուցուայ։ Don't put off today's work til tomorrow.

Սահախ սահախին սաղ չի դայ։ One hour does not match another hour.

Մինչեւ դարուն չդայ, ծառը չի ծաղկի։ Before spring, no tree will bloom.

Unity where here and the analysis of the summer, no fruit will ripen.

Ձմեռ չեկած, ձիւն չի դար։ Before winter, no snow will fall.

Орр 4пь 4ш, **ршрри 4нтр**: The day will come and the goodness with it.

Տղէն չելած, անունը Շատարեւ կը դնեն։ They call the child "Shatarev" [a male name] before birth.

டு நாட்கி மான காடி நிலையில் பிருக்கு பிரு பிருக்கு பிர

Մինչեւ գլխուս կապելը սորվեցայ, էրիկս գնաց։ By the time I learned how to tie my kerchief, my husband left me.

Քանի կար, տուն չկար, որ մեռաւ, գմբէխ չինեցին։ While alive, he had no home; when he died, they built a dome.

Եղները կորչելուց յետոյ զոմը փակեցին։ After the oxen were lost, they closed the stall-doors.

Հարսանիքից յետոյ, դափ ու զուռնա[®]: After the wedding, (there is no use for) clapping and zurna*?

Մինչեւ աղն եկաւ, մատաղը վերջացաւ։ By the time the salt arrived, the matagh* was finished.

Ufustic write for the point, the frog has gone to the great beyond.

βետ Զատկին, Հալւան էժանադին։ After Easter, the halva* is cheap. [Halva* is part of Easter's festive meals.]

Գնա մեռի՛ր, եկո՛ւր սիրեմ։ Go and die, come back and I will love you.

Անցեալն անդարձ է The past is irreversible

Մեխի (գամ) զարկած տեղը միչտ կ'երեւայ։ Where a nail was driven, there will always be a hole.

Եղած բանին «չնորՀաւո՛ր» կ'ասեն։ If something is over and done with, you say "Congratulations!" [i.e., What you cannot change, you accept.] **Եղածն եղած է**։ What happened, happened.

Անցկացածը ետ չի գայ։ The past does not come back.

Use for the server of the ser

Բաչած (նետած) քարը ետ չի դառնալ։ Once a stone is tossed, it will not return.

Uugnuhe ungenuh heeren: It's over, it's forgotten.

Առանց պատճառի հետեւանք չկայ There is no consequence without a cause

QnLph (*d*huźtL) zwup żąwputLu, żh huwóh: A dog won't bite you if you don't hit it.

Կայծից Հրդեհ կը լինի։ A spark can cause fire.

Քամի չելած, տերեւ չի չարժիր։ Without the wind, no leaf will move.

ዓ-ታին չիսիես, ձէն չի տայ։ If you don't hit a fool, he won't make noise.

ኮի՞ (ինչո՞ւ) լողամ, որ խի՞ դողամ։ Why should I swim if I am to shiver?

Սոխ ուտողի բերանը կը մրմռայ։ If you eat an onion, your mouth will burn.

Цп.*þ[d*_{*l*} *щ***у***m*_{*p*} *f* о*q mшq npdbl* Opportunities must be taken

Ֆրսանդը (առիթեր) փողով չի առնուի։ Opportunities cannot be bought.

Зшище стидо выбличити и трани и трани. Seize good fortune when it arrives.

Կատուները դուրս դնացին, մկները չուրջպար բռնեցին։ The cats are away, the mice do the roundelay.

9-Epuiling & Englishing the search of the

Թողել է բաց ղուռը, ղէմ առել փակած դռանը։ Ignoring the open door, he is forcing the locked door.

Շունը չան ետեւն ընկաւ, եղոտ Հացը կատուին մնաց։ While one dog chased another, the cat got the buttered bread.

N-E-4-mun [I-mun, Emuly (memery) Eu memery: You leave the sweet basil and eat the clover.

Дпьзр ([дпятьир) пр [дпшь, 5] авпл зр цш]: Once the bird has flown away, it will never come back.

Բնական ընխացքը դժուար է չեղել It's hard to change the natural course of things

Ջուրը իրա ճամբէն կը գտնի։ Water finds its way.

Япьри hp фпир фриф: Water knows its ditch.

Япьре щитрур Цереь уый тийр: You cannot make water flow up a wall.

Ծաղիկն իր Թփի տակին կը Թափի։ A flower falls under its own bush.

hn.ulp & fungh Emtre l'Epfeus: Incense follows the one who burns it.

Ծառ լինի° *որ քամի չդպչի*: Is there a tree that is not shaken by the wind?

Ծառն իր տակին ա չուաք անում։ A tree makes a shadow under itself.

Սերմը Հողի տակ պէտք է մնայ, որ կանաչի։ The seed must stay under the earth to sprout.

Unuture upper for a set of a

Մինչեւ չգայ վերջինը, չի յիչուի առաջինը։ Unless you see the successor, you cannot value the predecessor.

9_{*Ln*}*hnp gmh*, *nmhq gmLp lmfq lp qgbu*: When you get a headache, you forget your sore foot.

Տնիցը որ երեսս, նոր տանդ յարդը կ'իմանաս։ After you have left your home, you will you know its worth.

կ՝եր[ժաս առնանցը, կը յիչես մարանցը։ When you go to your husband's home, you'll yearn for your mother's home. *<i>Let me give you such a worry that you forget the one you have.*

Գործն իր արդիւնքով կը գնահատուի Everything is appreciated by its results

Use and the second sec

Ճուտերը աշնանը կը Հաչուեն։ They count the chicks in the fall.

կե՛ր, յետոյ զոհացիր։ Eat, and then be content.

bouge guise the first for the solution of the

Դիւրին վաստակը կայուն չէ Easy come, easy go

Քամու բերածը քամին կը տանի։ What the wind brings, the wind will carry away.

Սելաւի (ջրհեղեղ) բերածը սելաւը կը տանի։ What the flood brings, the flood will carry away.

էլի բերածը էլը կը տանի։ What was brought by the stranger, the stranger will carry away.

Ջրի բերածը ջուրն էլ կը տանի: What the water brings, the water will carry away.

Chuling under the second secon

Ունքը չինելու տեղ, աչքն էլ Հանեց։ Instead of plucking her eyebrow, she plucked out her eye.
Concluse quantification of the second secon

Ճանճն հանել իքէն, մուկը ներս ձղեցին։ While chasing the fly out, they let the mouse in.

hus subly het wie a subly het a subly het

Երեւոյնը կը յաջորդէ նախանչանին Events follow their signals

Lun opp ununning l'hphrug: You can see it in the morning if the day is to be good.

Ամպի գոռալը անձրեւի նչան է։ Rumbling in the clouds is a sign of rain.

Քամին չփչած ծովը ֆո.Թունա (փոԹորիկ) չ'ըլլար։ Without wind there will be no storm at sea.

Գարունը սոխակի [ժեւով կու գայ։ Spring comes on the wings of the nightingale.

Անձրեւ չեղած տեղը Հեղեղ չի անի։ There is no flood without rain.

Luichti 4km und qui timke q520 Good and bad come together

Unutug instant durp stars: There are no roses without thorns.

 Uhuu uuuuuun the lhuh: There is no meat without bones.

Ձուկն առանց փուչի չի լինի։ There is no fish without bones.

Ամէն չամիչ կոխ մը ունի։ Every raisin has a stem.

Յաջողու Թիւն եւ ձախորդու Թիւն եղբայր են։ Fortune and misfortune are brothers.

Ամէն դարիվեր (վերելք) ունի իր դարիվայրը։ Every uphill has a downhill.

Անսիուտ (անքերի) լուսնեակն էլ չէ։ Even the moon is not spotless.

Lunch ու պիտանին չեն կորսուիր The good and the useful do not perish

2nų (մաքուր) ոսկին ժանդ չի բռնի։ Pure gold does not rust.

Nulphi ghupi sty up nulp 5: Gold is gold even in mud.

Տաչած քարը դետնին չի մնայ։ A polished stone will not remain on the ground.

Lunch nr 4520 4npôhh 158 l'hohr ug Good and bad are seen at work

Lul hep lows mulpu l'heters, lul luple oportup: A good ox shows in the yoke, a good woman – at the cradle. **<u><u>L</u>шь 5211 рылый тың կ'ырысыз**</u> A good donkey is seen under its load.

Սեւն ու սպիտակը բաղնիսումը կ'երեւայ։ Black and white (skin) is seen in the (Turkish) bath.

Ուղտին քեանտրպազու[ժիւնը (լարախաղացու[ժիւն) մազէ կամուրջին վրայ կ՚երեւայ։

A camel's skill as a tightrope walker is seen when it crosses the hairbridge.

Որոչ բաներ չեն փոխուիր Some things do not change

էլի էն սուփրեն (սփրոց), էլի էն Հացը։ It's the same tablecloth, the same bread.

ይኒካ էካ էኒካ ա, փալանն ա փոխած։ The donkey is the same, only the saddle has changed.

էականը աննչանին քով կը մոռցուի The essential is forgotten over the insignificant

Unguing ungert, neurophi unequi un uneur: She lost her daughter; she is mourning her pearl.

by under the second se

Էչի տարտը չեմ, նալների տարտն եմ։ I don't care for the lost donkey; I care for his shoes.

9_Lnchup lumphghp</sub>, dopncphu lpu[°]j lnc luu: You cut off the head; are you crying for the beard?

Իւրաքանչիւրին իրեն եղածին Համեմատ Everybody receives according to his worth

Sulumulh Ц50рш выр. 4р. дириын: One chooses the nail according to the plank.

bphuh 450pm mumuh 4p qmphhi: They give the slap according to the face.

ζημρ φωζηηή⁵, μμθρ βωζηηή⁵: Sorrow to those who bear it, clothing to those who wear it. [God gives to people according to their disposition.]

Uumnus ump up untuli ansup up up: God sees the mountain and sets the snow.

Uumnus with umpth upph sulfium lat mag: God gives everybody according to his heart.

Umult zult, mmult zuputult: For such a dog, such a hymn.

Ան պատին ան ծեփը կը բաւէ։ For that wall, that plaster is enough.

Swqhu h[®]uş uţmp ţ nulp uwump: What is a golden comb to a bald head?

Տամարի (երակ) կէօրայ արիւն կ՝առնեն։ They take blood according to the vein.

Ապրողին ապրանը, մեռնողին պատանը։ To the living the goods, to the dead the shrouds. Ծնածին օրոցը, մեռածին ճաղը (դադաղ)։ For the newborn the cradle, for the dead the coffin.

Ուղտին զդալով չեն ջրի։ You can't give water to a camel with a spoon.

Uncpehu unofoe putend up humphu, zuup nulnpnd: They trick a saint with prayer and a dog with a bone.

Որոչ բաներ անկարելի են Some things are impossible

Անջուր ջաղացը ալուր չի աղայ։ A waterless mill will not grind flour.

Ցամքած աղբիւրից ջուր չեն ուղի։ Don't expect water from a dry well.

Գախան ծոցը պաս (պաՀք) բռնել կ'ըլլա՞յ մի։ Can you fast with a gata* in your pocket?

Unutug zutu qhq zh zh zhuh: There is no village without dogs.

Հաւկիխը իր ծայրի վրայ չի կանգնի։ An egg will not stand on its end.

Լուի մը Համար եորղանը (վերմակ) չեն այրեր։ You don't burn a blanket because of a flea.

Unlue problem Summer of the analysis of the a

Առիւծը ճանճ չի բռներ։ A lion does not catch flies. Ծակ Թաւայով ձուածեղ չի լինի։ You cannot make an omelette in a leaky pan.

Ճամբորդն անհաց չ'եղնի, հովիւն անկրակ։ No wanderer can be without food, and no shepherd without fire.

Ծակ կճուճը ջուր չի պահեր։ A leaky jar cannot hold water.

Опыт. քшитиру грипиц црб гр цпири циу: You can't draw a straight line with a crooked ruler.

Ճրադը անձէլծ չի վառի։ No oil lamp will burn without oil.

Ճրազն առանց պատրոյգի լոյս չի տայ։ No oil lamp will shed light without a wick.

U54 n5/1000/10 Ep4n2 402/1 5/101000 One cannot get two skins from one sheep.

*U***54** *pupnd upun 56 hujuhp***:** A wall cannot be built with one stone.

Q_qhu dwgphu phugphi qwpubl t'pllwp: You cannot pound your fist on the point of a pike.

Unfuh wunzp *th lhuh*: There are no sweet onions.

Uutand Sup stu dupter: You can't dig a well with a needle.

Աղուէսը հաւաբնին ղարավու՞լ (պահակ)։ Can a fox guard a chicken coop?

Գառը դիլին պահ տուին։ They entrusted the lamb to the wolf.

Որոչ բաներ անվերականդնելի են Some things are irreparable

4*nmpmb šni**bi**4pmb**5mgp**<i>fi**umpmimgi A* **broken egg and a halved loaf cannot be fixed.**

b_lшծ шұр шыл ұр үшу: An eye out of its socket cannot be put back.

Գետին լժափած եղ, էլ չի լցուի իր տեղ։ The oil, if spilled, cannot be refilled.

Uhpmp np 4mj, zn.zmj 5, np 4nmpn.hg, 51 5h umqmuuj: A heart is like glass; once broken, it cannot be fixed.

Usion of the Constant of Cons

Luind, nniemind starting *z'nnistum*: Crying and lamenting won't revive the dead.

Չարիքին պատճառը իրեն խորքին մէջ է The cause of evil lies in its depth

2*n*-*lp qfufu lp 4nmh*, *2n*-*pp ulfu lp uqmnph*: A fish starts rotting from its head; water gets muddy at its source.

Ծառը քրքէն է Հա՛մ չորանում, Հա՛մ դալարում: It's the roots that make the tree dry out or sprout.

Չնչինի ազդեցու Թիւնն ալ չնչին է The impact of the insignificant will be insignificant

Ճանձն ի՛նչ ա, որ ձենձն (կեղտ) ի՛նչ լինի։ What's a fly, to fear its filth?

Όμωμ μ΄ ὑξ ω, πμ եημ μ΄ ὑξ μիὑμ: What's a bird, to expect lard from it? Ծիտը ի՛նչ ա, որ ճուտը ի՛նչ լինի։ What's a bird, to expect a big chick?

LnLu h'uz w, np [nLh pwghu h'uz [huh: What's a flea, to fear its kick?

Ծիրանն ի՛նչ արաւ, կորիզն ի՛նչ անէ։ What did the apricot do, to expect anything from its pit?

Կարեւորը կամենալն է It's good will that counts

Łutug բան չկայ, որ մարդ ուղենայ ու չանէ: There is nothing you can't do if you want to.

4*mıîtimı 45 ni*t*e 5*: Good will is half the job.

Դրուստ (Ճիչտն) ասողին մի ձի, որ ասի ու փախչի։ He who tells the truth needs a horse to escape afterwards.

Դпгд [иоипп]h д[пг[ип] ծшц ш: He who tells the truth has a hole in his head.

Շիտակ ասողը տէր չունի։ He who tells the truth has no protection.

Մինչեւ ղորդը (ճչմարիտ) գայ, սուտը աչխարհ կ'ուտէ։ By the time the truth arrives, lies will devour the world.

Որոչ բաներ անխուսափելի են Some things are inevitable

կուժը ջրի ճամբին կը կոտրի։ The pitcher breaks on the way to the well. Խոզին ինչքան պատիւ անես, վերջը դանակն ա նրա ջանը։ However you honor a pig, its final fate is the knife.

Ynldp Ynldp Ynl

Upohen husen is the easter flux of the second seco

Գայլին բերնէն ոչիսսը չ'ազատիր։ You can't rescue a sheep from a wolf's jaws.

Հաւ լողնորդը վերջը ջրի փայ (բաժին) կ'ըլնի։ A good swimmer will finally become the sea's prey.

Пир циприб рури цирур инурр цируи 5: The last owner of a limping donkey is the wolf.

Unduò lumnch ձեռիցը մուկը չի պրծնի: A mouse cannot escape a hungry cat.

Հաղուադիւտ բաները յարդի են Rare things are valuable

Կոյրերի ԹաղաւորուԹեան մէջ մի աչքանին Թաղաւոր է։ In a blind kingdom, the one-eyed man is king.

ξ₂ *ξ***μ**μ**δ** *m***μ**η**μ** *μ*μμη**η** *ξ***μ**ημ**μ** μ**β**ο*δ ξ***μ**: Where there are no donkeys, it is no shame to carry a load to the mill on one's back.

Գեղը տղամարդ չկար, խորողի անունն էին դրել Ղարա–Մահմաղ։ For want of men in the village, they called the rooster Kara-Mahmad.

2h չեղած տեղը էչն էլ մեծ դին ունի: Where there are no horses, even the donkey is high-priced.

U₁ *ztnub duhump nzhump ltqnLu pumtfhu pumLd*: Where there is no salt, the sheep licks the rocks.

Իրերը տարբեր նպատակներու կրնան ծառայել Things can be used for different purposes

Դանակ կայ, մարդ կը մորթե, դանակ կայ, հաց կը քերթե։ Some knives cut a head, others cut bread.

Մէկ ծաղկէն օձը Թոյն կը չինէ, մեղուն՝ մեղը։ From the same flower the serpent draws poison and the bee honey.

կորածին արժէքը մեծ կ'ըլլայ Lost things are priceless

Չբռնած ձուկը մեծ կ'ըլլայ։ A fish that got away is always big.

կոտրած ամանը դին չ'ունենար։ A broken dish is priceless.

կորած մաղը պարան կը դառնայ։ A lost hair becomes a rope.

Կորած պարանը երկար կը լինի։ A lost rope is always long.

Շատը միչտ չէ, որ լաւ է More is not always better

Ohume Supple that the set of the

Ohume dumpenden of unght dugtesht, wonder apply dheaders Seven priests baptized a girl and named her Kirakos (a male name).

ξ¹ **μμηη μμηηη μμη**, **μημμη**, **μημμη**, **μημμη**, **μημμη**. In a village with too many roosters, there will be no dawn.

Մէկ տուն երկու տանտիկին ըլնի, տախտն անաւել կը մնայ։ If two women command a house, the floor will not get swept.



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Անմուրադատու սրբին խունկ ու մոմ տանող չի լինի: Nobody will bring incense or candles to an unresponsive saint.

Use the set of the analysis of the set of t

Use and the analysis of the start. Everything is difficult at the start.

Ամէն Երուսաղէմ դնացող Հաջի չ'ըլլար։ Not everybody who goes to Jerusalem becomes a Hadji*.

U₂ [*ump*{*nL*⁰ *tm* [*nL*⁶ *m*]*m*]*m*]*f*¹*utm*, *tm*² *tq*: In this world, you will be either the yoke or the ox.

Usen introducts, upping Unref: What the eye sees, the heart desires.

Առաջ փախչողին կը բռնեն։ The ones who flee are caught first. *Rwg pbpwbpwbbcwbbcwbbcw*

Բեռին տակ էչը չի զռար։ The ass does not bray when loaded.

9 *wjjp wphind & Swppnit:* The wolf gets drunk on blood.

Գայլին ինչքան չուտ սպաննես, էնքան քիչ վնաս կը քաչես: The sooner you kill the wolf, the less harm you will know.

Գղալից մինչեւ բերան չատ ճամբայ կայ: From the spoon to the mouth is a long way.

Գէչ խապարը Թէզ (չուտ) տեղ կը հասնի։ Bad news travel fast.

9.52 muluntpp, phpushhu muluntp l'ut: A bad landlord will make the tenant a landlord.

Գողը լուսնեակի [ժչնամի է։ The moon is a thief's enemy.

9-*nվեցին խանումը*, *թաջեց փոխանումը*: They praised the lady, she shat in her pants [i.e., out of joy].

? *wwwhp nuhpph t swutp:* The knife has reached the bone. [i.e., Patience has run out.]

Դատարկ տաչտին գող չի գնայ: No thief would go near an empty kneading-trough.

b_{[l}[*dw*], <u>t</u>*qw*] <u>t</u>*w*], <u>t</u>*qw*] <u>t</u>*w*]: You may leave and not come back; you may come back and not find. [People bidding farewell don't know whether they will meet again.]

Երկավ ծամելու Համար, պողպատէ ակռաներ պէտք է ունենալ։ To chew iron you need teeth of steel. **Երկինչէն է իջեր, ոտքերն ամպոտ են։** He came down from heaven; his feet are still in the clouds. [About absent-minded people.]

Հ չը Հեծեր, էչ կը փնտուէ։ While riding the ass, he is searching for the ass.

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bzp มีแกมกุ รูค เค็มค์, รุ้ามนุค์มกุ รุก นุ่ทุมค The donkey cannot become a matagh*, but its selling price can.

μυοη μίνά, ξηπεη εμη: Today (it happens) to me; tomorrow, to you.

h wdw with with the with the

Թացը չորի Հետ չեն վառի։ One should not burn the wet with the dry.

J undfu (blandbol) bu land and, pupped and the indust I am coming from church, you are doing the preaching?

hphunuu ughu, huhunuu (unumug) ծաղրիկ: What is lamented at night will be laughed at in sunlight.

*L***пьи ипшьш (пьци) Цр з huf**: He is making a camel out of a flea. **һуңп ц'пұқ, һһшпұ ш 4ьтп**: He does the favor, but the disfavor with it.

bEqq.nLuð þíu mulu ¿nLulı hulunLu ¿Elu muj: Don't speak of rope in a drowend man's house.

Խորովածը չկերանք, ծիսից քոռացանք։ We didn't eat the kebob*, but the smoke ate up our eyes.

hniule hunghu he dugt: The incense suits the cross.

T hmp gnphu mhuuhtipu mhuumdep (demhupp) mtep th qmlhu: When a bird sees the grain, it forgets the trap.

Ծովից դդալ-դդալ տանելով, ջուրը չի պակսի։ You cannot drain the sea with a spoon.

Ծովն ընկնողը անձրեւէն չի վախնար։ He who has fallen in the sea will not fear the rain.

կ ատղած չան դեղն սպանելն ա։ Killing it is the best cure for a mad dog.

Կատուի խաղը մկան մահն է։ The cat's game is the mouse's death.

4 *umnchu umphyu ti qytu, utgen qtmuhu th umuh*: Drop a cat even from the roof, her back won't touch the ground.

Unco Uning the Sty m, Support the Solution of the Solution o

Ynld zhung zunn, Ynfd qung phy: There are many who make a jug, few who put a handle on it. **Կրակի վրայ եղ չեն լցնի։** Do not pour oil on the fire.

Zuulink'u, Suulink'u – mulin mk'u: Taste it, taste it, until you waste it. [Lit.: ..., "until you see the bottom".]

Հանդիստ ջուրը, Հանդարտ դետը կը փորէ զջենարները։ Still waters and calm rivers consume the borders.

ζωξει ξηθωηση ζαιύρ, վρωύ ηωςι կρ μερξ: Dogs that don't bark will bring wolves upon them.

Հացի ԹանկուԹիւն, մահի էժանուԹիւն։ Bread is expensive, death is cheap.

ζωι<u></u> μημηδύ με μωμ: The hen runs to the grain.

Հեռանալ կայ, մոռանալ չկայ։ You can leave, but you won't forget.

Հ*եռու կшց, քшղցը կшд. пр մотեցшр, կը դшռ*ишиши: Stay afar and stay sweet; if you come close, you'll lose your sweetness.

Հորթը որ կովէն առաջ անցնի, դայլը կ'ուտէ: If the calf runs ahead of the cow, it will be devoured by the wolf.

Հори п. вор јшрңը *сришда qшешца, Цитопе јшрңи f*[®]и*с ришишу:* If a child does not honor his parents, how can he honor God?

Ձեռնոց դնող կատուն մուկ չի բռներ։ A cat that wears gloves cannot catch a mouse.

2*եп.ри рши, птри ңերեңиши:* My hands at work, my feet in the grave.

2*hp wpwgnLu &pu up npuumuu*: Only a horse can endure a horse's kick. **Ձին ձի անողը տէրն է։** It's the rider who makes the horse – a horse.

2*n***L***lp qlplpy qlpnh pnLbuhyhhyhhyhyhyhyhyhyhyhyhyh*

Δ *wuse wnhiber whwuse her of the lion and conquers him.*

Ճանճը ճենճին կը վաղէ։ A fly will fly to filth.

Ճիկար բերողը միս էլ կը բերէ: He who brings liver will bring meat as well.

Մ ահլի ոսկորը, մահլի չանը կը հասնի։ The neighborhood's bones are for the neighborhood's dogs.

Մատանիքին չեն տայ, մատին կը տան։ They don't reward the ring, they reward the finger.

Մարդ բան ունենայ անի, որ չունենայ՝ մեռնի։ One should have work to do; if not, he is better off dead.

Մարիֆախը (չնորհք) պաղարը (չուկայ) չեն ծախեր։ They don't sell talent in the marketplace.

Մասխարէն մարդ չի սպանի։ Mocking will not kill anybody.

Uhð qhuh Suulphu dhð litri: Big rivers have big passages.

Uho onder a start of the set of

Մեչան (անտառ) քիչ տանողն է պարպել։ He who took "little-by-little" emptied the forest. **Մեռելի տեղն էլ մի քիչ լէն պիտի լինի։** Even the dead need a wider space.

Մէկ աչքն մէկալին չի Հաւատար։ One eye does not trust the other.

Մէկ եմ п. բեկ եմ: I'm one, but unique.

Մի ձեռը որ չեն կարա կտրել, կը պաչեն դլիսին կը տանեն։ If they cannot cut off a hand, they kiss it and press it to their forehead.

Մի չէ-ն փրկէ ամէն չարէն։ One "no" saves you from any blow.

Մինչեւ չջանդուի, չի չինուի։ It's got to be destroyed before it is built.

Մկան Համար կատուիցը մեծ դաղան չկայ: For a mouse there is no bigger beast than a cat.

*U***пьце ра вешо быце цры**: A mouse knows the hole from whence it came.

UopmL_{pp} ζωθphp hu: They have counted the hairs of his beard. [i.e., They know his weaknesses.]

Bnjund шщрпрр, шијпји ш вեлер: He who lived in hope, died hopeless.

Սամարդի բակումը ո՛չ վարդ կը բուսնի, ո՛չ մանիչակ։ In the brute's garden, neither roses nor violets will grow.

Նեղն ընկած կատուն ասլան կը դառնայ։ A cornered cat will become a lion.

δ *ωu μωημμ μωδեμu ω*: For the dog, playing means biting. *Շանը ծովը լակելովը*, *ծովը չ'աղտոտիր*: By lapping its water, a dog will not soil the sea.

Շանը պառկած տեղը փչրանք չի լինի: Where the dog lies, there will be no crumbs.

Cnlup n's hupp h'nlmh qhunmh, be n's quarhh hp forgal ap nlmh: The dog won't eat the hay, nor will it allow the lamb to eat it.

Π'ε εμηθη μημη, πη μιπι, η'ε ημιτύ μημη, πη βεριτύ: Don't be sweet and swallowed, nor be sour and spurned.

Пр застр Ц'асцей ищитье, цинацио итали це читет When they want to kill a dog, they pronounce him mad.

N₄ **Sug Up Smull Subp. Muph Up Unit mull a functure** He who does not give his dog food will give the wolf a lamb.

Птр ңршб тեղр կр չпршишу: Wherever he steps, it dries out.

Прива странии, странии, инстрании, и

Π-*qnqh bpbubi*, *suninqh bpuniupi*. He who requests has one shame; he who refuses two shames.

Ուղտ հեծնողը կուղէ-կուղ ման չի դայ։ He who mounts a camel will not become hunch-backed.

Չախմախն էնտեղ խափ տուր, որտեղ կրակ չկայ։ Light the lighter where there is no fire.

Q*udnLpp* (*ghp*) *uunlt*', *uupuput*'*u*: Lie down in the mud and see the impression you leave. **ՉՀաւնած քարը աչք կը Հանէ։** Even a worthless stone can pierce your eye.

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Պղինձը վար ինկաւ չկոտրուեց, ձէնը վեր ելաւ։ The copper kettle didn't break when it fell, but it made a lot of noise.

Պղտոր ջուրին մէջ ձուկ բռնելը դիւրին է։ It is easy to catch fish in muddy waters.

2 *шղшցից ես եմ դшլիս, դпւ ես шլпппել*: I am coming from the mill, you are covered with flour.

Ջրէն ու քարէն չվախեցողը, Աստուծմէ ալ չի վախնար։ He who doesn't fear water and rock doesn't fear God.

Ջրի կուժը ջրի ճամբին կը կոտրի: The water jug will break on its way to the water.

hwahi pibelurg, server the setter than disgrace.

U шар сылры артыныны сыл тыр: Don't pawn a goose for a hen.

U^μ*pp* und*pp*^μ u μ^μ*p*^μ*μ*, *[*δ u^μ*p*^{*} uⁿ*pp*^m. The cream for the user, the tan* for the loser. [i.e., People get from life according to their drive.]

μμηη δίμη ημίν τη μημία τη μημή. Don't hit a running horse on the head.

Վաղող ջուրը կեղտ չի բռնէ։ Running waters don't get muddy.

Տատրակը որ բուն չինող ըլնէր, իր բունը կը չինէր։ If the turtle-dove were a nest builder, it would build its own nest. **Snlu zhung unghung nnnung un du suns**: An axe that builds a house will be left outside.

Տանը ապան, չոլումը կատու։ At home a lion, on the field a cat.

β ε_μεμ<u>μ</u> δ.μ.[θ μ<u>μ</u> δ.μ.β., μ<u>μ</u> μ<u>μ</u>μμ.β. In daytime he chews gum, at night he burns oil.

Φայ անողին փայ չմնաց։ The partitioner is left with no portion.

Φξζεμι άμπι μπμιβύτρη ζεύ ύμιμ: Never look a gift horse in the mouth.

Фп_չը մէկ-մէկ կը Հանեն։ Thorns are pulled out one-by-one.

Քшр **ируру улгр Сшилд 5**: He can squeeze water from a stone.

Рпьир епьи 4р еврр: Sleep makes you sleep.

Ο δ_μ η οδ ω, υωρη βη-μ μυθεμία ξη μεξθη: Even a snake won't hurt someone who is drinking water.

Oáh áman zh uhnnhh: You cannot love the snake's young.

Օձից էլ ղեղ են չինում։ Even from a snake they make a drug.

Ommph & Engend Lune & Anne & Bunder It's easy to gather thorns with somebody else's hands.

Опы пр <u>у</u>питу, ттрры <u>у</u><u>пит</u>: If it weren't for the day, there would be no year.

NOTES

1. *Paremiology* = from Greek, $\pi \alpha \rho o \mu i \alpha$ proverb" and $\lambda o \gamma i \alpha$ study" = "study of proverbs."

2. There exists a small number of Armenian-English proverb anthologies. The oldest of these is that of Rd. Bayan at the Armenian Monastery of S. Lazarus (1907) which includes 200 Armenian proverbs. Smaller collections, published recently in the U.S., are for the most part aimed at American-Armenian families. The most extensive bilingual collection of Armenian proverbs, accompanied by a scholarly introduction of 168 pages, was written by Dora Sakayan. It appeared under the title: *Armenian Proverbs*. *A Paremiological Study with an Anthology of 2,500 Armenian Folk Sayings Selected and Translated into English*, Delmar & New York: Caravan Books, First printing: 1994, 477 pp., Second revised printing: 1995, 525 pp.

The present edition represents the third printing of *Armenian Proverbs* by Dora Sakayan. It contains the same proverb collection as in the first two editions, but a more condensed introduction.

3. All English translations of the Armenian proverbs in this book are my own.

4. Armenian is an ancient yet vibrant language that represents its own independent branch in the Indo-European family of languages. There are six million people who speak Armenian around the world and they have been divided geographically and linguistically into two communities, the Eastern and the Western. Accordingly, as a literary language Armenian exists in two versions: East Armenian (EA) and West Armenian (WA). EA is based on the dialect of the Ararat valley and the city of Yerevan. WA originates from the Armenian dialect of Istanbul. EA is the official language of the Republic of Armenia, as well as the vernacular of Armenians living in the former Soviet Union, Iran, and India. WA is used in the greater Armenian Diaspora throughout the Middle East, Asia Minor, Europe, Australia, and the Americas. It is noteworthy that in the last few decades, many Armenians have left their homeland and settled in the West. Thus the Diaspora increasingly uses both varieties of Armenian, which makes it difficult to draw a strict distinction between East and West Armenian communities.

Differences between the two versions of Armenian manifest themselves in both grammar and vocabulary, but most significantly in the pronunciation of consonants. Both versions of Armenian uses the same alphabet, only with a different reading (see p. 232-233). Orthography also differs: While WA preserves traditional orthography as found in Grabar, the Classical Armenian, in the early years of Soviet Armenia a simplifying spelling reform was adopted for EA. In the present book, the spelling of Armenian proverbs follows the traditional orthography as used for WA.

Because of the linguistic and sociocultural division, it is often difficult for the isolated child of the Diaspora to understand and appreciate all the messages which Armenian proverbs convey. At times, EA terms and particularly regionalisms can make no sense to the West Armenian reader. The introductory study of this book (see p. ix), the commentaries in the anthology, and the glossary (p. 235) were written with these difficulties in mind.

5. Whatever the cause—modern technology, corporate and political language, streamlined verbal expression, a change in values—one cannot help but notice with regret that the use of proverbs is today in decline everywhere, and particularly on the North American continent.

6. See **Quiunuu uni Unui** Unui Unui [Ghanalanian, Aram. Collection of Proverbs.] Yerevan, Armenian Academy of Sciences Press, 1960.

7. Throughout the years, proverbs in various languages have captivated my attention. "Archaisms in German Proverbs" was the title of my master's thesis. Later, I was for a number of years intensely involved in the preparation (in collaboration with K. Aghayekian) of a German-Armenian proverb lexicon, a project which had to be abandoned on the eve of completion because of my departure from Soviet Armenia. Many years later, in 1988, the lexicon was published with two new co-authors and substantial modifications, one of which was the unfortunate stylization of the Armenian proverbs and with it the loss of all dialectisms. Another modification was the omission of my name in accordance with Soviet censorship rules, which up to 1988 deprived expatriate authors of authorship (see Aghayekian et al. *German-Armenian Proverb collection*, Yerevan:1988).

In 2001, my bilingual Armenian-German proverb collection with an introductory essay appeared in a prestigious publishing house of Germany: *Armenische Sprichwörter*. Wiesbaden: Otto Harrassowitz Verlag, 2001, 275 pp.

8. Internationally renowned expert on proverbs, Wolfgang Mieder, identifies the proverb "*It takes two to tango*" as of American coinage.

9. Note that the established encyclopedic Latin name of the fruit *apricot*, one of the most common and favorite fruits in Armenia (Armenian δp_{μ} *us tsiran*), is *Prunus armeniaca*, "Armenian plum." Although native to the Far East, the apricot has long been cultivated in Armenia, from where it was introduced into Europe and the USA.

10. This proverb found its way into Armenia via the translation of Stalin's address to the Soviet people in 1941 after the Germans' sudden attack on the Soviet Union. Promising victory, he ended his address with these words.

11. Azerbaidjanian is a Turkic language that is very close to Turkish. For centuries under Turkish rule, many Armenians spoke Turkish and were able to communicate with Azerbaidjanis.

12. If I am permitted a personal aside: as a teenager I was impressed by the fact that my paternal grandfather's letters to my father were written in Turkish but with Armenian characters. When I asked my father why this was so, he replied: "This is because of the sad history of our people."

13. In the past, there are many instances of Turkish-language texts printed

with Armenian script. Worth mentioning among them are the newspapers Manzume-i Efkâr (**4**mpðhæuten 2mpæ) [Series of Opinions] (1866-1917), Tercüman-/Efkâr (**4**mpðhæuten 6mpæuten) [Interpreter of Opinions] (1877-1884) and Ceridey-i S'arkiye (**4**mptet tentur **6**mpæuten) [Oriental Daily] (1885-1913).

14. The term "*macaronic*" originally (since the 17th century) referred to a vernacular verse or rhyme which included Latin elements. This term applies now to a native text containing elements of any other language as well.

15. Some proverbs are still circulating in their classical Armenian forms. When the importance of self-examination has to be stressed, Armenians say: $\sigma_{\mu\nu}\mu'_{P} q_{\rho}\mu_{q}$: Compare the Greek equivalent of this Platonian saying: $\Gamma\nu\omega\partial\epsilon\iota$ $\sigma\epsilon\alpha\nu\tau\omega\nu$ and the Latin one: Nosce te ipsum — "Know thyself."

16. The discussion of archaic forms, as well as historical names of people and places in Armenian proverbs would lead us beyond the scope of this introduction. In any case, proverbs with geographic names defy translation since they refer to very specific socio-cultural details, inaccessible to the foreigner. Therefore, I have kept them to a minimum in this collection.

17. *Printpr* [toneer] is a conical fire pit, built out of touf*, used in the preparation of the Armenian traditional bread *[unumical lavash**] and of other meals. Lavash* dough is rolled out and pressed against the hot walls of the toneer*. It is still found in its original form in many rural Armenian households.

18. This species of sheep with an enormous tail, descendent from wild sheep, is found throughout the desert and semi-desert areas of Asia and North Africa. They are known to endure long periods of heat and drought, as well as scarce vegetation. Most importantly, they are recognized by their immense tails, consisting entirely of fat, with a weight usually ranging from 12 to 30 kg (30 to 74 lb). *Armenian Soviet Encyclopedia*, vol. 3. 1977 (Yerevan: Armenian Academy Press, 1977).

19. Note the combination of near-rhyme and alliteration in the use of these two words: *dmak / danak*.

20. The noun $S_{f_{l'}}$ [der W / ter E] with its many equivalents in English (compare "Lord," "God," "master," "owner," "boss," etc., also metaphorically "protector," "guardian," "caretaker," "custodian," "trustee," "supporter," "beholder," etc.) is a high-frequency component in Armenian proverbs. This noun has been problematic throughout the translation of proverbs in this work.

The Armenian Alphabet (West Armenian Reading)					
Print	ed Letter	Name	Transliteration	Pronunciation	
U.	ш	ayp	[a]	as in c a r	
ß	₽.	pen	[p]	as in p aper	
<u></u>	4	kim	[k]	as in k ind	
7	ų	tah	[t]	as in t e n	
b	Ŀ	yech	[ye], [e], [y]	as in yes or there	
2	4	zah	[Z]	as in zest	
5	ţ	eh	[e]	as in or there	
L	Ľ	ət	[ə]	as in b i rd	
p	[]	toe	[t]	as in t eam	
ф	ď	zheh	[zh]	as in pleasure	
þ	þ	enee	[i]	as in b ee	
L	L	lyun	[1]	as in light	
h	Įu –	kheh	[kh]	as in as in Ba ch or J ose	
U	ծ	dzah	[dz]	as in ki ds	
4	4	gen	[g]	as in g o	
2 2	4	hoe	[h]	as in h ot	
2	á	tsah	[ts]	as in lo ts	
2	1	ghad	[gh]	as the French r	
Z	8	jeh	[j]	as in j ournal	
U	J.	men	[m]	as in m ine	
8	J	hee	[h] or [y]	as in her or in yes	
r	រ	noo	[n]	as in n ine	
3	2	shah	[§h]	as in sh ine	
N	п	voe	[vo] or [o]	as in vocal or in orbit	
2	٤	chah	[ch]	as in ch air	
9	щ	beh	[b]	as in b ear	
2	2	cheh	[ch]	as in ch air	
ſŀ	n	ra	[r]	trilled r as in R ussian	
U	и	seh	[s]	as in s ay	
4	4	vev	[V]	as in vase	
S	m	dyun	[d]	as in d oor	
ſ	ľ	reh	[r]	as in r ight	
8	I	tsoe	[ts]	as in lo ts	
h	L	hune	[v]	as in love	
φ	ų	pyur	[p]	as in p aper	
£	£	keh	[k]	as in kind	
0	0	oe	[0]	as in a ll	
த	Þ	feh	[f]	as in f ile	

The Armenian Alphabet (East Armenian Reading)

Printed Letter	r Name	Transliteration	Pronunciation
U. w	ayb	[a]	as in c ar
βµ	ben	[b]	as in b ar
9 4	gim	[g]	as in good
7 4	dah	[d]	as in d oor
b <u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	yech ^h	[ye] or [e]	as in yes or there
2 4	zah	[Z]	as in zest
\$ 5	eh	[e]	as in or there
L Ľ	əth	[ə]	as in b i rd
p jā	t⁵oe	[t ^b]	aspirated as in team
d d	zheh	[zh]	as in pleasure
h h	enee	[i]	as in bee
Li	lyun	[1]	as in light
h h	kheh	[kh]	as in Ba ch or J ose
7 8	tsah	[ts]	a plosive ts ki ds
4 4	ken	[k]	a plosive k as in sto ck
2 4 2 á	hoe	[h]	as in h ot
Q &	dzah	[dʒ]	as in od ds
2 7	ghat	[<u>g</u> h]	as the French r
2 6	jeh	[ch]	as in Mine
1/ 1/	men	[m]	as in m ine
8 1	hee	[y]	as in yes
2 2	noo	[n]	as in n ine
5 ¿	shah	[§h]	as in sh ine
<u> </u>	voe	[vo] or [o]	as in vocal or in orbit
2 2	ch⁵ah	[ch ^h]	aspirated as in chair
9 щ	peh	[p]	a plosive p as in co pp er
22	jeh	[j]	as in j ournal
<i>ſ</i> ŀ <i>r</i> L	rah	[ŕ]	trilled rrr as in Russian
U u	seh	[s]	as in s ay
4 4	vev	[v]	as in vase
S un	tyun	[d]	a plosive t as in rotten
P p	reh	[r]	a liquid r as in right
8 y	ţs⁵oe	[ts ^h]	aspirated as in lots
	00	[u]	as in tool
ф _и р	p ^h yur	[p ^h]	aspirated as in paper
₽ ₽	k ^h eh	[kʰ]	aspirated as in kind
0 0	0e fab	[0]	as in a ll
\$ \$	feh	[f]	as in file

Glossary

(*W*= West Armenian, *E* = East Armenian)

Agha: originally a title of honor in Turkey; also a form of polite address; in colloquial Armenian, used for "master," "boss," "gentleman" aror: ancient predecessor of the HILF [goutan E / koutan W], a plough made mostly from wood Ayb E / Ayp W: name of the first letter in the Armenian alphabet bakht E / pakht W: "fate," "destiny," "luck" bantoukhd see pandoukht bekmez E / pekmez W: grape juice condensed to a thick sirup, similar to honey *boulgour*: processed wheat (boiled, dried, and cracked) cheer: dried fruit: mostly raisins, dried apricots, peaches, and prunes dadiig see tachik dakr see tagr dal see tal dev E / tev W: an imaginary figure in Armenian folk belief: a giant demon who lives in the mountains far away from people and behaves like a brigand *dmak E / tmag W*: the tail of a species of sheep commonly found in Armenia; the dmak E / tmag W is very large and consists entirely of fat dolma see tolma dzavar E / tsavar W: the Armenian equivalent of boulgour (q.v.) *florin*(*s*): ancient gold coin(s) gata E / kata W: short pastry with a sweet filling made of butter, sugar, and flour

gharib E / gharip W: Armenian expatriate who was forced by financial hardship and/or political strife to leave the homeland and live abroad

grogh: Angel of death

Hadji: title given to a person after a pilgrimage to Jerusalem

halva: Oriental dessert prepared from tahini (sesame seed paste), sugar or honey, and possibly nuts

harissa: a festive meal consisting of well-cooked meat (lamb or poultry) blended into a porridge of boiled wheat. It is served with melted butter.

ishkhan: the trout of Sevan Lake, known as the prince of trout, hence its name *ishkhan* "prince"; its special taste is attributed to the very cold water of Lake Sevan (2,000 meters above sea level) and to minerals from mountain springs

kachk: in Armenian mythology, an evil male ghost of human origin who tortures humans and animals at every opportunity

kamancha: Armenian string instrument, also found in Transcaucasia, Iran and other neighboring countries

kebob: grilled chunks of ground meat

kenakal E / kenegal W: a brother-in-law, the husband of a keni (q.v.)

keni: a sister-in-law, the wife's sister

khash: hearty soup prepared from cow hooves and/or tripe; also called *pacha* (q.v.) *khavits E / khavidz W*: an Armenian dessert-porridge consisting of fried flour, butter, sugar, and water or milk

khorovats E / khorovadz W: grilled meat, usually lamb

kismet: "share of luck"

korkot E / gorgod W: cracked wheat

lavash (hats): a long, very thin oval-shaped wheat bread baked normally in a *toneer* (q.v.)

maj: the helm of the *aror* (q.v.)

matagh E / madagh W: a sacrifice promised to God or saints in return for the fulfillment of a wish; also an offering to commemorate deceased relatives

matsoun E / madzoun W: Armenian variety of yogurt

ner: a sister-in-law, the wife of a *tagr* E / *dakr* W (q.v.)

odjakh: traditional fireplace or hearth; symbolizes the home, the household, the family, or generation

pacha: Turkish word for khash (q.v.)

pakht see bakht

pandoukht E / bantoukhd W see gharib E / gharip W

panir E / banir W: the most basic white cheese, similar to feta cheese *papa*: porridge-like soup consisting of cracked grain and milk or yogurt *piaster*: ancient monetary unit

pilaf or plaf: rice cooked with water, salt and butter and/or broth

pout: weight unit (16 kg.)

samovar: Russian-made teaboiler

sanahayr: the father of their godchild; used by godparents

sanamayr: the mother of their godchild; used by godparents

saz: Armenian string instrument, also found in the Near East; known for its serene and subdued sound

Sultan: an Islamic sovereign, used in proverbs to indicate wealth and power **tachik** E / dadjig W: a name for the Persian, Arab, Turkish, or other foreign exploiter

tagr E / dakr W: brother-in-law, the husband's brother

tal E / dal W: sister-in-law, the husband's sister

tan: a common drink or cold soup consisting of water and yogurt

tmag see dmak

toneer: conical fire pit built from *touf* (q.v.); used in baking *lavash* bread (q.v.) and meat dishes; typically found in rural Armenian households

Vezir: the next in rank after the Sultan (q.v.) in an Islamic government

vishap: figure in Armenian mythology, often portrayed as a dragon or a giant serpent

Zatik E / Zadig W: Easter

zhazhik: 1. drained yogurt or cottage cheese; 2. yogurt mixed with cucumber *zouŕna*: Armenian wind instrument, known for its shrill and penetrating sound.

DORA SAKAYAN

ARMENIAN PROVERBS IN ENGLISH TRANSLATION

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Հեղինակը հաստատում է, որ ծանոթ է «ԵՊՀ գրահրատարակչական քաղաքականությանը», և գրքում առկա փաստերը, դիրքորոշումները, կարծիքները շարադրված են հեղինակային իրավունքի և էթիկայի միջազգայնորեն ընդունված սկզբունքների պահպանմամբ։

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